## **1 MASTER- Caractérisation des Semi-conducteurs**

## **TD 05 : DLTS Technique**

# **Exo 01**

Proof the following equations related to the deep level transient spectroscopy DLTS theory:

**1.**

$$
n_T(t) = N_T e^{-\epsilon_n t}
$$

**2.**

$$
e_n(T) = K_n T^2 \sigma_n e^{-\frac{B_C - B_T}{kT}} \qquad K_{n(p)} = \frac{2(2\pi)^{3/2} 3^{1/2} m_{n(p)}^* k^2}{h^3}.
$$

**3.**

$$
C(t) = C(\infty)[1 - \frac{N_T}{2N_D}e^{-t/\tau}]
$$
, with  $1/\tau = \epsilon_n(T)$ 

**4.**

$$
\tau_{max}=\frac{t_2-t_1}{ln(t_2/t_1)}.
$$

**5.** 

$$
ln(\tau_{max}T^2) = -ln(K_n\sigma_n) + \frac{E_C - E_T}{1000k} \frac{1000}{T}.
$$

**6.** 

$$
N_T = \frac{C_{d/peak}}{C(\infty)} \frac{2N_D}{e^{-t_2/\tau_{max}} - e^{-t_1/\tau_{max}}}
$$

## **Exo 02**

The deep-level transient spectroscopy (DLTS) curve in Figure 1 was obtained by the boxcar method on a Schottky barrier diode on an *n*-type Si substrate for  $t_1 = 0.5$  ms,  $t_2 = 1$  ms.



Other curves gave:



Determine  $\Delta E = E_C - E_T$ ,  $N_T$  and the intercept  $\sigma_n$  for both peaks.  $C_0 = 5 \times 10^{-12}F$ ,  $N_D = 10^{15}$  cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\gamma_n = 1.07 \times 10^{21}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-2</sup>.

#### **Exo 03**

The Arrhenius plot of a deep-level impurity in Si is shown in Figure 2. Determine *E<sup>c</sup>* − *E<sup>T</sup>* and  $\sigma_n$ . Use  $\gamma_n = 1.07 \times 10^{21}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>K<sup>-1</sup>,  $k_B = 8, .617 \times 10^{-5}$  eV/K.



#### **Exo 04**

The deep-level transient spectroscopy data in Figure 3 were obtained by the boxcar method on a Schottky barrier diode on a  $p$ -type Si substrate. The diode area is  $0.02 \text{ cm}^2$  and the diode bias voltage was varied from zero to reverse bias voltage of 5*V* during the measurement. *Ks* = 11.7*,*  $\gamma_p = 1.78 \times 10^{21} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{K}^{-2}$ ,  $N_A = 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ ,  $V_{bi} = 0.87 \text{ V}$ . Determine  $E_T - E_V$ ,  $N_T$ , and the intercept  $\sigma_p$  for each of the impurities.

