ADVANCING VOCABULARY SKILLS THIRD EDITION

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Preface

The problem is all too familiar: students just don't know enough words. Reading, writing, and content teachers agree that many students' vocabularies are inadequate for the demands of courses. Weak vocabularies limit students' understanding of what they read and the clarity and depth of what they write.

The purpose of Advancing Vocabulary Skills and the other books in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is to provide a solid, workable answer to the vocabulary, problem. In the course of 30 chapters, Advancing Vocabulary Skills teaches 260 important words and 40 common word parts. Here are the book's distinctive features:

- 1 An intensive words-in-context approach. Studies show that students learn words best by reading them repeatedly in different contexts, not through rote memorization. The book gives students an intensive in-context experience by presenting each word in six different contexts. Each chapter takes students through a productive sequence of steps:
 - Students infer the meaning of each word by considering two sentences in which it appears and then choosing from multiple-choice options.
 - On the basis of their inferences, students identify each word's meaning in a matching test. They are then in a solid position to deepen their knowledge of a word.
 - Finally, they strengthen their understanding of a word by applying it three times: in two sentence practices and in a selection practice.

Each encounter with a word brings it closer to becoming part of the student's permanent word bank.

- 2 Abundant practice. Along with extensive practice in each chapter, there are a crossword puzzle and a set of unit tests at the end of every six-chapter unit. The puzzle and tests reinforce students' knowledge of the words in each chapter. In addition, most chapters reuse several words from earlier chapters (such repeated words are marked with small circles), allowing for more reinforcement. Last, there are supplementary tests in the *Test Bank* and the computer software that accompany the book. All this practice means that students learn in the surest possible way: by working closely and repeatedly with each word.
- 3 Controlled feedback. The opening activity in each chapter gives students three multiple-choice options to help them decide on the meaning of a given word. The multiple-choice options also help students to complete the matching test that is the second activity of each chapter. A limited answer key at the back of the book then provides answers for the third activity in the chapter. All these features enable students to take an active role in their own learning.

- 4 Focus on essential words. A good deal of time and research went into selecting the 260 words and 40 word parts featured in the book. Word frequency lists were consulted, along with lists in a wide range of vocabulary books. In addition, the authors and editors each prepared their own lists. A computer was used to help in the consolidation of the many word lists. A long process of group discussion then led to final decisions about the words and word parts that would be most helpful for students on a basic reading level.
- 5 Appealing content. Dull practice materials work against learning. On the other hand, meaningful, lively, and at times even funny sentences and selections can spark students' attention and thus enhance their grasp of the material. For this reason, a great deal of effort was put into creating sentences and selections with both widespread appeal and solid context support. We have tried throughout to make the practice materials truly enjoyable for teachers and students alike. Look, for example, at the selection on page 27 that closes the fifth chapter of this book.
- 6 Clear format. The book has been designed so that its very format contributes to the learning process. Each chapter consists of two two-page spreads. In the first two-page spread (the first such spread is on pages 8-9), students can easily refer to all ten words in context while working on the matching test, which provides a clear meaning for each word. In the second two-page spread, students can refer to a box that shows all ten words while they work through the fill-in activities on these pages.

7 Supplementary materials.

- a A convenient *Instructor's Edition* is available at no charge to instructors using the book. It is identical to the student book except that it contains answers to all of the activities and tests.
- b A combined *Instructor's Manual and Test Bank* is also offered at no charge to instructors who have adopted the book. This booklet contains a general vocabulary placement test as well as a pretest and a posttest for the book and for each of the five units in the text. It also includes teaching guidelines, suggested syllabi, an answer key, and an additional mastery test for each chapter as well as an additional mastery test for each unit.
- Interactive computer software also accompanies the book. Free to adopters of 20 or more copies, this software—in both Windows and Macintosh format—provides two additional tests for each vocabulary chapter in the book. The tests include a number of user- and instructor-friendly features: brief explanations of answers (thus the software teaches as well as tests), a sound option, mouse support, icons, color, dialog balloons, frequent mention of the user's first name, a running score at the bottom of the screen, a record-keeping file, and actual, audible pronunciations of each word. Students can access their scores at any time; instructors can access student scores by selecting Administrator mode and entering the appropriate password.

Probably in no other area of reading instruction is the computer more useful than in reinforcing vocabulary. The Townsend Press vocabulary software takes full advantage of the computer's unique capabilities and motivational appeal. Here's how the program works:

- Students are tested on the ten words in a chapter, with each word in a sentence context different from any in the book itself.
- After students answer each question, they receive immediate feedback: The computer indicates if a student is right or wrong and why, frequently using the student's first name and providing a running score.
- When the test is over, the computer supplies a test score and—this especially is what is unique about this program—a chance to take the test a second time. Students then receive a separate score for the retest. The value of this approach is that the computer gives students immediate added practice in words they need to review.
- In addition, the computer offers a second, more challenging "Definitions" test in which students must identify the meanings of the chapter words without benefit of context. This test is a final check that students have really learned the words. And, again, there is the option of a retest.

By the end of this program, students' knowledge of each word in the chapter will have been carefully reinforced. And this reinforcement will be the more effective for having occurred in an electronic medium that especially engages today's students.

To obtain a copy of any of the above materials, instructors who have adopted the book may write to the Reading Editor, Townsend Press, 1038 Industrial Drive, West Berlin, NJ 08091. Alternatively, instructors may call our toll-free number: 1-800-772-6410; send a fax toll-free to 1-800-225-8894, or e-mail our Customer Service department at <townsendcs@aol.com>.

- 8 Realistic pricing. As with the previous editions, the goal has been to offer the highest possible quality at the best possible price. While Advancing Vocabulary Skills is comprehensive enough to serve as a primary text, its modest price also makes it an inexpensive supplement.
- 9 One in a sequence of books. The most fundamental book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is Vocabulary Basics. It is followed by Groundwork for a Better Vocabulary (a slightly more advanced basic text) and then by the three main books in the series: Building Vocabulary Skills (also a basic text), Improving Vocabulary Skills (an intermediate text), and Advancing Vocabulary Skills (a more advanced text). The most advanced book in the Townsend Press vocabulary series is Advanced Word Power. There are also short versions of the Building, Improving, and Advancing books. Suggested grade levels for the books are included in the Instructor's Manual. Together, the books can help create a vocabulary foundation that will make any student a better reader, writer, and thinker.

NOTES ON THE THIRD EDITION

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A number of changes have been made in the third edition of Advancing Vocabulary Skills:

- Material on how to solve word analogies has been added to the introduction, and a new unit test
 consisting of twenty word analogies has been prepared for each unit in the book. These tests
 provide practice in a format widely used in standardized tests.
- The remaining unit tests have been extensively revised, and a new multiple-choice section, using the words in realistic situations, has been added to Test 1 throughout.
- A new section, "Topics for Discussion and Writing," provides six high-interest items for each of the
 vocabulary chapters. Each item uses one or more of the vocabulary words in the chapter in a brief
 scenario suitable for class or small-group discussion, writing, or both.
- Finally, a number of practice items throughout the book Lave been revised or updated to ensure that each item works as clearly and effectively with students as possible.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We are grateful for the enthusiastic comments provided by users of the Townsend Press vocabulary books over the life of the first and second editions. We appreciate as well the additional material provided by Beth Johnson, Susan Gamer, and Eleanor Tauber; the editing work of Eliza Comodromos; the proofreading work of Barbara Solot; and, especially, the organizational, design, and editing skills of the indefatigable Janet M. Goldstein.

Sherrie L. Nist Carole Mohr

Introduction

WHY VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT COUNTS

You have probably often heard it said, "Building vocabulary is important." Maybe you've politely nodded in agreement and then forgotten the matter. But it would be fair for you to ask, "Why is vocabulary development important? Provide some evidence." Here are four compelling kinds of evidence.

- 1 Common sense tells you what many research studies have shown as well: vocabulary is a basic part of reading comprehension. Simply put, if you don't know enough words, you are going to have trouble understanding what you read. An occasional word may not stop you, but if there are too many words you don't know, comprehension will suffer. The content of textbooks is often challenge enough; you don't want to work as well on understanding the words that express that content.
- 2 Vocabulary is a major part of almost every standardized test, including reading achievement tests, college entrance exams, and armed forces and vocational placement tests. Test developers know that vocabulary is a key measure of both one's learning and one's ability to learn. It is for this reason that they include a separate vocabulary section as well as a reading comprehension section. The more words you know, then, the better you are likely to do on such important tests.
- 3 Studies have indicated that students with strong vocabularies are more successful in school. And one widely known study found that a good vocabulary, more than any other factor, was common to people enjoying successful careers in life. Words are in fact the tools not just of better reading, but of better writing, speaking, listening, and thinking as well. The more words you have at your command, the more effective your communication can be, and the more influence you can have on the people around you.
- 4 In today's world, a good vocabulary counts more than ever. Far fewer people work on farms or in factories. Far more are in jobs that provide services or process information. More than ever, words are the tools of our trade: words we use in reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Furthermore, experts say that workers of tomorrow will be called on to change jobs and learn new skills at an ever-increasing pace. The keys to survival and success will be the abilities to communicate skillfully and learn quickly. A solid vocabulary is essential for both of these skills.

Clearly, the evidence is overwhelming that building vocabulary is crucial. The question then becomes, "What is the best way of going about it?"

WORDS IN CONTEXT: THE KEY TO VOCABULARY DEVELOPMENT

Memorizing lists of words is a traditional method of vocabulary development. However, a person is likely to forget such memorized lists quickly. Studies show that to master a word (or a word part), you must see and use it in various contexts. By working actively and repeatedly with a word, you greatly increase the chance of really learning it.

The following activity will make clear how this book is organized and how it uses a words-in-context approach. Answer the questions or fill in the missing words in the spaces provided.

Inside Front Cover and Contents	
Turn to the inside front cover.	
The inside front cover provides a vocabulary words in the book.	that will help you pronounce all the
Now turn to the table of contents on pages v-vi.	
How many chapters are in the book?	
 Most chapters present vocabulary words. How many chapter 	rs present word parts?
· Four sections follow the last chapter. The first of these section	ons provides a limited answer key, the second
gives helpful information on using	, the third contains
and the fourth is an index of t	the 260 words and 40 word parts in the book.
Vocabulary Chapters	
Turn to Chapter 1 on pages 8-11. This chapter, like all the other	
• The first part of the chapter, on pages 8–9, is titled	***************************************
The left-hand column lists the ten words. Under each bol	
(in parentheses). For example, the pronunciation of detriment to pronunciation, see the inside front cover as well as "Dictional Below the pronunciation guide for each word is its pa	ary Use" on page 181.
Nouns are words used to name something—a person, plathoyfriend, city, hat, and truth. Adjectives are words that dest former boyfriend, large city, red hat, whole truth. All of the visort. They tell what someone or something is doing. Common imagine. To the right of each word are two sentences that will sentence, the context—the words surrounding the boldfaced out the definition. There are four common types of context clugeneral sense of the sentence. Each is briefly described below.	ace, thing, or idea. Familiar nouns include scribe nouns, as in the following word pairs: werbs in this book express an action of some on verbs include sing, separate, support, and help you understand its meaning. In each word—provides clues you can use to figure
1 Examples	
A sentence may include examples that reveal what an look at the following sentence from Chapter 1 for the v	
The judge was scrupulous about never acceptin influence his decisions.	g a bribe or allowing a personal threat to
	en e

			III	Oddollori
	The sentence provides two exaccepted a bribe. The second decisions. What do these two what scrupulous means. Look the letter of the one you feel is	d is that the judge did examples have in comm at the answer choices be	not allow personal threat on? The answer to that que	ats to influence his uestion will tell you
	Scrupulous means	a. ethical.	b. economical.	c. unjust.
	Both of the examples given in if you wrote a, you chose the		judge tell us that he is he	onest, or ethical. So
2	Synonyms			
	Synonyms are words that me words joyful, happy, and delig serve as context clues by provide below from Chapter 2 provide	g <i>hted</i> are synonyms—the viding the meaning of ar	ey all mean about the sar I unknown word that is n	ne thing. Synonym
	When Sarah and I were ask difficult to work together.	ked to collaborate on an	article for the school nev	vspaper, we found
	Instead of using collaborate of Find that synonym, and then of	twice, the author used a choose the letter of the co	synonym in the second porrect answer from the ch	part of the sentence oices below.
	Collaborate means	a. to compete.	b. to stop work.	c. to team up
	The author uses two terms to together. Therefore, collaborative written, "Sarah and I we up, the correct answer is c.	ate must be another way	of saying work together	r. (The author coul
3	Antonyms			
	Antonyms are words with opposite and rest. Antonyms serve as of For instance, the sentence below	context clues by providing	g the opposite meaning of	of an unknown word
	My gregarious brother lov	es parties, but my shy si	ster prefers to be alone.	;
	The author is contrasting the gregarious and shy have opposite of the answer that you to	osite, or contrasting, mea	nings. Using that contras	we can assume that as a clue, write the
	Gregarious means	a attractive	b. outgoing.	c. humorous.

4 General Sense of the Sentence

Even when there is no example, synonym, or antonym clue in a sentence, you can still deduce the meaning of an unfamiliar word. For example, look at the sentence from Chapter 1 for the word detriment.

The correct answer is b. Because gregarious is the opposite of shy, it must mean "outgoing."

Smoking is a detriment to your health. It's estimated that each cigarette you smoke will shorten your life by one and a half minutes.

After studying the context carefully, you should be able to figure out the connection between smoking and health. That will be the meaning of detriment. Write the letter of your choice.

___ Detriment means

a. an aid.

b. a discovery.

c. a disadvantage.

Since the sentence says that each cigarette will shorten the smoker's life by one and a half minutes, it is logical to conclude that smoking has a bad effect on health. Thus answer c is correct.

By looking closely at the pair of sentences provided for each word, as well as the answer choices, you should be able to decide on the meaning of a word. As you figure out each meaning, you are working actively with the word. You are creating the groundwork you need to understand and to remember the word. Getting involved with the word and developing a feel for it, based upon its use in context, is the key to word mastery.

It is with good reason, then,	that the directions at the top of page 8 tell you to use the context to figure
out each word's	Doing so deepens your sense of the word and prepares you
for the next activity.	

• The second part of the chapter, on page 9, is titled _____

According to research, it is not enough to see a word in context. At a certain point, it is helpful as well to see the meaning of a word. The matching test provides that meaning, but it also makes you look for and think about that meaning. In other words, it continues the active learning that is your surest route to learning and remembering a word.

Note the caution that follows the test. Do not proceed any further until you are sure that you know the correct meaning of each word as used in context.

Keep in mind that a word may have more than one meaning. In fact, some words have quite a few meanings. (If you doubt it, try looking up in a dictionary, for example, the word *make* or *draw*.) In this book, you will focus on one common meaning for each vocabulary word. However, many of the words have additional meanings. For example, in Chapter 13, you will learn that *inclusive* means "including much or everything," as in the sentence "The newspaper's coverage of the trial was inclusive." If you then look up *inclusive* in the dictionary, you will discover that it has another meaning—"including the stated limits," as in "The weekend auto show takes place from Friday through Monday inclusive." After you learn one common meaning of a word, you will find yourself gradually learning its other meanings in the course of your school and personal reading.

٠	The third	part (of the cl	hapter.	on pa	age 10), is tit	led			

Here are ten sentences that give you an opportunity to apply your understanding of the ten words. After inserting the words, check your answers in the limited key at the back of the book. Be sure to use the answer key as a learning tool only. Doing so will help you to master the words and to prepare for the last two activities and the unit tests, for which answers are not provided.

•	The fourth and fifth parts of the chapter, on pages 10-11, are titled	1
	and	

Each practice tests you on all ten words, giving you two more chances to deepen your mastery. In the fifth part, you have the context of an entire passage in which you can practice applying the words.

At the bottom of the last page of this chapter is a box where you can enter your score for the final two checks. These scores should also be entered into the vocabulary performance chart located on the inside back page of the book. To get your score, take 10% off for each item wrong. For example, 0 wrong = 100%. 1 wrong = 90%, 2 wrong = 80%, 3 wrong = 70%, 4 wrong = 60%, and so on.

Word Parts Chapters

Word parts are building blocks used in many English words. Learning word parts can help you to spell and pronounce words, unlock the meanings of unfamiliar words, and remember new words.

This book covers forty word parts—prefixes, suffixes, and roots. **Prefixes** are word parts that are put at the beginning of words. When written separately, a prefix is followed by a hyphen to show that something follows it. For example, the prefix *extra* is written like this: *extra*. One common meaning of *extra*- is "beyond," as in the words *extracurricular* and *extrasensory*.

Suffixes are word parts that are added to the end of words. To show that something always comes before a suffix, a hyphen is placed at the beginning. For instance, the suffix *cide* is written like this: -*cide*. A common meaning of -*cide* is "killing," as in the words homicide and genocide.

Finally, roots are word parts that carry the basic meaning of a word. Roots cannot be used alone. To make a complete word, a root must be combined with at least one other word part. Roots are written without hyphens. One common root is *dorm*, which means "sleep," as in the words *dormant* and *dormitory*.

Each of the four chapters on word parts follows the same sequence as the chapters on vocabulary do. Keep the following guidelines in mind as well. To find the meaning of a word part, you should do two things.

1 First decide on the meaning of each **boldfaced** word in "Ten Word Parts in Context." If you don't know a meaning, use context clues to find it. For example, consider the two sentences and the answer options for the word part *ante-* or *anti-* in Chapter 6. Write the letter of your choice.

Before you enter Mel's living room, you pass through a small anteroom, where guests can leave their coats.

A clever saying warns us not to anticipate trouble before it happens: "Worrying casts tomorrow's clouds over today's sunshine."

____ The word part ante- or anti- means

a. after.

b. free.

c. before.

You can conclude that if the anteroom is before the living room, *anteroom* means "room before." You can also determine that *anticipate* means "to think about beforehand."

2 Then decide on the meaning each pair of boldfaced words has in common. This will also be the meaning of the word part they share. In the case of the two sentences above, both words include the idea of something coming before something else. Thus ante- or anti- must mean ______.

You now know, in a nutshell, how to proceed with the words in each chapter. Make sure that you do each page very carefully. Remember that as you work through the activities, you are learning the words.

How many times in all will you use each word? If you look, you'll see that each chapter gives you the opportunity to work with each word six times. Each "impression" adds to the likelihood that the word will become part of your active vocabulary. You will have further opportunities to use the word in the crossword-puzzle and unit tests that end each unit and on the computer disks that are available with the book.

In addition, many of the words are repeated in context in later chapters of the book. Such repeated words are marked with small circles. For example, which words from Chapter 1 are repeated in the Final Check on page 15 of Chapter 2?

Analogies

This book also offers practice in word analogies, yet another way to deepen your understanding of words. An analogy is a similarity between two things that are otherwise different. Doing an analogy question is a two-step process. First you have to figure out the relationship in a pair of words. Those words are written like this:

LEAF: TREE

What is the relationship between the two words above? The answer can be stated like this: A leaf is a part of a tree.

Next, you must look for a similar relationship in a second pair of words. Here is how a complete analogy question looks:

LEAF: TREE::

a. pond : riverc. page : book

b. foot: shoe

d. beach: sky

And here is how the question	can be read:
LEAF is to TREE as	
a. pond is to river.c. page is to book.	b. foot is to shoe.d. beach is to sky.
first one. Check your answer by between <i>leaf</i> and <i>tree</i> : A is p The correct answer is c. Just pond is not part of a river, nor is a We can state the complete a	have to decide which of the four choices has a relationship similar to the eeing if it fits in the same wording as you used to show the relationship rt of a Which answer do you choose? as a leaf is part of a tree, a page is part of a book. On the other hand, a foot part of a shoe, nor is a beach part of the sky. alogy this way: Leaf is to tree as page is to book. tion to try. Begin by figuring out the relationship between the first two b. infant: baby d. boss: worker
Coward and hero are opposite tyla similar relationship. When you chose can be compared in the san	es of people. So you need to look at the other four pairs to see which has think you have found the answer, check to see that the two words you e way as <i>coward</i> and <i>hero</i> : and are opposite types of people. wer is d; hoss and worker are opposite kinds of people. (In other words,
	e are basically two steps to doing analogy items:
 Find out the relationship Find the answer that exp 	of the first two words. esses the same type of relationship as the first two words have.
	question on your own. Write the letter of the answer you choose in the
SWING : BAT ::	•
a. drive : car c. catch : bat	b. run: broom d. fly: butterfly
If you chose answer a , you were i	ght. Swing is what we do with a bat, and drive is what we do with a car.
SINIAL TRUCKION	

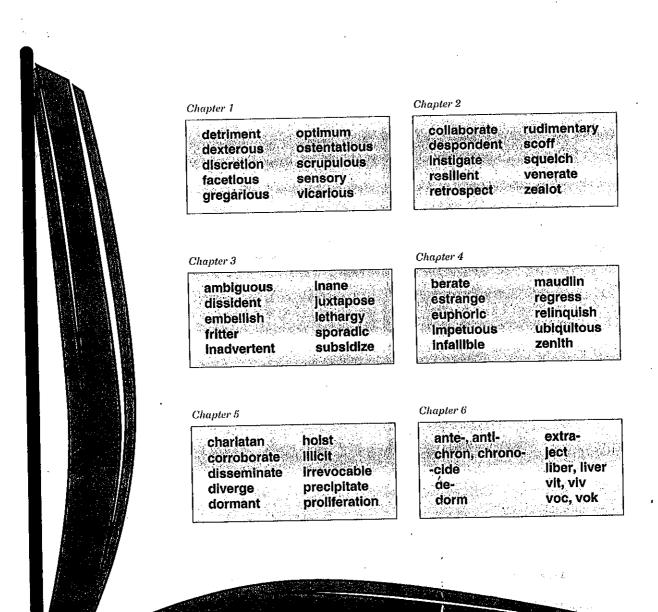
A FINAL THOUGHT

The facts are in. A strong vocabulary is a source of power. Words can make you a better reader, writer, speaker, thinker, and learner. They can dramatically increase your chances of success in school and in your job.

But words will not come automatically. They must be learned in a program of regular study. If you commit yourself to learning words, and you work actively and honestly with the chapters in this book, you will not only enrich your vocabulary—you will enrich your life as well.

.

Unit One





dexterous discretion facetious gregarious ostentatious scrupulous sensory vicarious

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 detriment (dĕ trə-mənt) -noun	• Smoking is a deta	may be a detriment when she riment to your health. It's esting your life by one and a half mi	mated that each cigarette you
Detriment means	a. an aid.	b. a discovery.	c. a disadvantage.
2 dexterous (děks tər-əs) -adjective	once.	o dexterous that he managed to the control of the c	
Dexterous means	a. skilled.	b. educated.	c. awkward.
3 discretion (dĭ-skrĕsh'ən)	 Ali wasn't using r an hour. 	nuch discretion when he passe	ed a police car at eighty miles
-noun		aven't yet developed discret den will you be dead, Grandpa?	
Discretion means	a. skill.	b. good sense.	c. courage.
4 facetious (fə-sē'shəs)	• Dr. Segura has a : Which way did yo	facetious sign on his office do u come in?"	oor: "I'd like to help you out.
-adjective	 My boss always sa hope she's just bei 	nys, "You don't have to be crazing facetious.	y to work here, but it helps." I
Facetious means	a. serious.	b. dishonest.	c. funny.
5 gregarious (grĭ-gâr'ē-əs)	 Melissa is so greshe's studying. 	garious that she wants to be	with other people even when
-adjective	 My gregarious br 	other loves parties, but my shy	sister prefers to be alone.
Gregarious means	a. attractive.	b. outgoing,	c. humorous.
6 optimum (ŏp*tə-məm)	• The road was so id an hour.	cy that the optimum driving sp	need was only about ten miles
-adjective	•	eler, optimum hotel accommo and efficient room service.	dations include a quiet room,
Optimum means	a. ideal.	b. hopeful.	c. questionable.

7 ostentatious (ŏs'tən-tā'shəs)	 My show-off aunt has so heavy she can hard 	some ostentatious jewelry,	such as a gold bracelet that's
-adjective	. The labby of that hote	el is ostentatious, with fancy The guest rooms upstairs, he	y furniture, thick rugs, and tall owever, are extremely plain.
Ostentatious means	a. humble.	b. showy.	c. clean.
8 scrupulous (skroo'pyə-ləs)	personal threat to infl	uence his decisions.	pting a bribe or allowing a
-adjective	The senator promises	d to run a scrupulous camp ponent's personal life.	paign, but her ads were filled
Scrupulous means	a. ethical.	b. economical.	c. unjust.
9 sensory (sĕn'sə-rē) -adjective	influenced by what v	ve smell. Jon tank has almost no se n	sory stimulation. The tank is n water at body temperature,
	unable to see or hear	and scarcely able to feel an	ything.
Sensory means	a. of the senses.	b. social.	c. intellectual.
10 vicarious (vī-kâr'ē-əs)	death-defying adven	tures in a movie.	e vicarious thrill of watching
-adjective	• If you can't afford	to travel, reading guidebooning in foreign countries.	oks can give you a vicarious
Vicarious means	a. thorough.	b. indirect.	c. skillful.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Humorous; playfully joking
2	Meant to impress others; flashy
3	Best possible; most favorable; most desirable
4	Something that causes damage, harm, or loss
5	Experienced through the imagination; not experienced directly
6	Skillful in using the hands or body
7	Careful about moral standards; conscientious
8	Sociable; enjoying and seeking the company of others
9	Good judgment or tact in actions or speaking
10	Having to do with seeing, hearing, feeling, tasting, or smelling

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

f. optimum	b. dexterous c. discretion d. facetious e. gregarious g. ostentatious h. scrupulous i. sensory j. vicarious
	1. Any employee who wants to use would simply ignore a piece of spinach on the boss's front tooth.
	2. A weak voice is a serious to a stage actor's or actress's career.
	3. Playing with blocks and puzzles makes children more with their hands.
	4. My roommate used to be, but since he was mugged, he's begun to avoid people.
	5. Lonnie is so about filling out his tax return that he even reported th \$12.50 he was paid for jury duty.
<u> </u>	6. Jasmine wants to practice her vocabulary skills, so she's not just being when she uses long words.
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
·	8. The order in which to answer test questions is from easiest to mos difficult, so that you can write the answers you know before time runs out.
	9. Wandering through the bee-filled fields of red and yellow flowers was a amazing experience, one that appealed to the eyes, ears, and nose.
· '1	10. The performer Oscar Levant had a tendency to cause disasters. He once made the comment, "In my hands, Jell-O is a deadly weapon."
NOTE: Now check your	answers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help wo practices, for which answers are not given.
you prepare for the next tw	O
you prepare for the next twee twee twee the entence check answer lines properties of the second seco	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
you prepare for the next tw	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
you prepare for the next twee sentence Check and the answer lines pr	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word — 1-2. "You have to use in choosing your friends," my father said. "If you
you prepare for the next twee two prepare for the next twee transfer for the next twee transfer for the next twee for th	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word

> Sentence Check 1

-	-4
7	7
	- 4

		Chapter 1 11
7–8.	My neighbors give a lot of parties, but not becar just want to impress the guests with their hon	use they're They ne and furnishings.
9–10.	Our cousin in Nigeria writes great letters, filled give us a(n) acquaintance with the sights and village.	with details that sounds of an African
Final Check: Apartmen	t Problems	
selection carefully. Then fill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. Fach blank with a word from the box at the top out which word goes in which blank.) Use each w	of the previous page.
Although I'm ordinarily	a(n) (1) person, I'm	tempted to move
into a cave, far from other	people-and landlords. Okay, I admit that I c	lidn't use enough
(2)	in choosing apartments to rent. But does every	one of them have
to be a (3)	in choosing apartments to rent. But does every to my health, mental stability, and checkle	book?
	first apartment, I discovered that the previous t	
subleased the place to a very	large family-of cockroaches. Although I kept t	rying, I was never
(4)	enough to swat any of them; they were able	e to dodge all my
blows. In time, they became s	so bold that they paraded across the kitchen floor	in the daytime in
•	manner meant to impress upon me how us	
to stop them. As soon as I cou	ld, I moved out.	. W.
My second apartment wa	as a(n) (6) nightma	are—the filth was
hard on the eyes and the nos	e. The place even assaulted the ears, as the wal	lls were as thin as
	yed music until all hours. Since I was too poor	
	er. I even attended some of the neighbors'	
	way-with my ear to the wall. When my landlord	
	lay for entertainment, and he wasn't being (8)	
	hoping to find a decent, (9)	
	artment because it was supposedly located	
	safety, considering the rent I can afford. A wee	
	s broken and my belongings all over the floor. On	
	the right to live in such a nice neighborhood and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
worth stealing?"	·	
-	ed with the cockroaches. At least they were hones	t,
•		

Enter your scores above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

Scores

Sentence Check 2

Final Check



despondent instigate resilient retrospect

scoff squelch venerate zealot

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 collaborate (kə-lăb'ə-rāt)		were asked to collaborate ad it difficult to work together.	on an article for the school
-verb	 Several writers and text, sharing their k 	d editors have collaborated nowledge and skills.	in preparing this vocabulary
Collaborate means	a. to compete.	b. to stop work.	c. to team up.
2 despondent (dĭ-spŏn'dənt)	 Devon becomes de all hope of succeed 	spondent too easily. If he gets ing in school.	even one bad grade, he loses
-adjective	 For months after considered suicide. 	his wife died, Mr. Craig	was despondent. He even
Despondent means	a. ill.	b. depressed.	c. angry.
3 instigate	• The rock group's vi	olent performance instigated	a riot in the audience.
(ĭn ' stə-gāt') -verb	displaying his pick	n named Robert Jenkins in led ear, which he said had bee h declared war on Spain—the	n cut off by a Spanish patrol.
Instigate means	a. to prevent.	b. to predict.	c. to cause.
4 resilient (rĭ-zĭl'yənt)		amazingly resilient. Having ften bounce back to their norm	
-adjective		nt. For example, a few weeks Washington in 1980, flowers w	
Resilient means	a. widespread.	b. slow to recover.	c. quick to recover.
5 retrospect (rĕ'trə-spĕkt') -noun	then needed surgery	nd on her broken foot for a wee. In retrospect, it's clear she sh	ould have gotten help sooner.
-поин		dein's writing course, I though I realize that she taught me m	
In retrospect means	a. looking back.	b. looking for excuses	. c. looking ahead.
6 rudimentary (roo'də-mĕn'tər-ē)	 A grammar book unouns and verbs. 	sually starts with rudimenta	ry skills, such as identifying
-adjective		ding and subtracting on a c	
Rudimentary means	a. basic.	b. intermediate.	c. advanced.

7 scoff (skŏf)	but he seemed unawa	re that people were making t	
-verb	 Tony scoffed at report knocking down trees 	orts that a hurricare was co and overturning cars.	ming until he saw the winds
Scoff at means	a. to ridicule.	b. to watch.	c. to take seriously.
8 squelch (skwělch)	manage to squelch a	burp.	g class when I couldn't quite
-verb	 Decades of communification. As soon as democracies. 	nism in Eastern Europe dis they could, the people in t	idn't squelch the desire for hese countries began to form
Squelch means	a. to encourage.	b. to hold back.	c. to release.
9 venerate (vĕn'ər-āt')	• The Tlingit Indians illustrate stories in p	venerate the wolf and the raise of these animals.	raven, and their totem poles
-verb	 The guests at our de her; when she entered 	ean's retirement banquet mad d the room, everyone rose.	le it clear that they venerated
Venerate means	a. to pity.	b. to honor.	c. to remember.
10 zealot (zĕl'ət)	 Annie, a zealot about grain of sugar touch 		niles a week and never lets a
-noun	 The Crusaders were homes and families 	Christian zealots during the capture and went off to try to capture	e Middle Ages who left their the Holy Land.
Zealot means	a. an extremist.	b. an observer.	c. a doubter.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To bring about by moving others to action; stir up
2	Fundamental; necessary to learn first
3	Able to recover quickly from harm, illness, or misfortune
4	To work together on a project; cooperate in an effort
5	A person totally devoted to a purpose or cause
6	To silence or suppress; crush
7	_ To respect deeply; revere
8.	Downhearted; hopeless; overwhelmed with sadness
9.	_ Reviewing the past; considering past events
10	_ To make fun of; mock; refuse to take seriously

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

_	Sentence	Chach	7
	Sentence	VILECIS.	•

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

。	b despondent constigate doresilient e retrospect g. scoff h. squeich i venerate j. zealot
	My ability to speak Spanish is, but I can at least manage to ask directions or order a meal.
	2. Jaime was over the death of his dog, his companion for fourteen years.
-	3. The gang leader wasn't present at the robbery himself, but he was the one who had(e)d it.
	4. Dawn is a about banning nuclear weapons. She has walked for miles in protest marches and stood in the rain for hours during demonstrations.
	5. Mother Teresa, who devoted her life to helping the poor, is(e)d by some people as a twentieth-century saint.
	6. The Cord, in the 1920s, was the first car with front-wheel drive, but in those days most people considered the idea ridiculous and(e)d at it.
	7. Marie and Pierre Curie(e)d on important scientific experiments involving radioactivity.
	8. Kim's parents nagged her so hard about practicing the piano that they finally(e)d any interest she might have had in music.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9. Since I'd like to be a photographer, I can see, in, that I would have gained valuable experience if I'd taken pictures for the school newspaper.
	10. Athletes need to be After a defeat, an individual or a team must be able to come back and fight for victory the next time.
	swers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	
	rided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. Even though their knowledge of carpentry was only, the boys(e)d on building a treasure chest.
	3-4. "Everyone gets(e)d at now and then," Lynn said. "You just have to
	be enough to bounce back after a facetious° remark."

				•	Chapter 2	15
	7–8. 	At the time who(e)d them as hero	l the rebellion a	an Revolution, r is troublemakers.	many people viewed. In, however, we	those view
	9 – 10.	Carver's spi	rit. He went o peanuts, fron	n to become a	t George Wash great botanist—and de such products a	a
Sinal Check: Ha	ardly a l	Loser				
fere is a final opporturelection carefully. The Context clues will help	nity for you en fill in e	i to strengther each blank wi	ith a word fror	n the box at the	top of the previous	owing page.
Tom seemed to	be a loser	born into a l	ong line of lose	ers. His great-gra	ndfather, condemned	to
					Canada. Tom's fath	
wanted for arrest a	fter he help	ped (1)		a plot to	overthrow the Canadi	an
government, had fl						
Tom never rec	eived even	the most (2)		fo	rmal education. Duri	ng
his mere three n	nonths of	schooling, h	ne stayed at t	he bottom of l	nis class. The teacl	ner
(3)						
					he accidentally set	the
					was caught sleeping	
					y, Tom's youth had	
provided the optim						•
-				mento or to (4)		
enough to recover	from his n	nisfortunes an	d find another	job. He managed	, in fact, to save enou	ıgh
· ·					(e)d with an electri	
					when it ca	
					y about four hours ea	
night.	•	•	·	-		
-	e was in h	is 80s, Tom v	was credited wi	th over a thousan	nd inventions, includ	ing
•					amous—so much so	
he was (9)						
In (10)			Thomas Alva E	dison wasn't suc	h a loser after all.	
	Scores	Sentence Check	2%	Final Check	%	



dissident embellish fritter inadvertent juxtapose lethargy sporadic subsidize

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 ambiguous (ăm-bĭg 'yoō-əs)	• The portrait know expression. Is she		s for the woman's ambiguous
-adjective	• Lee left an ambi	•	vering machine: "Meet me at noon or midnight.
Ambiguous means	a. unclear.	b. unintentional.	c. unpleasant.
2 dissident (dĭs'ə-dənt)		n the Catholic church favor suc flowing priests to marry.	ch changes as allowing women
-noun		lissidents are not tolerated. Per be imprisoned or even executed	ople who speak out against the
Dissident means	a. a rebel.	b. a dishonest person.	c. a foolish person.
3 embellish (ĕm-bĕl'ĭsh)	• Lauren embellishe photos of her cats.	ed the door of her locker with	postcards from her friends and
-verb	 The cover of the tests seashells. 	oiology textbook was embellis	hed with a pattern of colorful
Embellish means	a. to hide.	b. to decorate.	c. to damage.
4 fritter (frĭt'ər)		sister would fritter away her ting her money, she put it in he	entire allowance on M&M's, r piggy bank.
-verb	 Vince fritters awa video arcades. 	ay both his time and his mone	y playing game after game in
Fritter away means	a. to earn.	b. to count.	c. to waste.
5 inadvertent (ĭn-ăd-vûr't'nt) -adjective	cover a dish of b		as inadvertent. He forgot to nto it. The next day, Fleming
чијсстус	• The final draft of	Nancy's paper was shorter that	n the previous version, but this entire page without realizing it.
Inadvertent means	a. not required.	b. not finished.	c. not intended.
6 inane (ĭn-ān')		at the party was inane, whose clothes were the most "a	consisting mainly of foolish wesome."
-adjective	 Television progra "bubble gum for the 		at TV has been described as
_ Inane means	a. silly.	b. interesting.	c. shocking.
.16			

7 juxtapose			irch trees and a dark gray sky.
(jŭks'tə-pōz') -verb	 Dottie spread her ne and jackets to it to se 	w dress out on her bed and the which combination would	en juxtaposed all her scarves look best.
Juxtapose means	a. to cover up.	b. to put side by side.	c. to replace.
8 lethargy (lĕth'ər-jē)	lethargy. She felt ex	hausted for weeks.	lu, one symptom persisted—
-noun	 With the hot weath trouble staying awal 	er, lethargy descended upon e, and even the instructor ga	n the class. The students had zed dreamily out the window.
Lethargy means	a. inactivity.	b. hopelessness.	c. foolishness.
9 sporadic (spə-răd'ĭk)			e were only sporadic showers.
-adjective	have been halfhearte		
Sporadic means	a. steady.	b. irregular.	c. long.
10 subsidize (sŭb'sə-dīz)	rely on grants or loa	ns.	by their parents, while others
-verb	 Public television i community donatio 		grants and by individual and
Subsidize means	a. to pay for.	b. to advertise.	c. to criticize.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To place close together, especially in order to compare or contrast
2	A great lack of energy; inactivity due to laziness
3	Able to be interpreted in more than one way; not clear
4	Without sense or meaning; foolish
5	A person opposed to established ideas or beliefs, especially in politics or religion
6	To decorate; beautify by adding details
7	To support financially; provide a grant or contribution
8	To spend or waste a little at a time
9	Unintentional; accidental
10	Happening now and then; occasional

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

>	Sentence	Check	1
	NEILLEILE	Circuit	4.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. ambiguous f. Inane	b dissident c. embellish d. fritter e. inadvertent/ g. juxtapose h. lethargy i. sporadic j. subsidize
	1. Instead of refreshing me, an afternoon nap only deepens my; I wake up even sleepier than I was before.
	2. I get news of Darren only now and then, in letters from him or his mother.
	3. A research grant will Belinda's study of common fears among the elderly.
	4. My recent trip to Newark was I got on the wrong train.
	5. Tracy has learned the hard way not to away her time and affection on friends who don't really care about her in return.
	6. My little brother has(e)d his bedroom ceiling with stars arranged like several of the constellations.
	7. In plays and movies, good and evil characters are often(e)d. This contrast makes the good ones seem even better and the bad ones seem even worse.
	8. When students led a protest against China's communist leaders in 1989, some students were killed by government troops.
	9. Checking-a-job-applicant's references, the personnel manager was puzzled by one comment: "You will be lucky if you can get her to work for you."
	10. Steve Martin was poking fun at ideas for products when he said, "I got a fur sink, an electric dog polisher, a gasoline-powered turtleneck sweater—and, of course, I bought some dumb stuff too."
NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next two	nswers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help o practices, for which answers are not given.
entence Check 2	}
ing the answer lines proce.	ovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. "Spring fever" isn't really a detriment to health, but it often includes: people just want to sleep. Also, attention to work is interrupted off and on by a need to daydream.
	_ 3-4. On the cover of the news magazine, two pictures were(e)d: those of

4	•
7	·
E	-

	Chapter 3 19
5-6. Local businesses(e) so we were able to affo the room.	d our club's Christmas party for the homeless, rd a special meal as well as decorations to
7–8. Why do you want to for silly movies that all	_ away your money week after week on tickets the critics agree are?
don't know whether on dies. In retrospect°, I d	one television serial had a(n) ending: we e of the characters survives his heart attack or on't thirk this was I believe the producers g so we'll tune in again next week.
THE LOW A CO. SCALL WAS A SAN MAN	CONTRA
Final Check: Grandfather at the Art Mu	
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your know selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in	from the box at the top of the previous page.
Last Saturday, my grandfather and I spent some ti	me in the modern section of an art museum.
Our visit was completely (1)	. We'd come to see a show of nature
photographs and wandered into the wrong room. Inst	ead of leaving, Grandfather just stood there,
staring at the paintings. His idea of worthwhile art is t	he soft-focus photography on greeting cards,
and here was an exhibit of angry paintings by political	
In one painting, an empty plate and a plate	
(3) (e)d on a table; the tab	lecloth was an American flag. Around this
painting was a golden frame that had been (4)	(e)d with tiny plastic
models of hot dogs, apple pies, and other typi	
(5)about the message—it	
some people in this country don't have enough to eat.	After a few moments of stunned silence, my
grandfather jolted the sleepy-looking guard out of his	(6) by shouting,
"Garbage! What is this garbage?"	÷ :
When we learned that two major corporations ha	d collaborated° to (7)
this exhibit and even owned some of the art works,	
(8)away their money on one	piece of unpatriotic trash after another while
people are starving?" I tried to explain that the paint	
Grandfather just scoffed° at me. "Don't be (9)	
of here." So we did.	
On the way home, Grandfather stared out the	ne car window. He was silent except for
(10) sputterings of "Garl	page!" and "Incredible!"
	·

Scores

Sentence Check 2



estrange euphoric impetuous infallible regress relinquish ubiquitous zenith

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1	berate (bē-rāt')	• Nick's mother often lignores him.	berates him. And when sl	ne isn't yelling at him, she
	-verb		asonable criticism, but she ront of everyone else in the	was upset when her boss office.
_	_ Berate means	a. to disappoint.	b. to neglect.	c. to scold angrily.
2	estrange	• My cousin's recent mo	odiness has estranged some	e of his old friends.
	(ĕ-strānj ') -verb	 After his divorce, Shave visited them often. 	vn didn't want to estrange l	nis children, so he called and
	Estrange means	a. to frighten.	b. to drive away.	c. to dislike.
3	euphoric (yōō-fôr'ĭk)	• I was euphoric when were all A's and B's.	I received my grades. To n	ny amazement and joy, they
	-adjective		ay, and it's easy to see why sl in our school's production o	ne's in such high spirits. She's of Beauty and the Beast.
-	Euphoric means	a. very happy.	b. boastful.	c. sentimental.
4	impetuous (ĭm-pĕch oō-əs) -adjective	shoes aren't comforta		d up being dissatisfied: the color, the jacket costs too ly before I buy.
			stance, they'll throw snowl	nink about the consequences palls at passing cars without
_	Impetuous means	a. impulsive.	b. considerate.	c. imaginative.
5	i nfallible (ĭn-făl ' ə-bəl)	• Computers aren't infaget wrong answers.	llible. If you put the wrong	data-into a computer, you'll
	-adjective	• A sign over my sister's	desk reads, "I'm infallible.	I never make misteaks."
	Infallible means	a. perfect.	b. imperfect.	c. everywhere.
6	maudlin (môd'lĭn)	• The verses in greeting such maudlin message		ntimental. I prefer humor to
	-adjective		n soap operas must feel thang by the end of each show.	t they haven't done their job
	Maudlin means	a. short.	b. comical.	c. overly emotional.

7 regress (rē-grĕs')	and began sucking his		
-verb	 Adolescents under str temper tantrums, and s 	ress sometimes regress to chi silliness.	ldish ways: dependency,
Regress means	a. to go backward.	b. to reach a high point.	c. to act hastily.
8 relinquish (rĭ-lĭng'kwĭsh)	 No beer is allowed in their six-packs at the g 	the "family area" of the stadium tate before they take their seats.	n, so fans must relinquish
-verb	 Donna had to relinquafford it anymore. 	ish her share in the beach ho	use because she couldn't
Relinquish means	a. to buy.	b. to yield.	c. to enjoy.
9 ubiquitous (yoo-bĭk'wə-təs)	• Mites are ubiquitous ocean, at the South Po	t. They live on top of Mt. Even and even around the roots of	erest, in the depths of the f your hairs.
-adjective	 We postponed our pl ubiquitous. It covered 	an to drive home on Sunday d the entire town.	because a dense fog was
Ubiquitous means	a. scarce.	b. newly discovered.	c. found everywhere.
10 zenith (zē'nĭth)	• Florence reached the Products.	zenith of her career when she	became president of Ace
-noun	• At age 50, my uncle but at age 52, my fath	is afraid that he has already pater thinks the best is yet to come	ssed the zenith of his life e.
Zenith means	a. an end.	b. an earlier condition.	c. the highest point.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

To surrender (something); give (something) up
Done or acting in a hurry, with little thought; impulsive
Tearfully sentimental; overly emotional
To criticize or scold harshly
Existing or seeming to exist everywhere at the same time
The highest point or condition; peak
To make unsympathetic or unfriendly; alienate
Not capable of error or failure; unable to make a mistake
Overjoyed; having an intense feeling of well-being
To return to an earlier, generally worse, condition or behavior

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

不分表。化反常经验的能力可能能够翻翻。	estrange c euphoric d impetuous e infallible regress h relinquish i ubiquitous j zenith
	1. People in bombed-out, war-torn cities sometimes to more primitive ways of life.
	2. To many people, Mozart's works represent the of eighteenth-century music.
	3. Mei Lin was when the college that was her first choice accepted her.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4. When Dad lost his job, he had to his identification card, his employee parking permit, and the key to his desk.
	5. Rosina used to be friendly, but since her promotion, she has become so cold that she has(e)d former coworkers.
<u> Santas Santas de las Artes de la compaño de la compa</u>	6. "I don't expect you to be," the boss said, "but I don't want you to make the same mistakes over and over."
en e	7. "I know I was late," Liz said, "but you could have pointed it out quietly. You didn't have to me."
	8. In our neighborhood, litter isthe sidewalks are ankle-deep in trash. We need a cleanup campaign.
	9. Uncle Antonio becomes when he talks about his dear old mother in Italy. And tears also come to the eyes of all who listen.
	10. Joyce isn't usually, but last week she had a sudden urge to try out her nephew's skateboard. Everyone in the office has already signed the cast on her broken wrist.
NOTE: Now check your you prepare for the next tw	answers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help to practices, for which answers are not given.
ntence Check	?
	ovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. If people were, we could our erasers, our correction tape or fluid, and the "delete" key.
	3-4. I'm trying to be less, but I still sometimes act on impulse. Later, in retrospect°, I always myself for not using better judgment.
	5-6. Since my father died, reminders of him seem I know I'm being

> Sentence Check 1

2	2
4	J

,	Chapter 4	23
7-8. Patrick(e)d his wife when he wasted to ostentatious clothes. Since their separation(e)d to infantile behavior.	heir money on gambling on, their young daughter	and has
9-10. Our neighborhood basketball team reach citywide championship. The local busines team were delighted, and the players them.	sses that had subsidized	the the
Final Check: My Brother's Mental Illness		
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) U	the top of the previous	llowing s page.
My brother Gary is mentally ill. At first my parents thought it was	s their fault, but now w	e .
know that his illness has much more to do with his body chemistry than v	vith anything they did.	
Gary's illness involves extreme mood swings. For weeks, he'll be (1)	-	_,
feeling that the world is great and that he's at the (2)	of life. He ma	y
even view himself as (3) and get angry is	f anyone even suggests h	ie
has made a mistake. Sometimes, too, he becomes a(n) (4)	shoppe	r,
spending thousands of dollars on whatever appeals to him.	When we ask him t	io
(5) the expensive things he's bought so that		
refuses, saying he wants to "live like a king." At such times, Gary has to		
Gary's "highs," however, are nothing compared with his "lows	" At first, he is simpl	ly
(6) He may sit in the living room all ev		
about his former girlfriends, our dead grandmother, or childhood hurts.		
says, are (7) in his life—there's nowhere		
Within days, he is very despondent° and so overcome with lethargy° the		
bed. Shutting out everyone around him, he (8)		
Then he (9)(e)s himself for all the faults h		
tries to kill himself. Again, he must go to the hospital.		
When Gary takes his medicine, he does very well. He is charming,	bright, and full of life. B	ut
when he feels good, he soon stops taking his medicine and begins to (10		
Then we know he is headed for another severe mood swing.		
	ller coaster For all of o	านร
I love my brother dearly, but living with him is like being on a ro	ittel coaster. For all or o	

Sentence Check 2

Scores

%

Final Check



corroborate disseminate diverge dormant illicit irrevocable precipitate proliferation

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 charlatan (shâr'lə-tən)		ce bought a "magnetic box" fe her arthritis. Of course, the	rom a charlatan who assured box was worthless.
-noun	 In the days of the everything from bal 		"snake oil" as a remedy for
Charlatan means	a. an investor.	b. an expert.	c. a con artist.
2 corroborate (kə-rŏb'ə-rāt') -verb	anyone corroborateSid says he saw a	your story?	e crime was committed. Can t no one else in the area has
Corroborate means	a. to question.	b. to confirm.	c. to understand.
3 disseminate (dĭs-sĕm'ə-nāt')	 Campaign workers about their candidat 		eminate pamphlets and flyers
-verb		best way to disseminate informate informate informate in attention at the contract of the co	rmation about the next school end.
Disseminate means	a. to spread.	b. to conceal.	c. to improve.
4 diverge (dī-vûrj')	iverge • The brothers' paths diverged greatly. One became a famous lawyer other ended up in jail for armed robbery.	ne a famous lawyer, and the	
-verb		em, Robert Frost uses a branch is diverged in a wood, and I—I	ning path as a symbol of life's took the one less traveled by."
Diverge means	a. to go in different	directions. b. to come to	ogether. c. to disappear.
5 dormant (dôr ⁸ mənt)		gs that remain dormant all	winter and do not hatch until
-adjective	 A visit to Puerto R language of her chil 		nant interest in Spanish, the
Dormant means	a. not active.	b. irreversible.	c. growing.
6 hoist (hoist)	• Let's go over to the place for the new sk		he crane hoist the beams into
-verb	 So far, attempts to heen unsuccessful. 	oist the wreckage of the jetlin	ner from the ocean floor have
Hoist means	a. to follow.	b. to display.	c. to raise.
	en e		

7 illicit (ĭl-lĭs'ĭt)	in prison.	•	entenced to serve a life term
-adjective	 Ted's business is illici that's supposed to be u 		passenger van along a route
<i>Illicit</i> means	a. fake.	b. unlawful.	c. unprofitable.
8 irrevocable (ĭr-rĕv'ə-kə-bəl)	 Patty would like to br promise to marry him 		Steven, but she feels that her
-adjective	 Giving a child up for mother be allowed to compared to compared to compared to compared to compare the compared to compared the compared the compared to com	adoption has become a suchange her mind, or should h	abject of debate. Should the ter decision be irrevocable?
Irrevocable means	a. not reversible.	b. mistaken.	c. not certain.
9 precipitate (prē-sĭp'ə-tāt')	 Mark's search for a la with four children. 	rger house was precipitated	by his marriage to a woman
-verb	 The discovery that I decision to consult a c 		es precipitated his parents'
Precipitate means	a. to bring on.	b. to prevent.	c. to permit.
10 proliferation (pro-lif'er-a'shen)	 Hana's doctors hope cells in her body. 	that chemotherapy will halt	the proliferation of cancer
-noun		dandelions in my yard is r than I can destroy them.	too much for me to handle.
Proliferation means	a. damage.	b. a shortage.	c. a rapid increase.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

Inactive; alive but not actively growing, as if asleep
To spread or scatter widely; distribute
Not able to be canceled or undone; irreversible
A rapid spread or increase
To support; strengthen with further evidence; provide proof of
To cause to happen quickly, suddenly, or sooner than expected
To lift, especially with some mechanical means, like a cable
A fake; a person who falsely claims to have some special skill or knowledge
To branch off in different directions from the same starting point; to become different
Illegal

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

a. charlatan f. hoist	o. corroborate c. disseminate d. diverge e. dormant g. illicit h. irrevocable i. precipitate j. proliferation	1
	1. Children's lives often from the paths their parents planned for the	em,
	2. The "natural healer" was a He knew nothing about healing—or otherwise.	natura
	3. I thought your vow to quit smoking was, but you've broken it alr	eady.
	4. When I visited the art museum, my creative instinct awakened I've signed up for a course in sculpture.	. Nov
	 Rafael's growth of four inches over the summer(e)d a shopping t new clothes. 	rip fo
	6. In our city, the police department has special units to investigat activities such as gambling and drug use.	ie
-14 	7. The stone slabs are too heavy for us to move, so we're bringing in a f to them onto the walkway.	orklif
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8. The environmental group(e)d leaflets about the oil spill, describid damage and urging people to boycott the oil company.	ng the
	9. I'm afraid I can't Todd's claim that he's never had problem schoolwork. The fact is that he's failed several courses.	s with
	10. Sadly, the of homeless dogs and cats has become so great that seventeen million of them are killed in U.S. animal shelters each year	
NOTE: Now check yo you prepare for the nex	r answers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will he two practices, for which answers are not given.	lp
entence Chec	2	
	rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each	word
e		
	1-2. The maps my belief that just before the lake, the highway two roads, which go off in opposite directions.	_s into
	3-4. Rocky was briefly involved in a gang. Then his conscience	woke

		Chapter 5
	'-8. Employees were ordered not to the factory; the news might scar	e off stockholders and bankruptcy
9	of s in the area, peddling "n	vas built in Morristown, there was a _ niracle" cures for all kinds of ills—son but actually a detriment° to health.
Final Check: A Get-	Rich-Quick Scam	•
selection carefully. Then fill	you to strengthen your knowledge of in each blank with a word from the gure out which word goes in which b	of the ten words. First read the following box at the top of the previous papelank.) Use each word once.
It's said that "there	s a sucker born every minute." In	retrospecto, after the events of last
summer, I think most of	hem must live in my hometown, Gle	nville. I, along with nearly everyone
else in town, was taken i	by a (1)	a swindler who made us believe
he could help us get rich		• '
This con artist, who	e name was Chester Turner, suppos	sedly came into town to open a real
estate office. After buyir	g up lots of cheap land, he hinted to	some of the town's leading citizens
that there would soon be	an incredible (2)	of people wanting to buy
land in Glenville. Na	urally, those who received this	interesting information promptly
(3)	(e)d it throughout town, and	soon we were all buzzing about it.
When people questioned	Turner about the value of town land	I, he would hint that there was oil in
Glenville by asking, "V	hat if there were energy lying (4)_	under the
ground in the area, just v	aiting to spurt out?"	•
An oil find, we all	greed, would (5)	a skyrocketing of land
prices. Our suspicions	bout oil seemed to be (6)	(e)d by some "oil
		their waitress, they planned to have
		ay and then to pump out millions of
gallons of the precious	iquid. Soon people were pounding o	on Turner's door, begging him to sell
them land in Glenville.		
		e and his 'oil men' had collaboratedo
		had been arrested for carrying out
		though we had all been of one mind
		(e)d. Most of us just kissed
• = -		sting Turner. Some people, however,
•		ive their money back. They couldn't
accept the fact that the l	oss of their money was (10)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		of Charle W
Score	s Sentence Check 2 % Fir	iai Cieck



28

chron, chrono--cide dedorm ject liber, liver vit, viv voc, vok

Ten Word Parts in Context

Common word parts—also known as *prefixes*, *suffixes*, and *roots*—are used in forming many words in English. Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 ante-, anti-		Mel's living room, you guests can leave their coats	
The word part ante- or anti-		rns us not to anticipate tro morrow's clouds over toda	
means	a. after.	b. free.	c. before.
2 chron, chrono-	• An acute illness is short and usually severe. By contrast, a chronic illness lasts a long period of time.		
The word part chron or chrono-		ist jobs in reverse chron o should be listed first.	logical order—that is,
means	a. time.	b. outside.	c. alive.
3 -cide	 Do the pesticides harmful to humans 	used in farming kill only p	pests? Or are they also
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		nply the murder of a num	
The word part -cide means	a. alive.	b. kill.	c. freedom.
4 de-	When the two train other stayed on the	ns ran into each other, one tracks.	was derailed, but the
		an can deodorize the roors, such as those of onion	
The word part de- means	a. voice.	b. preceding.	c. removal.
5 dorm	• The volcano has be	en dormant for years, but	it may awaken soon.
	 The dormouse, of hibernates through 	or "sleeping mouse," got the winter.	its name because it
The word part <i>dorm</i> means	a. lively.	b. separation.	c. sleep.
6 extra-		rd for his classes, but letivities, including soccer a	
		ception is the ability, only that do not involve the	
The word part extra- means	a. enclosed.	b. throw.	c. beyond.

		1	
7 ject	his parachute opened	om the plane shortly before the lin time to save his life.	
	• The farther away a the screen.	projector is, the larger the p	
The word part ject means	a. throw.	b. keep.	c. call.
8 liber, liver	 Freddy is very liberal with advice. He tells all his relatives and frien how they should run their lives. 		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 According to the I slavery in Egypt. 	Bible, Moses delivered the p	people of Israel from
The word part <i>liber</i> or <i>liver</i> means	a. alive.	b. free.	c. outside.
9 vit, viv • My elderly aunt still has great vitality: and walks two or three miles every day.		ree miles every day.	
	 People who survi- lived while others of 	ve a disaster sometimes fee lied.	
The word part vit or viv means	a. life.	b. separation.	c. death.
10 voc, vok	instruments. He do	o vocal music as if it were be esn't listen to the singers' wo	ras at all.
*	 At the end of the s his voice, invoked 	ervice, the rabbi, stretching o God to bless the congregation	n.
The word part voc or vok means	a. memory.	b. voice.	c. time.
Matching Word Parts u	with Definitions	8	•
Following are definitions of the The sentences above and on the	ton word parts Clearly	write or print each word pa	rt next to its definition. each word part.
1.	Life, lively		
2.	Outside, beyond		
3	Time	•	
4	Free, freedom	44	
5	Away, separation	, removal	
6	Before, preceding	g	3
7	Voice, call		
8	Sleep		
9	Throw, toss		
10	Kill, killing, kill	er	,

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

10.

	~ .	~ *	_
>	Sentence	Check	7

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Use each word part once.

a. ante-, anti- f. extra-	b. chron ccide d. de- e. dorm g. ject h. liber l. vit, viv j. voc, vok
	1. At the Italian restaurant, we had a(n) (pasto) of olives, cheese and other appetizers before the main dish.
	2. I was very tired when I got home from work, but a short nap (re e me.
	3. The veterinarian asked Rosa to hold her cat firmly while he gave it (in ion) to protect it from rabies.
	4. A microwave oven is perfect for (frosting) frozen foods in a hurr
	5. The conference was held at a college campus, so participants slept in the (itories) instead of going to hotels.
47	6. In a crisis, people sometimes perform (ordinary) feats of strengt like lifting an automobile off a crash victim.
	7. Modern inventions have (ated) us from many household chores. F instance, the dryer frees us from having to hang laundry on a clothesline.
	8. (Regi) means "the killing of a king." A famous instance is Charle I of England, who was beheaded in 1649.
	9. Leah has an amazing (abulary) for a two-year-old. She was just telling me the difference between "Mr. Crocodile" and "Mr. Alligator."
	_ 10. An (ana ism) is someone or something that seems to belong to a earlier time and is out of place in the present. San Francisco's cable car are an example.
NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next two	nswers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
ntence Check_2	vided, complete each italicized word in the sentences below with the correct word
from the box. Use each	a word part once.
	1-2. Angela chose medicine as her (ation) because when she was twelve years old, she had a(n) (id) dream that convinced her was her calling to heal people.
	3-4. Many people believe that (homi) will remain a(n) (ic) problem in American society until our ubiquitous° handguns are madillegal. So long as guns can be obtained almost anywhere, people will be tempted to use them.

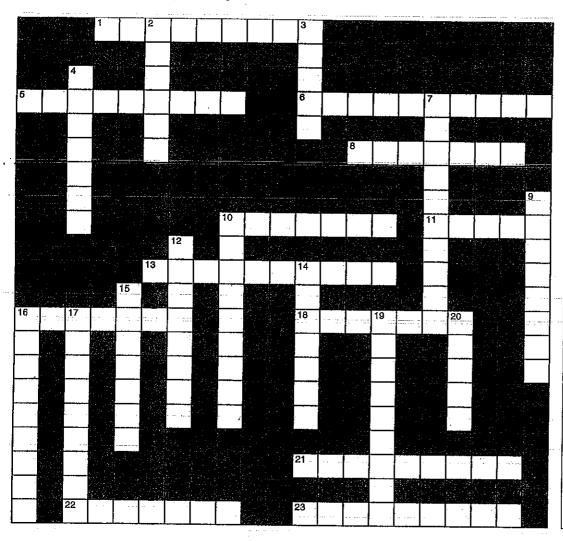
er 6 '31	
They're se	t)
nter the throno	e
E.T. are ofter ghts into Eart idea, thinkin	ŀ
s. First read thow with a word part goo	ľ
any people's	
have for the	
en (ant) t as warm or	
•	

		Chapter 6
	 5-6. The attic bedroom has three windows, called at an angle to the roof, so they look as if the from the rest of the house. 	(ers) They'i ey are partly (tae
	7-8. The queen's closest advisers were at (to room freely. All others had to wait in the (they were allowed to see her.	ty) to enter the tl chamber) b
	9-10. In science fiction stories, (terrestrials) able to communicate by (pro ing) people's minds. Real scientists, however, so such communication impossible.	_ their inoughts into
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	y for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten	THURSDA DOTOR HITTIER
the box at the top of	the previous page. (Context clues will help you right	e out which word par
the box at the top of hich blank.) Use each	the previous page. (Context clues will help you right	e out which word pu
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadi	the previous page. (Context clues will help you right word part once.	from many people
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday	the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure word part once. less greatly (tract) (1) er holidays. For those who are (ically) (2) season can intensify the problem.	from many people
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday	the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure word part once. less greatly (tract) (1) er holidays. For those who are (ically) (2) season can intensify the problem.	from many people
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinal	the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	from many people
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinational ordinations of the (the previous page. (Context cities will help you figure word part once. The energy greatly (tract) (1)	from many people that many have for tinstance, (cipatic
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinational ordinations) of the (the previous page. (Context cities will help you light word part once. these greatly (tract) (1) er holidays. For those who are (ically) (2) season can intensify the problem. try) (3) expectations e) (4) sad feelings. For of the traditional family gatherings	from many people that many have for t instance, (cipatic may awaken (a
the box at the top of hich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinatholidays often (e	the previous page. (Context cities will help you fight word part once. The eness greatly (tract) (1)	that many have for to instance, (cipation may awaken (a family is not as warm
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordination of the continuous of the	the previous page. (Context cities will help you fight word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	from many people that many have for t instance, (cipatio may awaken (a family is not as warm more happing
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinatholidays often (e	the previous page. (Context cities will help you right word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	that many have for to instance, (cipation may awaken (a family is not as warm more happing tily relationships, peo
the box at the top of hich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordination of the continuous of the season or of may fritter away particles.	the previous page. (Context clues will help you fight word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	that many have for to instance, (cipation may awaken (a family is not as warm more happing tily relationships, peo
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinal holidays often (e	the previous page. (Context clues will help you light word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	that many have for to instance, (cipation may awaken (a family is not as warm more happing tily relationships, peopring gifts meant to improve the state of the s
the box at the top of nich blank.) Use each Tensions and sadienjoyment of the wint depressed, the holiday The (ordinated of the condition of the season or of the season or of the may fritter away patheir relatives. The fin Not everyone in the season or of the season or o	the previous page. (Context clues will help you fight word part once. less greatly (tract) (1)	that many have for to instance, (cipation may awaken (a family is not as warm more happing mily relationships, people gifts meant to improve the fact, (sui

% Final Check Sentence Check 2 Scores

UNIT ONE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit One. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



berate charlatan despondent dexterous dissident diverge dormant embellish facetious fritter hoist illicit impetuous inane lethargy maudlin optimum regress resilient scoff scrupulous squelch ubiquitous venerate vicarious

ACROSS

- 1. To decorate; beautify by adding details
- 5. A fake; a person who falsely claims to have some special skill or knowledge
- 6. Careful about moral standards; conscientious
- 8. Best possible; most desirable
- 10. Illegal
- 11. Without sense or meaning; foolish
- 13. Downhearted; hopeless
- 16. To branch off in different directions

- 18. To return to an earlier, usually worse, condition or behavior
- 21. Humorous; playful or joking
- 22. To silence or suppress; crush
- 23. Skillful in using the hands or body

DOWN

- 2. To criticize or scold harshly
- 3. To lift, especially with some mechanical means
- 4. Tearfully sentimental; overemotional
- 7. Existing or seeming to exist everywhere at the same time

- A great lack of energy; inactivity due to laziness
- 10. Done or acting in a hurry, with little thought; impulsive
- 12. To respect deeply; revere
- 14. Inactive; alive but not actively growing, as if asleep
- 15. To spend or waste bit by bit
- 16. A person opposed to established ideas or beliefs
- 17. Experienced through the imagination
- 19. Able to recover quickly from harm, illness, or misfortune
- 20. To make fun of

UNIT ONE: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best co	ompletes each item a	nd write it in the spa	ace provided.	
	1. Because I had v	witnessed the accid	lent, one driver as through a red light	sked me to his
	a. collaborate	b. estrange	c. corroborate	d. juxtapose
	2. Asians tend to _ bring respect.	the elderly, but	in America, age	does not necessarily
	a. precipitate	b. venerate	c. juxtapose	d. squelch ·
	3. If Bart's parents a fight with		ith his sister for ev	en thirty seconds, he
	a. subsidizes	b. collaborates	c. instigates	d. hoists
	4. When driving to where the road	Melissa's house, a	go left at the fork i	in the road, the point
	a. berates	b. scoffs	c. diverges	d. precipitates
	5. Overcrowding i	n early factories pro liting in epidemics o	ovided an ideal env	rironment for the
	a. proliferation	b. detriment	c. discretion	d. retrospect
	6. Our brains inte	rpret our impre	essions for us. For brain so we can ac	instance, the images tually "see" them.
	a. inadvertent	b. scrupulous	c. sensory	d. resilient
	_ 7. I thought the ha	andyman was being in order to fix the l	when he said little hole, but that'	he had to cut a bigger s exactly what he did.
	a. dexterous	b. facetious	c. ubiquitous	d. maudlin
	_ 8. I tried to the over his desk for	ne laugh rising in m or the glasses he had	ny throat, but seein d pushed up on his	g the boss looking all head was too funny.
	a. squelch	b. venerate	c. berate	d. juxtapose
	9. Grandfather wa the trolley in o had received in	rder to go back to.a	Once he spen a store and return t	t twenty-five cents for he extra nickel that he
	a. illicit	b. scrupulous	c. dormant	d. vicarious
	there is often b	n-century French w nidden in us a(n) n that creative part	poet, always you	asset said, "Know that ang and alive." It is up
	a. inane	b. facetious	c. illicit	d. dormant

On the ar	nswer line, write the letter of the choice that best of	completes each item.
11	 At a party, a gregarious person is likely to a. be part of a lively group of people. c. sit and talk with just one person all evening. 	b. leave early.d. begin an argument over something silly.
12.	You can consider an event in retrospect onlya. after the event has occurred.c. if the event is a happy one.	b. before the event happens.d. while the event is actually happening.
13.	Valerie received an unexpected inheritance of \$1 a. giving it to her parents to pay household bills. c. spending it on clothing and lottery tickets.	000. She frittered it away byb. making a down payment on a car.d. putting it into her college savings fund.
14.	A resilient person who gets the flu a. will probably need a long time to recover. c. complains endlessly about her misfortune.	b. is soon able to resume her normal activities.d. becomes afraid she'll catch something else.
15.	Some people become downright maudlin at married, Uncle Arthur a. refused to kiss the bride. c. seemed quiet and depressed.	weddings. For instance, when my sister got b. hugged her and sobbed, "You're leaving us!" d. laughed, told jokes, and danced up a storm.
16.	Your brother has just announced that he plans to a. "Right. And I'm going to be the Queen of Sheb. "That'd be pretty hard, but I bet you could do c. "Tell me why you are interested in doing that d. "It's cool that you're aiming so high."	be President someday. You scoff at him, saying, eba." it."
17.	An essay called "How To Estrange Your Friends" a. inviting friends to your house to watch videos b. offering to teach friends a sport or skill that you c. noticing when friends are feeling depressed at d. borrowing friends' money and not repaying it	, eat pizza, and hang out. ou're good at. nd sending them a card or a little gift.
	You would most likely become despondent if a. it's a beautiful sunny day, your work is all dor b. your boss has asked to see you, and you don't c. the restaurant you went to for lunch was out o d. your best friend is moving away, you've lost y	know if you're going to be fired or promoted. f your favorite kind of pie.
· James - and - and gree	Gene embellished his car by a. adding fancy hubcaps and a two-tone paint jol b. changing the oil at least every three thousand c. not getting rid of soda cans and fast-food wrap d. never having it serviced and letting the engine	miles:
	 Keith is known for being impetuous. Last week, a. signed up to become a foster parent after think b. received the "Most Dependable Employee" av c. suddenly decided to drive across six states to to see if the friend was at home. d. refused to lend his mother the money she need 	cing about it for several months. vard at his workplace. visit a childhood friend, without even checking
·	Score (Number correct) Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance	chart on the inside back cover of the book.

PART B

UNIT ONE: Test 2

PART A
Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

f. juxtapose g	charlatan c. euphoric d. Infallible e. irrevocable lethargy h. regress l. relinquish j. subsidize zealot m. zenith
	1. Some people who reach the of their careers find that "it's lonely at the top."
•	2. To provide contrast, the photographer(e)d the men in their dark suits and the women in their pale dresses.
	3. After a big picnic meal in the warm sun, a(n) came over me, so I took a nap under a sassafras tree.
	4. "If you don't maintain a B average," said the coach, "you your right to be on this team."
	5. Literature and drama allow us to experience problems in a(n) way, giving us painless opportunities to shape our real-life views.
	6. The minister asked business leaders to his Elderly Assistance Program because church donations didn't cover all the costs.
	7. Kay's family was when she arrived home, alive and well, three hours late. She had missed her plane, the one that had crashed.
	8. Jason sounds so sure of himself that he gives people the impression he is But he makes mistakes too, just like the rest of us.
	9. The state trooper warned my brother, "Your driver's license is not If you get one more speeding ticket, you will lose your license for a year."
	10. Mrs. Angelo was shocked to learn that the "doctor" she had been seeing for three years was a(n) In reality, he had attended medical school for only two semesters.
	11. When my older sister asked whether she and her seven kids could visit us for a week, my mother's response was so that I'm not sure if she said yes or no.
	12. The Bradleys won't go on vacation until their new puppy is fully trained. They're afraid that if he stays at the kennel for a week, he will and start ruining the rugs again.
	13. After her first husband died from alcohol-related causes, Carry Nation became an anti-drinking One year, as she crusaded around the country against alcohol, she destroyed twenty saloons with a hatchet.

Write C	f the italicized word is used co	orrectly. Write I if th	e word is used incorr	ectly.
14.	Meeting my brother in the before to meet for lunch.	cafeteria at lunchtim	e was inadvertent. W	e had arranged the night
15.	Rumors that the bank was lotheir savings.	sing money precipite	ated a panic. Hundreds	s of depositors demanded
16.	My aunt and uncle are rich know how much money they		ging by their modest	possessions, you'd never
	Use discretion about where the supermarket, it's not appr			
18.	Earth happens to be a place forms of life.	where oxygen is ub	iquitous, making the	planet suitable for many
19.	During my childhood, we mathematical that we didn't see them.	ade <i>sporadic</i> visits to	my grandparents' hou	ise. Not a Sunday passed
PART C On the an	swer line, write the letter of th	ne word that is the sy	onym of the boldface	ed word.
	Example: a dissident	a. rebel	b. supporter	c. inhabitant
20.	berate	a. scold	b. invite	c. praise
21.	rudimentary	a. foolish	b. advanced	c. elementary
22.	detriment	a. advantage	b. contradiction	c. obstacle
PART D On the an	swer line, write the letter of th	e word that is the an	tonym of the boldface	d word.
	Example: _b_ dissident	a. rebel	b. supporter	c. inhabitant
23.	inane	a. inexpensive	b. sensible	c. silly
24.	dexterous	a. skillful	b. spiritual	c. clumsy
25.	illicit	a. usual	b. lawful	c. illegal
	•			

PART B

UNIT ONE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

a. help: assistance c. determination: persistence	b. work : digging d. forgetting : remembering
2. DEXTEROUS: BRAIN SURGEON:: a. strong: weightlifter c. honest: bank robber	b. young : violinist d. neat : mathematician
a. ambitious: hardworking c. jealous: possessive	b. enormous · tiny d. famous : rich
a. worst: bad c. careful: careless	b. best: worse d. high: low
a. fight: pacifists c. compete: rivals	b. watch: listen d. bark: cats
a. sensible: careless c. generous: donation	b. popular : friendless d. fortunate: lucky
7. RUDIMENTARY : JELL-O ::a. outdated : puddingc. expensive : donut	b. advanced : chocolate souffle d. simple : wedding cake
8. ZEALOT : SPORTS FAN ::a. musician : biologistc. scientist : wrestler	b. athlete : runner d. writer : reader
9. AMBIGUOUS : MISUNDERSTAND :: a. funny : laugh c. boring : enjoy	b. doubtful : agree d. clear : disagree
a. customer: pay	b. soprano: sing d. leader: follow

·

UNIT ONE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1. ante-, anti-	anteroom, anticipate	a. Time
2. chron-, chrono-	chronic, chronological	b. Voice, call
3cide	pesticide, genocide	c. Away, separation, removal
4. de-	derail, deodorize	d. Life, lively
5. dorm	dormant, dormouse	e. Kill, killing, killer
6. extra-	extracurricular, extrasensory	f. Free, freedom
7. ject	eject, projector	g. Throw, toss
8. liber, liver	liberal, deliver	h. Before, preceding
9. viv, vit	vitality, survive	i. Sleep
10. voc, vok	vocal, invoke	j. Outside, beyond
PART B Using the answer line provided, conpart from the box. Not every word part from the box. So the first extra-	on ccide d.	de- e. dorm
12. The	e chorus line was so wonderfully (syn fect time, seeming to move as one person	ized)—the dancers kept on.
	the refining process, white rice and value	white bread lose much of their
	ntriloquists must be able to (pro) ile keeping their mouths closed.	their voices to the audience

15. Airplane passengers used to be let off outdoors. Now they usually (...plane) ____ onto a ramp that leads directly into the terminal.

(Continues on next page)

	knowledge of word parts to cetter of each meaning.	letermine the meaning of the boldface	ced words. On the answer	line,
16.	He antedated his check to the	e IRS.		
	a. dated correctly b. o	lated earlier than the actual date	c. wrote too late	
17.	A new bactericide was being	g developed in the laboratory.		
	a. something that destroys be	acteria b. a picture of bacteria	c. a dish of bacteria	
18.	That textbook is filled with e	xtraneous information.		
	a. information that is timely	b. information that no longer applies	c. information beyond v students need to know	
19.	My friend Kareem would like	e to liberate all the animals in the zoo.	D	
•	a. adopt	b. kill	c. set free	
20.	The singer always vocalized	before a concert.		
	a. exercised her voice	h took a nan	c moved around on star	TA

PART C

Unit Two



Chapter 7

equivocate propensity fortuitous reprehensible impeccable sham lialson solace predisposed solicitous

Chapter 8

attrition oblivious circumvent reticent conesive robust grievous sanction inundate vociferous

Chapter 9

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bolster	relegate
depreciate	replete
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nebulous	terse
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Chapter 10

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Chapter 11

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Chapter 12

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18	Sec. 23.	9.7					16	3.5					1.



fortuitous impeccable liaison predisposed

reprehensible sham solace solicitous

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 equivocate · Bob can't get his boss to say whether or not he intends to give him a raise. When (ē-kwĭv'ə-kat') Bob asks him, he equivocates, saying, "You've been doing good work, Bob." -verb · Hank doesn't want to come right out and tell Barb he doesn't love her. If she asks, he equivocates by telling her something like "You know how I feel." Equivocate means a. to be blunt. b. to be unclear. c. to deny. 2 fortuitous • The birth of triplets wasn't entirely fortuitous. The mother had taken a fertility (fôr-too'a-tas) drug, which often causes multiple births. -adjective • It was strictly fortuitous that Vince found his missing class notes. They happened to drop out of his dictionary when it fell to the floor. Fortuitous means a. accidental. b. predictable. c. overdue. 3 impeccable · My aunt always looks stylish but never overdressed. Her taste in clothes is (im-pěk 'ə-bəl) impeccable. -adjective When she auditioned for the play, Julie gave an impeccable performance. She read the lines perfectly. Impeccable means a: flawless. b. deceptive. c. faulty. 4 liaison The president of the Student Council acts as a liaison between the students and (le'ā-zŏn') the administration. -noun Because she is bilingual, Elsa often serves as a liaison between the Spanishand English-speaking personnel in her office. Liaison means a. a follower. b. a caregiver. c. a link. 5 predisposed • Terry didn't want to move in the first place, so she was predisposed to hate the (prē'dĭs-pōzd') new_apartment. -adjective As a Mel Gibson fan, I'm predisposed to enjoy any movie he stars in. Predisposed means a. unlikely. b. likely. c. pretending. 6 propensity Because Ivan has a propensity to gain weight, he watches what he eats. (prə-pĕn'sĭ-tē) Cheryl is aware of her propensity to blab, so she warns her friends not to tell -noun her anything they wouldn't want repeated. Propensity means a. a coincidence. b. a readiness. c. a concern.

7 reprehensible (rĕp'rĭ-hĕn'sə-bəl)	behavior is, they just s	say, "Kids will be kids."	atter how reprehensible his
-adjective	 The company's failur harsh criticism. 	e to clean up the oil spill v	was reprehensible and drew
Reprehensible means	a. shameful.	b. misleading.	c. uncertain.
8 sham (shăm)	about his money.	•	He's rich, and she cares only
-noun	 When the city inspect such cleanliness was 	tors came, the restaurant kitc a sham —the place is usually	chen was sparkling. However, rilthy.
Sham means	a. something false.	b. something confusing.	
9 solace (sŏl'ĭs)	room.		privacy and quiet of her own
-noun	When I need solace my cat can be very care.	because of some upsetting exomforting.	xperience, I find that stroking
Solace means	a. excitement.	b. perfection.	c. relief.
10 solicitous % (so-lĭs*o-tos)	"Is everything all rig	ht here?"	pting our conversation to ask,
-adjective	 Solicitous toward he feeling and if he need 	r elderly neighbor, Marie ca ds anything.	lls every day to see how he is
Solicitous means	a. distant.	b. attentive.	c. patient.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

	1 Inches
1	A natural preference or tendency
2	Deserving of blame, criticism, or disapproval
3	Happening by chance, by accident, or at random; lucky
4	Comfort in sorrow or misfortune; consolation
5	A person who serves as a connection between individuals or groups; a go-between
6	To be deliberately vague in order to mislead
7.	Faultless; perfect
8	Showing or expressing concern, care, or attention
9	Tending toward or open to something beforehand
10.	A pretense or counterfeit; something meant to deceive

a. equivocate b	fortuitous c impeccable d liaison e predisposed
f. propensity	reprehensible h sham i solace j solicitous
	When my grandmother died, I found in the thought that she had lived a long, happy life.
	2. Jan writes at least three drafts of every paper so that the final result will be She wants each assignment to be perfect.
	3. The boss is in a rotten mood today, so he's not to tolerate any mistakes.
	4. My brother and I are both grown up, but Mom is still about our health. She says, "You'll always be my babies."
	5. Many people consider child abuse such a(n) crime that they think the penalties should be as harsh as possible.
	6. The "going-out-of-business" sale was a A year later, the store was still open.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7. It's hard to believe that Stacy, with her for flashy clothes and nightlife, has become a missionary.
	8. Unexpectedly, I ran into a former neighbor who had just started her own business. The meeting led to a summer job offer for me.
	9. Olive acted as a between her divorced parents, but she finally insisted that they deal with each other directly.
	10. The job candidate(e)d when he said he'd been "working out West." Actually, he'd been a ski bum for three years.
NOTE: Now check your any you prepare for the next two	swers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
tence Check 2	
g the answer-lines-prov	rided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word

3-4. The woman wasn't permitted to visit her husband, a political prisoner, so it gave her some ____ to have a minister act as a ____ between them.

5-6. Even before I met my father's nurse, I was ____ to like her, because I had heard how ____ she was toward him.

Chapter 7	4
7-8. It was strictly that no one was killed when the chemical pexploded. The explosion, however, was no matter of chance, but result of carelessness on the part of an employee.	plan it th
9-10. The artist was in the illicit° business of making copies of paint then selling them as originals. His work was so that even must owners didn't realize the paintings weres.	tings seur
Final Check: A Phony Friend	
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the followed selection carefully: Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	owin pag
When my grandfather, Henry Altman, died, he left me a large sum of money. This was versurprising because he and my father had become estranged years before, after a quarrel, and the	ry he
surprising because he and my latter had become estranged found for the had died before we could meet.	
old man had never even seen me. I was sad that he had died before we could meet.	nis
Soon after the news of my inheritance, a young man named Seth showed up to offer me h	ad
sympathy. Seth said he had been a friend of my grandfather's and that when the old man had between himself and the	he
become ill, he'd asked Seth to act as a (1) between himself and the seth what I think he'd want me	to
granddaughter he'd never met. "It's too late for Henry," said Seth, "but I think he'd want me	••
offer you my friendship. In his later years, he regretted his earlier (2)	
to quarrel with his family."	
Believing that Seth had been my grandfather's friend made me (3)	
to like him, and it gave me (4) to speak to someone who had know	WII Dan
my grandfather. Still, I was puzzled because Seth wasn't able to give me much information. I	OI
example, when I asked some questions about Grandfather's second wife, Seth seemed	.10
(5), saying, "All I can say is that she was quite a woman." On	tne
other hand, Seth appeared genuinely (6) about my welfare, and	his
manners were (7)	
I really didn't know what to make of him until, one day, I had a(n) (8)	
meeting with an old school friend I hadn't seen in years. When I described Seth, my friend lool	ked
startled and said, "I know that guy. He's a phony, a complete (9) F	łe's
after the money, and I bet he never even knew your grandfather."	
When I checked, my friend's story was corroborated by reports of how Seth had tric	ked
several other women out of their inheritances. The next time he called, I told him I knew about	t his
(10) behavior and would notify the police if he ever tried to con	itact
me again.	
September Check 2 % Final Check %	



circumvent cohesive grievous inundate reticent robust sanction vociferous

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

				•
1 attritid (ə-trĭsi		 Sports teams are constant through attrition—those 	ently looking for new tale who retire, quit because of	ent to replace players lost finjuries, and so on.
-noun		 Colleges try not to have until graduation rather th 	a high rate of attrition. Tandrop out early.	They want students to stay
Attritic	n means	a. an increase in number	s. b. a natural loss of in	dividuals. c. ill health.
	nvent om-věnt*)	• If we take this roundabouget home early.	ut route, we can circumve	nt the rush-hour traffic and
-verb		• I had to swerve to the rig	ht to circumvent a huge po	othole.
Circun	<i>ivent</i> means	a. to avoid.	b. to meet head-on.	c. to make smaller.
3 cohes (kō-hē	s ' ĭv)	• For a cohesive pie doug liquid.	h, one that doesn't fall apa	art, be sure to add enough
-adject	adjective	• A family needs to be coh	esive—to stay together eve	n when stresses and strains
		threaten to tear it apart.		
Cohesi	ve means	a. connected.	b. popular.	c. large.
4 grievo (grēv's	os)	 The death of a beloved pe The assassination of a green King, Jr., often does grien 	eat leader, such as Mahatm	i e
Grievoi	us means		b. unavoidable.	c. terrible.
5 inunda (ĭn'ŭn-		 During the heavy rains destroying all the crops. 	, the river overflowed as	nd inundated the fields,
-verb	-verb	After his brief announce from reporters.	ment, the President was	inundated with questions
Inunda	te means	a. to flood.	b. to strengthen.	c. to go around.
6 oblivi o (ə-bliv	'ē-əs)	 The driver continued into the light had turned red. 		y oblivious to the fact that
-adjecti	-adjective	 It's easy to spot two pe everyone else present, see 		e ones who, oblivious to
Oblivio	us to means	a. angry about.	b. not noticing.	c. overwhelmed by.
		And the second s		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

7 reticent (ret'o-sent)	wife or what led to th	eir divorce.	e never talks about his former
-adjective	 It's odd that many reticent about their of 	people who love to gossip own lives.	about someone else are so
Reticent means	a. dishonest.	b. quiet.	c. unaware.
8 robust (rō-bŭst*)	illness.		een considerably weakened by
-adjective	 A number of weight and vigor by taking 	ifters who were previously i steroids.	robust have ruined their health
Robust means	a. very noisy.	b. sickly.	c. strong and well.
9 sanction (săngk/shən)	seemed to sanction	his policies.	y and fanfare, the legislature
-verb	 Many people who government to sanc 	se children attend religion the use of public funds	ous schools would like the to help pay for their education.
Sanction means	a. to grant approval	of. b. to criticize sever	ely. c. to remember.
10 vociferous (vō-sĭf'ər-əs)	vociferous cries of	challenge.	is being invaded, they give
-adjective	 The principal becar sneak out of the fire 	ne angry and vociferous, sh drill.	outing at students who tried to
Vociferous means	a. distant.	b. mild.	c. loud.
			-

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

	·
1.	To authorize, allow, or approve
2.	To cover, as by flooding; overwhelm with a large number or amount
3.	To avoid by going around or as if by going around; to escape from, prevent, or stop through cleverness
4	Quiet or uncommunicative; reluctant to speak out
5	Healthy and strong; vigorous
6	Sticking or holding together; unified
7	Noisy; expressing feelings loudly and intensely
8	A gradual natural decrease in number; becoming fewer in number
9	Causing grief or pain; very serious or severe
10	Unaware; failing to notice

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

-	Sentence	Chach	1
_	Sentence	Uneck	1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

f. oblivious	b. circumvent c. cohesive d. grievous e. inundate g. reticent h. robust l. sanction j. vociferous
	 The chatty, slow-moving clerk at the checkout counter seemed to the fact that the line of impatient customers was growing longer and longer.
	2. A quiet, polite discussion may be better than a(n) argument, but some people get more satisfaction out of yelling and shouting.
	3. In many places, the law doesn't gambling—but the officials don't do much to stop it, either.
·	4. A half-hour of aerobic exercise every other day will help you stay
	5. People sometimes do odd things to regulations. In New York, when saloons were illegal, one owner called his place "O'Neal's Baloon."
<u></u>	6. If you want your essay to be, stick to your point.
	7. Alzheimer's disease is a disaster for the patient and a(n) burden for the family.
	8. Some days we're(e)d with junk mail—the mailbox is crammed ful and overflowing with it.
	9. The cutting down of the rain forests has caused a dangerous rate of among species that live in those forests.
	10. Some people who could benefit from counseling avoid seeing a therapist because they are about private matters.
Nome N	answers to these questions by turning to page 177. Going over the answers carefully will help
NOTE: Now check your you prepare for the next tw	vo practices, for which answers are not given.
NOTE: Now check your you prepare for the next tw	vo practices, for which answers are not given.
ntence Check	vo practices, for which answers are not given.
ntence Check In the answer lines pr	$oldsymbol{2}$
ntence Check In the answer lines pr	2 rovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word 1-2. Craig is(e)d with bills, but he continues to fritter away his money.

	~
u	u
	~

		Chapter 8	49
	7-8. Although my brother was enough to meet enlisting, his eyesight was too poor. He tried memorizing the eye chart.	the army's standa to this probl	rds for lem by
	9-10. The teacher of the Cooking for Health class vegg yolks. "You don't need yolks for a(n) be whites will hold it together."	was about avatter!" he shouted	/oiding 1. "The
Fi	nal Check: Coco the Gorilla	•	
sele	ere is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words, ection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the to ontext clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	p of the previou	llowings page
	Illegal killings of gorillas are reducing their numbers far faster than wou	ld be expected fr	om
	normal (1) Here is the story of one gorilla family		
	Carrying spears and knives, hunters entered an African game preserve, w		vful _.
	to kill or capture wildlife. When they spotted a young gorilla, they closed in	n. Ten adult goril	las,
) ₂₄	members of a(n) (2) family group, attempted	to shield the inf	ant.
, ,	The men quickly killed all the adults. As if (3) to	the infant's screa	ms,
4	the men strapped his hands and feet to bamboo poles with wire, then ca	rried him down	the
	mountain on which he'd been born.		
	After several weeks, Dian Fossey, an American studying gorillas in the	wild, learned that	the
	young gorilla had been taken to park officials. She found him in a cage so	small that he had	no
	room to stand or turn. He was clearly frightened and nearly dead-thirsty	, starving, and v	vith
	infected wounds at his ankles and wrists. Fossey could hardly believe that	it the officials co	ould
	(4)such reprehensible° cruelty.		
	When Fossey demanded an explanation from the park's chief	official, he see	med
	(5) about the animal. Finally, however, he admitted	that he had made	e an
	illegal deal with a German zoo. In return for a new car, he had arranged for	the gorilla's capt	ure.
	Fossey was (6) in insisting that the infant be release		
	official agreed on the condition that the infant be shipped to the zoo as soon a	s his health returr	ied.
	For several months, Fossey cared for the infant, now named Coco, who	would cling to her	r for
	comfort. When he became more (7), he	began to romp	and
	explore. In an effort to (8) the agreement to s	send Coco to the	Z00,
	Fossey (9) (e)d government officials with letters,	begging them to	step
	in and arrange for him to be returned to the wild. In the end, though, the li	ttle gorilla was t	aken
	away from her—a(n) (10) hardship for both	of them. Gorillas	can
	live into their 50s, but Coco died in the zoo at the age of 12.		
	ı	•	

Final Check_

Sentence Check 2 ______%

Scores



depreciate indiscriminate inquisitive nebulous

replete sedentary tenet terse

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	1 bolster (bōl stər)	could be repaired.		r it with cinder blocks until it
	-verb	• When Lisa was in the	hospital, visits from friends	bolstered her spirits.
٠.	Bolster means	a. to reach.	b. to replace.	c. to support.
-	2 depreciate (dĭ-prē'shē-āt')	As soon as you drive worth less than you pa	a new car off the lot, it o	lepreciates; it's immediately
	-verb	 The property deprecia 	ted when the city built a se	wage plant nearby.
,	Depreciate means	a. to become better.	b. to become less valuab	le. c. to become definite.
	3 indiscriminate (ĭn'dĭ-skrĭm'ĭ-nĭt)	• Some people end up I so be selective about w	nopelessly in debt because what and how much you buy	of indiscriminate spending,
-adjective			riminate love of chocolate and fancy imported chocol	. I don't distinguish between ates—I adore them all.
-	Indiscriminate means	a. healthy.	b. unenthusiastic.	c. not selective.
4	4 inquisitive (ĭn-kwĭz*ə-tĭv)	• Inquisitive students us eager to learn.	sually do better than those	who are less curious and less
	-adjective	• Small children are natu them, and they are con-	urally inquisitive. They we stantly asking "Why?"	onder about the world around
-	Inquisitive means	a. hard-working.	b. particular.	c. questioning.
	5 nebulous (něb'yə-ləs) -adjective	 When I ask Leonard v specific ideas. He just use." 	what he wants for his birtl t gives a nebulous answe	nday, he never gives me any r like "Oh, something I can
	**************************************	• "Don't give nebulous specific."	answers on the exam," sa	d the history instructor. "Be
_	Nebulous means	a. indefinite.	b. long.	c. specific.
6 relegate (rĕl'ə-gāt') -verb		 At family gatherings, we the adults ate in the din 	ve kids were always relega ing room.	ted to the kitchen table while
		• When we have overnig me to a cot in the attic.	tht guests, my parents give	them my room and relegate
_	Relegate means	a. to send.	b. to punish.	c. to reward.

	replete (rĭ-plēt*)	 The show was replete wire glittering costumes, dramati 	c lighting, and thrilling r	nusic.
-adjective		• The book of household hin advice," the critic wrote. "E	ts got an excellent revie very homeowner should	w. "It's replete with good purchase a copy."
	Replete means	a. replaced.	b. filled.	c. followed.
8	sedentary (sĕd''n-tĕr'ē)	 People in sedentary occupations, such as bus drivers and writers, need to make a special effort to exercise. 		
	-adjective	 My older sister's lifestyle is is from her living room cou 	s so sedentary that the l ch to the front seat of he	ongest walk she ever takes r car.
· <u> </u>	Sedentary means	a. involving much walking		
9	tenet (těn'ĭt)	 A basic tenet of Islam is 'prophet." 		
	-noun	 This world might be a paradise if everyone lived by such tenets as "Never cause suffering." 		
	Tenet means	a. a principle.	b. a ritual.	c. a prediction.
10	terse (tûrs)	• I was hurt by Roger's ter thanks."		
	-adjective	 A British humor magazin marry: "Don't." 	e once gave this terse	advice to people about to
	Terse means	a. dishonest.	b. unclear.	c. short.
Mat	tching Words i	with Definitions		er Are
E.	allowing are definition	ons of the ten words. Clearly we the previous page will help you	vrite or print each word decide on the meaning of	next to its definition. The each word.
	1	To fall or decreas	e in value or price; to lov	ver the value of
	2	Not chosen carefu	ully; not based on carefu	1 selection
	2	Marked by much	sitting; requiring or taking	ng little exercise

CAUTION. Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the wor's well enough so that you don't need

Plentifully supplied; well-filled

Brief and clear; effectively concise

Curious; eager to learn

Vague; unclear

8. _____

to check the definitions at all.

A belief or principle held to be true by an individual or group

To hold up, strengthen, or reinforce; support with a rigid object

To assign to a less important or less satisfying position, place, or

a. bolster f., relegate	b. depreciate c. indiscriminate d. inquisitive e. nebulous g. replete j. h. sedentary i. tenet j. terse
	I. John considers Arlene rude because her comments are usually, but prefer her brief, clear answers to his long-winded ones.
	2. Pat's TV viewing is He just watches whatever happens to be on.
	3. When a sofa leg broke, we(e)d that end of the sofa with a pile of book
	4. Houses and antiques often increase in value, but most other things, lil cars, computers, and appliances, tend to
	5. A large sign in the boys' treehouse stated their club's main: "No Gir or Snakes Allowed!!!"
	6. The refrigerator was with all kinds of marvelous foods for the party.
	7. The catcher worried that unless he started playing better, he'd be(e) to the minor leagues.
	8. Before this semester, my thoughts about a career were, but now I have a much clearer idea of what work I want to do.
<u>.</u>	9. When we were children, my active sister was always playing tag of jumping rope. I was more, preferring to spend hour after hour justiting and reading.
······································	10. The book Answers to 1,001 Interesting Questions sounds like the perfect gift for a(n) person.
NOTE: Now check you prepare for the nex	our answers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help kt two practices, for which answers are not given.
ntence Chec	k2
ng the answer lines	s provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
3.	
	1-2. When my parents bought their new house, they asked the real estate agent whether it was likely to increase in value or The agent gave this answer: "It's always hard to tell about these things."
	3-4. Dad was a construction worker, but as soon as he reached 60—though he was as robusto as ever—his company(e)d him to a(n) desk job.
	5-6. The guides at the Leaning Tower of Pisa are inundated with question from travelers: "Why is it leaning?" "How far is it leaning?" "Is

 \geq

-	-
-	
J	

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7-8. Folk wisdom is with contradictory sayings ands. It's fur juxtapose° pairs such as "He who hesitates is lost" and "Look bet you leap."	
9-10. Stan is not exactly a speaker, which is why he's earned nickname "Motor Mouth." What's more, his conversation is tot; he uses no discretion but just says anything that comes to mine	ally
Final Check: Our Annual Garage Sale	
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the follow selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous particles will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	
It's almost September-time for our annual garage sale. Our unwanted items keep piling up in	
the basement, which is now so full that we've had to (1) some of the	
collection to the garage. Though the sale is a lot of work, the sight of all those piles and boxes	
(2)s our determination to go through with it.	
This proliferation° of stuff has left us with a huge number of possessions for sale, from tools	
and spools to baskets and gaskets. This year, for example, we have an old bike that some zealot°	
for exercise might buy and a soft chair and footstool for a more (3)	
customer. Our ad states our main (4): "Something for everyone!" Maybe	
that's a bit (5), but we don't want to be specific. We just want to	
disseminate° the general idea that our sale will be (6) with treasures.	-
Last year, one customer took a quick look and departed with the (7)	
comment "Nothing but junk." However, most people seem to take a completely	
(8) approach to shopping. They're predisposed° to spend their money	
on anything, including rusty baking pans and broken lamps. Then there are the	
(9) shoppers who want us to tell them every detail about every item:	j
How old is it? What did we pay for it? Will it increase or (10) in	l
value?	
Friends have foolishly asked us where in the world we get all this junk to sell year after year—	- 1
an inane° question, because the answer is simple. We shop at garage sales.	

Final Check

Scores

Sentence Check 2



bureaucratic mandate ostracize raucous reiterate tantamount tenacious utopia

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 autonomy (ô-tŏn 'ə-mē) -noun	their autonomy. • Children as young a		uled by England, fought for some autonomy. The term	
Autonomy means	a. assistance.	b. freedom from control.	c. self-sacrifice.	
2 bureaucratic (byoor'ə-krăt'ĭk)	• Bureaucratic organizations can become so bogged down in regulations almost no work gets done.			
-adjective		e bureaucratic than the ents. "You have rules for ever	federal government!" Mac ything."	
Bureaucratic means	a. over-regulated.	b. old-fashioned.	c. independent.	
3 mandate (man'dāt')	• All the union memb mandate.	ers voted for the strike, g	iving their leaders a clear	
-noun		so many letters supporting mandate of the people.	his position on gun control	
Mandate means	a. a criticism.	b. a delay.	c. an authorization.	
4 ostracize (ŏs'trə-sīz')		act "different" are often ost them or even talk to them.	racized by their classmates.	
-verb		d a man twenty years you e family. No one would have		
Ostracize means	a. to reject.	b. to feel sorry for.	c. to control.	
5 raucous (rô¹kos)	The audience at the ro- commotion would lead		that we feared the noise and	
-adjective		he audience's behavior beca ers on the screen and pretenc	•	
Raucous means	a. persistent.	b. disorderly.	c. angry.	
6 recourse (rē'kôrs)	• "Unless you pay your but to sue you."	bill," the company threatene	ed, "we'll have no recourse	
-noun	• "We'll try treating you effective, the only reco	u with medication," the doc ourse will be surgery."	tor explained. "If that isn't	
Recourse means	a. a way to get help.	b. a problem.	c. a question.	

7 reiterate (rē-ĭt'ə-rāt') -verb	Unless we receive the continue to suffer."	ated, "I have said this before funds to hire more staff, the	children of this city will	
	• I hate it when a speak listeners weren't paying	er reiterates the same point attention or were just too stu	over and over, as if the pid to understand.	
Reiterate means	a. to repeat.	b. to forget.	c. to exclude.	
8 tantamount	• Charging three dollars for a cup of coffee is tantamount to robbery.			
(tănt'ə-mount') -adjective	• My mother's refusal to to go to the beach.	let me have the car was tant	amount to forbidding me	
Tantamount to means	a. the result of.	b. just like.	c. independent of.	
9 tenacious (tə-nā [†] shəs) -adjective	 The cat's grip on the ledge was tenacious, but we weren't sure how long she could keep hanging on so firmly. 			
	 My aunt's tenacious de illness. 	etermination to recover may he	ave pulled her through her	
Tenacious means	a. grasping strongly.	b. weak and ineffective.	c. slowly shrinking.	
10 utopia (yoo-to'pe-a)	 In 1888, Edward Bellamy wrote about a utopia where everyone would have a comfortable income, work only until the age of 45, and then enjoy leisure. 			
-noun	 Everyone has a different idea of utopia. A situation that seems perfect to me might make you miserable. 			
<i>Utopia</i> means	a. a city.	b. a self-government.	c. a paradise.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or prim each word next to its definition. The, sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	An ideal or perfect place or state; a place achieving social or political perfection
2	Noisy and disorderly; boisterous
3	A source of help, security, or strength; something to turn to
4	Insisting on strict rules and routine, often to the point of hindering effectiveness
5	To state again or repeatedly
6	Independence; self-government
7	A group's expressed wishes; clear signal to act; vote of confidence
8	To expel or exclude from a group
9	Equal in effect or value; the same as
10	Holding firmly; persistent; stubborn

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

	b. bureaucratic c. mandate d. ostracize e. raucous g. reiterate h. tantamount i. tenacious j. utopia
-	 I'd love a job with a great deal of I want to set my own hours, work a home when I like, and make many decisions on my own.
	2. In high school, Felipe was(e)d because of his political views, but in college he found many people who shared his opinions.
	3. When you write a letter of complaint, begin by stating what you want the company to do about the problem. Then this request at the end.
	4. Our local supermarket is so expensive that shopping there is to throwing our money away.
	5. The children on the school bus were so that the driver got a headache from all the noise.
	6. Helen's smoking was a habit; she wasn't able to give it up until she watched her brother die of lung cancer.
	7. Idealists have sometimes tried to establishs, but these communities have always failed. I wonder if it is possible to achieve perfection.
	8. While most college instructors are flexible, some are very, allowing no exceptions to the rules regardless of the circumstances.
<u></u>	
	10. In the past, workers often had no when employers discriminated against them. Today, however, they can seek help from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
NOTE: Now check your aryou prepare for the next two	nswers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.

1-2. One concept of a(n) ___ is a society in which each individual maintains his or her ___ yet collaborates° with others to achieve the good for all.

3-4. "My company is so ____," Nick complained, "that we are buried in paperwork. Sometimes we have to ____ the same information on five

different forms."

	•	Chapter 10 57
5	-6. If elected officials ignore the of the people the of voting those officials out of office.	le, citizens always have
7-	-8. Our neighbor has a belief in superstitions. that our owning a black cat is to asking for	For instance, she insists grievous° misfortune.
9-	10. The kids' basketball league(e)d one reprehensible behavior of its players. They en on the court, instigated fights, and constantly rules. Now the other teams refuse to play them.	gaged in horseplay
Final Chach: A Daha	te on School Uniforms	
Here is a final opportunity for	you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words.	First read the following
(Context clues will help you fi	n each blank with a word from the box at the to gure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	word once.
At Monday's student	council meeting, the officers debated about whe	ther or not students
should be required to wear		
	the senior class, stated that as an elected representa	tive of the students,
	ge the dress code without a clear (1)	
	a change. "Personally," she said, "I think that for	
	of their (2) What is	
	ty to think and act independently? Besides," she	
	enough. We don't need	
regulations."		, -
0	f the junior class, disagreed. "The current situati	on in our school is
<u>-</u>	to a three-ring circus," he said. "Students compete	
• •	ne outfits show so much skin that they belong on a l	
	stentatious° designer clothes that they (5)	
	up with them. I'm not saying that uniforms would cl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	No place is perfect. I just think that if v	
	is a strict dress code."	
At that several stude	nts burst into (8) disag	greement, yelling and
	After several minutes of vociferous chaos, the me	
and Barbara was called or		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	in her opinion, she insisted, "I understand	d what you're saying,
Por but I want to (10)	a point I made earlier. Ur	iforms do away with
	pice, and one of my tenets° is that personal choice is	
	Sentence Check 2% Final Check:	
Scores	Sentence Check 2 % Pinal Check	<u>-</u> %



clandestine contingency egocentric exonerate incongruous indigenous liability prolific reinstate superfluous

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 clandestine • In a clandestine meeting in an alley, Steve sold his employer's valuable anti-(klăn-dĕs tin) aging formula to a competitor. -adjective • The famous "Underground Railroad" was not an actual railroad; it was a clandestine network that took escaped slaves to safety in the years before the Civil War. Clandestine means a. popular. b. unnecessary. c. concealed. 2 contingency · Faye thought her company might transfer her to another city. With that (kən-tin jən-sē) contingency in mind, she decided to rent a house rather than buy one. · We believe in providing for every contingency. We have a list of emergency phone numbers, a first-aid kit, and a box of candles in case of a power failure. Contingency means a. a possibility. b. an advantage. c. a desire. 3 egocentric • Denise is completely egocentric. Whatever event takes place, she thinks only (ē'gō-sĕn'trĭk) of how it will affect her personally. -adjective • "We've talked enough about me," said the egocentric author to a friend, "Now let's talk-about you.-What do you think of my-new-book?" a. self-involved. b. unselfish. Egocentric means c. self-educated. 4 exonerate Saul was suspected of robbing a bank, but he was exonerated when the hidden (ĕg-zŏn'ər-āt') camera's photos clearly showed someone else holding up the teller. -verb · Politicians accused of illegal activities always seem to say the same thing: that they'll be exonerated when all the facts are known. b. to be found guilty. c. to be found not guilty. *Exonerate* means a. to be harmed. 5 incongruous • The cuckoo lays eggs in other birds' nests. This practice can result in the (ĭn-kŏng groo-əs) incongruous sight of one large cuckoo chick among several tiny baby robins. -adjective • It wasn't really incongruous for a former general to join the peace movement. He had seen the horrors of war. Incongruous means a. contradictory. c. not noticeable. b. unnecessary. 6 indigenous · Kangaroos are indigenous only to Australia. They have never been found (ĭn-dĭj'ə-nəs) living anywhere else in the world.

• Corn was not indigenous to Europe, so Europeans had never seen or heard of it until their explorers first reached the New World and found it growing there.

c. welcomed.

b. native.

-adjective

Indigenous means

a. important.

7 liability (lĩ 'ə-bĭl 'ə-tē)	 My shyness with strangers would be a liability in any job that involved meeting the public, such as sales. 			
-noun	 When Juanita returned to school at age 40, she was afraid her age would be a liability. Instead, she found that it gave her an advantage over younger students. 			
<i>Liability</i> means	a. an asset.	b. a hardicap.	c. a necessity.	
8 prolific (prō-lĭf'ĭk) -adjective	 Rabbits deserve their reputation for being prolific. A female can produce three families each summer. 			
	 Haydn was a prolific c 104 symphonies. 	omposer. He wrote, among m	any other musical works,	
Prolific means	a. creating abundantly.	b. working secretly.	c. important.	
9 reinstate (rē'ĭn-stāt') -verb	 Michiko left work for a year to stay home with her new baby. When she returned, she was relieved and happy to be reinstated in her former job. 			
	 The college had canceled the course in folklore, but the demand was so great that the class had to be reinstated. 			
Reinstate means	a. to recognize.	b. to appreciate.	c. to put back.	
10 superfluous (soo-pûr floo-es) -adjective	• In the phrase "rich millionaire," the word rich is superfluous. All millionaires are rich.			
	 Lately, business at the store has been so slow that the three clerks have almost nothing to do. Two of them seem superfluous. 			
Superfluous means	a. unnecessary.	b. ordinary.	c. required.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

I,	Something that acts as a disadvantage; a drawback
2	Done in secret; kept hidden
3	Out of place; having parts that are not in harmony or that are inconsistent
4	A possible future event that must be prepared for or guarded against possibility
5	Living, growing, or produced naturally in a particular place; native
6	Beyond what is needed, wanted, or useful; extra
7	Producing many works, results, or offspring; fertile
8.	To clear of an accusation or charge; prove innocent
9	Self-centered; seeing everything in terms of oneself
10.	To restore to a previous position or condition; bring back into being or use

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

-	g: liability h. prolific l. reinstate j. superfluous
	1. Agnes is only five feet tall, but her boyfriend is six-foot-four. They make a(n)looking couple.
	 Sharon and Ben have(e)d a Jewish family tradition they hadn't observed for years: lighting candles on the Sabbath.
·	3. Bad handwriting isn't a serious in an age of computers.
	4. Here, squirrels are red or gray, but I used to live in a state where black squirrels were
	5. Although our city has never been struck by an earthquake, it has emergency plans for just such a
	6. Two students were blamed for starting the fire in the physics lab, but they were(e)d when it was found that the cause was faulty electrical equipment.
	 7. Flies are amazingly Within a five-month breeding period, one female can produce thousands of offspring.
	8. Because a submarine is able to hide underwater, it can be very useful in operations.
	9. "Your writing is too wordy," the teacher had written on my paper. "Eliminate all those words and phrases."
	10. Nancy is so that when I told her my car had been stolen, her only reaction was, "Does this mean you can't drive me to work tomorrow?"
	ur answers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help two practices, for which answers are not given.
	t two practices, for which answers are not given.
you prepare for the next	t two practices, for which answers are not given.
you prepare for the next entence Check sing the answer lines ce.	two practices, for which answers are not given. 2 2 provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word 1-2. People who spend Christmas in Florida often find the decorations

c	4
Q	h

	Chapter 11	61
5-6. The author has just come out with her publishes numerous books, her writing style words.	fiftieth novel. Although remains tight, with no	she
7-8. The foreman is so that he has become Concerned only with his own needs, he's of workers.	ne a to the comp plivious° to the needs of	pany. of the
9-10. The ship's captain seemed to be losing his to the might become completely insane, the credit discuss what to do in that	mental balance. Fearing ew held a(n) meeti	that ng to
Final Check: My Large Family		
Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten we selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use	e top of the previous	page.
For many years I didn't realize that my family was larger than	normal. That's because	se
enormous families somehow seemed (1)	to our neighborhood.	Ι
don't know what made people on our block so (2)	, but the Harrison	ıs,
on one side of us, had nine kids; and the Montoyas, on the other side, had	twelve. When Mom sa	id
she was going to have her eleventh child, the ten of us wondered	if another baby wasn	ı't
(3): one more than necessary. Still, I think	we enjoyed one anoth	er `
as much as any family I know. Naturally, we had our battles, but thou	gh they were sometim	es
intense, they never lasted long, and it didn't take much to (4)		
yourself in a brother's or a sister's good graces. If nothing else wo	rked, you could alwa	ys
(5) yourself by blaming whatever had hap	pened on another sibli	ng
who wasn't home at the moment. Also, we learned to cooperate. When y	ou have to get along wi	ith
so many different people, you learn not to be (6)	A self-center	ed
person wouldn't have lasted ten minutes in my home.		•
Of course, there were times when the size of our family was a (7)		<u></u> .
With all those people around, any kind of (8)	_ activity was just abo	out
impossible—there was simply no place to hide and no way to keep a sect	et. Our numbers could	be
a disadvantage to others, as well. Once, a new neighbor, not realizing ho	w many of us there we	re,
offered to take us all for ice cream. With amusement, he watched the (9)		
sight of nine children and one toddler trying to squeeze into an ordinary	passenger car. Althou	ıgh
he obviously hadn't been prepared for such a(n) (10)	, it did	ln't
squelch° his plans. He just grinned and said, "Okay, we'll go in shifts."		
squeren ins plans. He just graniou and said, Comp, and a go		

Sentence Check 2_

Scores

%

Final Check _



a-, anbibl-, bibliofid -ism nov panprim, prime rect sym-, synver

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 a-, an-	 Harold is completely apolitical. He never votes and never even seems to know who the candidates are. 		
	 Aspirin is an analg be without pain. 	esic, or painkiller. If you take	it, you will soon
The word part a- or an- means	a. true.	b. without.	c. new.
2 bibl-, biblio-	• The first book printe	ed from movable type was the C	utenberg Bible.
The word part bibl- or biblio-	 Mr. Steffen was a books was sold, man 	noted bibliophile, so when hy other book lovers crowded the	nis collection of ne auction room.
means	a. book.	b. religious doctrine.	c. belief.
3 fid	• People think of dogs as trusty companions. This is reflected in the traditional name for a dog, "Fido," which means "faithful one."		
	 From the viewpoint who does not believe 	of a particular religion, an inte	fidel is a person
The word part fid means	a. first.	b. loyalty.	c. real.
4 -ism	• Totalitarianism is a system of government in which a dictator rules and the state controls every aspect of people's lives.		
· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		e to America in the 1600s to	to establish the
The word part -ism means	a. a set of beliefs.	b. a lack of something.	c. a rank.
5 nov		rying to sell us something nev kates, and the next year it was s	
÷	 Anya is an innovative cook, always thinking combinations, like sweet potatoes and oranges. 		
The word part nov means	a. important.	b. original.	c. realistic.
6 pan-	 As the name implie from all the America. 	s, the Pan-American games cas—North America, Central	involve athletes America, and
	• Some people turn to for all the problems i	drugs in hopes of finding a pa r n their lives.	nacea, a remedy
The word part <i>pan</i> - means	a. new.	b. true.	c. entire.

			-
7 prim, prime	 When you go deep primeval times, lor 	o into a forest, you can im	agine yourself back in on the scene.
	 "Prime" beef is the in fat and in price. 	highest-quality cut. Unfortu	inately, it's also highest
The word part <i>prim</i> or <i>prime</i> means	a. first.	b. true.	c. entire.
8 rect	• The pool, a large straight as the sides	rectangle, was surrounded of the pool itself.	by bushes in rows as
	We sometimes lear and then figuring o	n best by trying something ut how to rectify the error.	new, making a mistake,
The word part rect means	a. real.	b. recent.	c. straight.
9 sym-, syn-	 A syndrome is a c particular disease. 	collection of symptoms that	normally accompany a
TVd mont over or over	 We'd better synch them all right now, 	ronize our watches before that exactly 1:46.	the race starts, Let's set
The word part sym- or syn- means	a. truth.	b. together.	c. faith.
10 ver	• 1 thought Jesse neighbors showed	was lying about having soup, they verified his story.	een a UFO, but when
	 A verdict should have judged a case 	be an honest statement of h	ow members of the jury
The word part ver means	a. together.	b. orderly.	c. true.
Matching Word Parts Following are definitions of the Sentences above and on the	he ten word parts. Clearly	y write or print each word p	eart next to its definition.
1	Doctrine, system	practice of	
2	Trust, faith, loyal	ty	
3	Straight, right		
4	Without, lacking	not	
5.	First (in order or	importance)	
6	True, real		
7	With, together		
8	New, original, fr	esh	
9.	All		

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

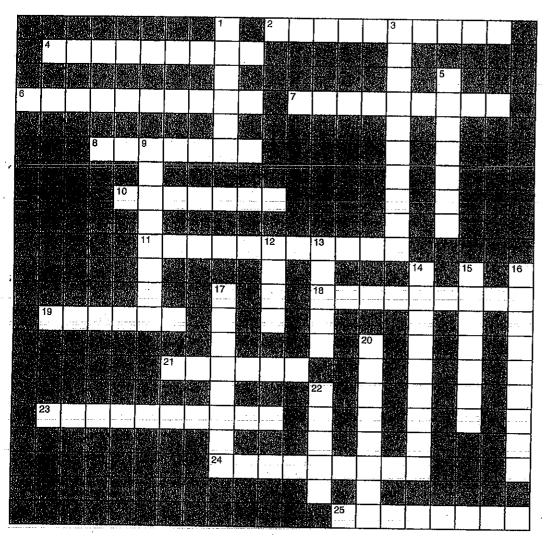
Book

	 Vicki has gotten an A on every paper and test in her biology class, so she (conent) that she'll get an A for the course. I don't know how the magician did it, but he held up the (y) care was thinking of
	2. I don't know how the magician did it, but he held up the (y) care
	was thinking of.
	3. From the top of the mountain, Cliff was able to take pictures of breathtaking (orama) The entire valley was spread out before his
	4. The (ary) grades are generally considered to be kindergarten are first grade.
	5. When people say "as the crow flies," they mean in a straight line, a (diroute from one place to another.
n and a second succession	6. Psychologists often use (therapy) to help troubled children. Whe children read books about others in similar situations, they may be able work through their own problems.
	7. (onyms) are words with the same meaning. But even words the are very close in meaning may suggest different things—for example break and shatter.
	8. (<i>Hindu</i>) includes a principle called reincarnation: the belief the when we die, our souls return to earth to exist in new bodies.
	9. When she received the (onymous) note from "an admirer," Jenn was just itching to know who had sent it.
	10. Ted and Sara are trying to decide if it's worthwhile trying to (re ate their rickety old farmhouse, or if it would make more sense just to tea it down and build a new one.
NOTE. Now check your anyou prepare for the next two	nswers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
entence Check 2	}
	vided, complete each italicized word in the sentences below with the correct word

en they collaborated on a term paper about (Naz), Eddied Dina compiled a long (graphy) of books dealing with er, the Nazis, and World War II. phony) orchestra consists of about a hundred musicians. It many people are going to play together as a cohesive unit, they at follow the (diion) of the conductor. mals are said to be (moral), having no concept of right orang, but that isn't always (ified) by their behavior. Fo ance, a dog may slink around guiltily after chewing on the rug. uncle feels he is on the verge of developing an (in ative) get that will make a fortune. To keep his idea from being stolen, he con ing) in only a few people he really trusts.
many people are going to play together as a cohesive unit, they st follow the $(di \dots ion)$ of the conductor. mals are said to be $(\dots moral)$, having no concept of right one, but that isn't always $(\dots ified)$ by their behavior. Fo ance, a dog may slink around guiltily after chewing on the rug. uncle feels he is on the verge of developing an $(in \dots ative)$ get that will make a fortune. To keep his idea from being stolen, he
ng, but that isn't always (ified) by their behavior. Fo ance, a dog may slink around guiltily after chewing on the rug. uncle feels he is on the verge of developing an (in ative) get that will make a fortune. To keep his idea from being stolen, he
get that will make a fortune. To keep his idea from being stolen, he
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1
o strengthen your knowledge of the ten word parts. First read the implete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parentheses below with a word page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word part goe nice.
p in a Catholic family, he himself never adopted (Catholic)
but set off on a search for his own ideas. He read the (e)
roughly and visited many places where people gather together to
(3) , mosques, and temples—but he
f any organized religion. Finally, he developed what he thought
idea: that God exists in all of nature, in trees, rivers,
more about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive)
more about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive) societies, though, he found that this concept—(theism)
more about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive)
nore about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive) societies, though, he found that this concept—(theism)—was not really new and had existed for a long time and in many
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more about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive) societies, though, he found that this concept—(theism)—was not really new and had existed for a long time and in many om his parents, who felt that his idea was tantamount to, the same as saying there is no God at all. They saw who had abandoned the faith of his own this grievous error and
more about the beliefs of early humans and more (itive) societies, though, he found that this concept—(theism)—was not really new and had existed for a long time and in many om his parents, who felt that his idea was tantamount to, the same as saying there is no God at all. They saw who had abandoned the faith of his own

UNIT TWO: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Two. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



attrition bolster egocentric equivocate exonerate inquisitive inundate liability liaison ostracize prolific raucous recourse reinstate reiterate replete reticent robust sham solace solicitous tenet terse utopia vociferous

ACROSS

- 2. Expressing feelings loudly
- 4. A gradual natural decrease in number; becoming fewer
- 6. Showing or expressing concern, care, or attention
- Something that acts as a disadvantage; a drawback
- 8. Plentifully supplied
- 10. To hold up, strengthen, or reinforce
- 11. Curious; eager to learn
- 18. To restore to a previous position or condition
- 19. Comfort in sorrow or misfortune; consolation

- 21. An ideal or perfect place or state
- 23. Self-centered; seeing everything in terms of oneself
- 24. To clear of an accusation or charge; prove innocent
- 25. Quiet or uncommunicative; reluctant to speak out

DOWN

- 1. Healthy and strong; vigorous
- 3. To be deliberately vague in order to mislead
- 5. A person who serves as a connection between individuals or groups

- 9. Producing many works, results, or offspring; fertile
- 12. A pretense or counterfeit; something meant to deceive
- 13. Brief and clear
- 14. To expel or exclude
- 15. Noisy and disorderly
- 16. To state again or repeatedly
- 17. A source of help, security, or strength; something to turn to
- 20. To cover, as by flooding; overwhelm with a large number or amount
- 22. A belief or principle held to be true by an individual or group

UNIT TWO: Test 1

	I. When he's caug result, few peop	ght in a tight spot, Pe ble trust him anymore	eter has an unfortu e.	nate to lie. As a
	a. utopia	b. propensity	c. attrition	d. contingency
	2. My high-school good times and	ol pals and I were a bad.	group. We str	ick together through
	a. prolific	b. bureaucratic	c. cohesive	d. terse
	3. In almost any j	ob, being unable to re	ead is a definite	
	a. recourse	b. mandate	c. tenet	d. liability
	4. Felipe seems s		s hard to believe h	e was close to death
	a. robust	b. terse	c. indigenous	d. superfluous
······································	5. When I asked green is a terri	my father if he like fic color."	d my new dress, h	e, saying, "That
	a. inundated	b. equivocated	c. ostracized	d. depreciated
	6. At age 10, my upset at any st	cousin still has a _ aggestion that he doe	belief in Santa sn't exist.	Claus. She becomes
	a. sedentary	b. tenacious	c. tantamount	d. nebulous
	7. The math ten	ncher his explanded his were having d	anation of the pr lifficulty understan	oblem several times ding it.
	a. depreciated		c. exonerated	d. circumvented
	8. Because of th	e nature of drug	dealing, it is very	difficult to stop. Most behind closed doors.
	a. terse	b. clandestine	c. solicitous	d. fortuitous
	9. The managers	s at Brian's company he union because the	refused to the	e early-retirement plan
	a. ostracize	b. sanction	c. inundate	d. circumvent
	ensure the co	merican wedding is puple's fertility, inching shoes to the back o	uding having a we	originally intended to edding cake, throwing
	a. tantamoun		c. replete	d. grievous

On the a	inswer line, write the letter of the choice that best	completes each item.
11	 Hedda is interested only in sedentary jobs, such a. digging ditches. c. teaching physical-education classes. 	b. working in a busy sporting-goods store. d. sitting at a desk answering an office phone.
12	2. Some people wanted the fired teacher to be reina. didn't deserve her pension.c. was an excellent teacher.	stated because she b. had already started working at a new job. d. had allowed cheating in her classroom.
13	Which of the following phrases contains a supera. "A big huge whale."c. "A frisky young dog."	rfluous word? b. "A small red chicken." d. "A beautiful black cat."
14	 Lilian is extremely reticent about her private lift a. know almost nothing about it. c. really get tired of her bragging. 	e. As a result, I b. know every detail of her private life, d. worry that she trusts the wrong people.
15	 A meeting in my neighbor's apartment was so ra a. I didn't know it was taking place. c. everyone was very pleased. 	b. she had to borrow some chairs from me. d. the noise kept me awake for hours.
16	 Which of the following is an example of attritional. The number of students enrolled in the algebrate. b. The population in our town has increased so increased so increased. c. In January we had a single pair of mice; by Increased in the solution in our town has increased so increased. d. The 50-year class reunion attracted 47 graduates. 	ra class remained the same all semester. much we've had to build a second school.
17.	a. 9 p.m., when it could compete with the most b. a new host with a more sparkling personality. c. an action-adventure series featuring a new kind. 1:30 a.m., when few people would be watching.	popular shows.
18.	I considered it tantamount to lying when a cowo a. caught our boss telling a lie. b. remained silent when another worker was acc c. refused to tell a lie, no matter what the consec d. criticized others for lying.	used of his error.
19.	Which of the following people was solicitous to a. His boss, who threatened to fire him if he did b. His daughter, who whined, "But you promise c. His wife, who made him chicken soup and br d. His little boy, who bounced up and down on h	n't get back to work. d to take me to the mall today." ought him aspirin.
20.	One way to give children autonomy is to a. stand back and let them make their own decise b. watch them every minute and punish them if t c. put them on a schedule that includes time for d. praise them when they get good grades and di	ions—and their own mistakes. hey do anything wrong. schoolwork, sports, and enrichment activities.
	1000000000000000000000000000000000000	

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT TWO: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word oncé.

	f: oblivious g. pr	konerate c. grievous d. inundate e. mandate redisposed h. prolific i. sham j. solace topia m. vociferous
		I hate mornings. My idea of a(n) would be a world in which no job or class began before noon.
		The local election made the voters' clear: Build more neighborhood parks.
	3.	People who ignore their elderly parents do them a(n) wrong.
	4,	We tried to the construction area by taking the other highway, but that road was being repaired too.
	5.	The main of the "Girls Are Great" club is that girls can do anything boys can do.
	6.	Gerry was accused of stealing a wallet but was(e)d when the wallet was found in another student's locker.
	7.	Because his father and grandfather both had heart disease, my cousin worries that he may be to the same disorder.
	8.	Susan signed in and began work, to the fact that she had forgotten to change from her bedroom slippers into her shoes.
	9.	When the Bakers' young daughter died last year, they found with a support group of other parents who had also lost a child.
	10.	After telling a reader to say goodbye to her boyfriend, the newspaper advice columnist was(e)d with thousands of letters saying she was wrong.
	11.	When three-year-old Ginger doesn't get what she wants, her protests are so that you can hear her all over the neighborhood.
_	12.	The invitation we sent my parents to attend a friend's birthday party was a(n) We were actually giving a surprise party in honor of their anniversary.
	13.	The most woman on record is a Russian peasant who lived in the early 1700s. She gave birth to sixty-nine children—sixteen pairs of twins, seven sets of triplets, and four sets of quadruplets.

write C ii	the italicized word is used	correctly, Write I if t	he word is used inco i	rrectly.
14.	Sally's appearance was imp	eccable. Even her fin	gernails were dirty.	
15.	Some people invest in art ar	nd antiques, hoping th	at their investments	will eventually depreciate.
	When Clarence arrived at of thrilled to be so warmly we		iately ostracized by	the other campers. He was
	After getting no satisfaction to contact the president of the		, Mom decided that I	her best recourse would be
	As a liaison between the hatients' conditions in langu			provides information about
	My cousin is so egocentri assumed the gathering was			
PART C On the ans	wer line, write the letter of	the word that is the sy	nonym of the boldfa	
	Example: <u>a</u> robust	a. healthy	b. dangerous	c. weak
20.	reprehensible	a. forbidden	b. admirable	c. blameworthy
21.	nebulous	a. clear	b. large	c. vague
22.	indigenous	a, angry	b. native	c. foreign
PART D On the ans	wer line, write the letter of	the word that is the ar	ntonym of the boldfa	ced word.
	Example: _c_ robust	a. healthy	b. dangerous	c. weak
23.	inquisitive	a. excited	b. bored	c. curious
24.	incongruous	a. inconsistent	b. complete	c. suitable
25.	terse	a. wordy	b. relaxed	c. brief
	·			

PART B

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT TWO: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1.	FORTUITOUS : BY CHANCE ::	
	a. anonymous : by name c. commonplace : familiar	b. blessed : unluckyd. automated : by hand
2.	REPREHENSIBLE : MURDER ::	
	a. enjoyable : sickness c. impossible : fact	b. praiseworthy : good deedd. terrible : kindness
3.	SHAM : DISGUISE ::	
	a. plan : blueprintc. framework : building	b. smile : frown d. mask : face
4.	SOLICITOUS : UNCARING ::	
	a. sole : onlyc. solar : system	b. satisfying : displeasingd. solitary : alone
5.	CIRCUMVENT : GO AROUND ::	•
	a. circulate : stop c. bridge : go back	b. tunnel: go over d. depart: go away
6.	OBLIVIOUS : AWARE ::	
	a. obvious : clearc. optional : required	b. insulting: disrespectful d. unclear: vague
7.	RETICENT : SILENT ::	
	a. evil: ugly c. helpful: nurse	b. lighthearted : gloomyd. well-known : famous
8,	VOCIFEROUS : PROTESTORS ::	•
	a. violent : pacifistsc. virtuous : criminals	b. brave : heroesd. victorious : losers
9.	BOLSTER: WEAKEN::	
	a. heal : curec. build : destroy	b. scrub : clean d. search : hope
10.	INDISCRIMINATE : SELECTIVE ::	
	a. indistinct : vague	b. injurious : harmful d. intolerant : open-minded

11	SEDENTARY: RECEPTIONIST::	
	a. healthy: plumber	b. hammer : carpenter
	c. dangerous : firefighter	d. unskilled: nuclear physicist
12.	TENET: RELIGION::	
	a. custom: culture	b. hobby: workplace
	c. law: friendship	d. foreign policy: day-care center
13.	AUTONOMY: PRISONER::	
	a. wealth: billionaire	b. information: newspaper
	c. victory: country	d. expertise : beginner
14.	BUREAUCRATIC: CORPORATION::	
	a. educational : museum	b. peaceful: riot
	c. predictable : surprise	d. damp : famine
15.	RAUCOUS : SOCCER FANS ::	
	a. delicate: boxers	b. competitive: political candidates
	c. soothing: rock musicians	d. powerless : police
16.	UTOPIA: IMPERFECT::	en e
	a. wedding: happy	b. situation comedy: new
-	c. attack: peaceful	d. lecture : educational
17.	CONTINGENCY : PREPARE ::	
	a. accident: happen	b. car: repair
	c. mistake : intend	d. goal: aim
18.	EXONERATE: EVIDENCE::	
	a. pollute : chemicals	b. bake: cake
	c. write: essay	d. sleep: energy
19.	INCONGRUOUS : BLUE APPLE ::	
	a. unbearable : comfortable	b. inferior : first-class
	c. inedible : granite	d. impossible : somersault
20.	PROLIFIC : OFFSPRING ::	
	a. deceptive : truth	b. imaginative: ideas
	c. children: parents	d. teacher: students

UNIT TWO: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

Word Parts	Examples	Definitions
1. a-, an-	apolitical, analgesic	a. First (in order or importance)
2. bibl-, biblio-	Bible, bibliophile	b. All
3. fid	Fido, infidel	c. Without, lacking, not
4ism	totalitarianism, Quakerism	d. New, original, fresh
5. nov	novelty, innovative	e. Straight, right
6. pan	Pan-American, panacea	f. Doctrine, system, practice of
7. prim, prime	primeval, prime	g. Trust, faith, loyalty
8. rect	rectangle, rectify	h. Book
9. sym-, syn-	symptom, synchronize	i. True, real
10. ver	verify, verdict	j. With, together

PART B

Using the answer line provided, complete each *italicized* word in the sentences below with the correct word part from the box. Not every word part will be used.

a an- f. pan	
	11. My uncle, a(n) (phile), collects rare and beautiful books.
	12. Zen (Buddh) stresses meditation and self-reliance.
	13. (orexia) "" means a lack of appetite for food.
	14. The (American) Highway runs from Alaska to Chile, linking all the Americas.
	15. Musical comedies are a(n) (thesis) of several arts, bringing together dancing, singing, and acting.

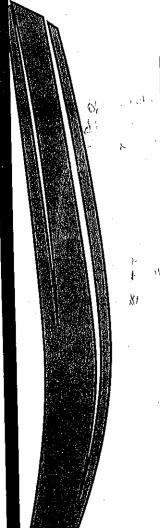
Use your write the	knowledge of word parts to deteletter of each meaning.	ermine the meaning of the boldface	ed words. On the answer line,
16.	. Jessica was a novice at carpenti	·y.	
	a. an expert	b. a beginner	c. a worker
17.	The book is an outdated prime	on chemistry.	
	a. a first book	b. an argument	c. a workbook
18.	The church teaches rectitude.		
	a. righteousness	b. patience	c. the masses
19.	The jurors doubted the veracity	of the defense attorney's witness.	
	a. memory	b. intentions	c. honesty
20.	The President's wife is his friend	d and confidant.	
	a. an admirer b. th	ne mother of his children	c. a person one trusts

enough to tell secrets to

PART C

Score (Number correct) x5 = %

Unit Three



Chapter 13

advocate impede antipathy inclusive emancipate jurisdiction idiosyncrasy precarious imminent preposterous

Chapter 14

austere metamorphosis
esoteric notorious
facsimile perfunctory
grotesque provocative
mesmerize travesty

Chapter 15

connoisseur	lucid
conspiracy	plight
contrite	superficially
distraught	symmetrical
germane	verbose

Chapter 16

adept presumptuous
encompass sordid
entrepreneur standardize
eradicate stint
homogeneous stringent

Chapter 17

exhort	masochist
flamboyant	meticulous
foible	rancor
innocuous	recrimination
magnanimous	repugnant .

Chapter 18

miss, mit
mort
poly-
tempo, tempor
ten



antipathy emancipate idiosyncrasy imminent inclusive jurisdiction precarious preposterous

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	T V See S Mountaine.
1 advocate (ăd'və-kāt')	• One author was refused permission to give a speech on campus because he advocates violence as a means of social reform.
-verb	 Some gardeners consider chemicals and pesticides harmful; instead, they advocate using "organic" methods of growing fruits and vegetables.
Advocate means	a. to oppose. b. to promote. c. to understand.
2 antipathy (ăn-ti /pə-thē)	• Bud's parents didn't understand why he hated school until they found that the reason for his antipathy was poor eyesight: he couldn't see the chalkboard.
-noun	• I can't believe that my sister is going to marry Frank. Just a few months ago, she showed complete antipathy toward him.
Antipathy means	a. a strong dislike. b. a lack of concern. c. a preference.
3 emancipate (ē-măn'sĭ-pāt') -verb	 The salesman promised that his amazing machine—a vacuum cleaner, floor polisher, and carpet shampooer in one—would emancipate us from hours of backbreaking housework.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• When the Allies entered Germany at the end of World War II, they emancipated many foreigners and political prisoners who had been used as slave laborers in German industries.
Emancipate means	a. to encourage. b. to administer justice. c. to free.
4 idiosyncrasy (ĭd'ē-ō-sĭng'krə-sē) -noun	• My uncle asks very personal questions, but please don't be offended—it's just an idiosyncrasy of his. He doesn't realize how odd it seems to others.
	• For as long as I've known Clara, she's had the unusual idiosyncrasy of dressing only in black.
Idiosyncrasy means	a. a personal habit. b. a dangerous habit. c. a selfish habit.
5 imminent	We canceled the picnic because a thunderstorm seemed imminent.
(ĭm ' ə-nənt) - <i>adjective</i>	• As word spread that the king's death was imminent, the people began to gather at the palace gates. They wanted to be nearby when he died.
Imminent means	a. over. b. delayed. c. likely to occur soon.
6 impede (ĭm-pēd') -verb	 Muddy roads impeded the progress of the trucks bringing food to the refugees. The construction work at the mall impeded shoppers, who had to step around piles of planks, cables, crates, tools, and sacks of cement.

b. to hinder.

c. to include,

Impede means

a. to oppress.

7 inclusive (ĭn-kloo'sĭv) -adjective	treatments, and other • The newspaper's cov	's annual fee is inclusive, services. Verage of the trial was inclusication of the courtroom proceeding.	ve; day by day, it printed a
Inclusive means	a, complete.	b. lacking something.	c. about to start.
8 jurisdiction (joor'is-dik'shen) -noun	Officials had forbide beyond their jurisdic	er, the Globe, was built acro len theaters in London, but the ction.	e other side of the river was
	• The United States I soil; those embassies	nas no jurisdictio r, over forei s are under the authority of the	gn embassies on American ir own governments.
Jurisdiction means	a. advice.	b. beliefs.	c. control.
9 precarious	• The icy roads made	travel precarious .	
(prē-kâr e-əs) -adjective	• The old, worn-out electrical wiring in the building puts all the residents in a precarious position. At any moment, it could fail, causing a fire.		
Precarious means	a. unsafe.	b. illegal.	c. unusual.
10 preposterous (prē-pŏs tər-əs)	 Louis always come wants to open a dou 	s up with preposterous get-r ghnut shop in Antarctica.	rich-quick schemes. Now he
-adjective	• The discovery of x- fears. For example,	rays in 1895 was followed by s merchants in England sold "x-	some preposterous ideas and ray-proof' underwear.
Preposterous means	a. risky.	b. exciting.	c. ridiculous.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	To delay or slow; get in the way of
2	Including much or everything; broad or complete in coverage
3.	To speak or write in favor of; support
4	The authority to administer justice; authority; range or extent of authority
5	A strong dislike or distaste; hatred
6.	To set free from slavery, captivity, or oppression
7.	Contrary to nature or reason and thus laughable; absurd
8.	A personal peculiarity; quirk
	Dangerous; risky; dangerously uncertain
10.	About to happen

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

-	Sentence	Chach	1
	semence	Cneck	•

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. advocate b antipathy c emancipate d. idlosyncrasy e, imminent i. impede g inclusive najurisdiction ii. precarious j preposterous
1. For someone allergic to insect bites, beekeeping would be a(n) occupation.
2. Nutritionists today a diet low in fats and high in fiber.
3. The caterer's services were really: food, wine, flowers, decorations, coat check, music, and master of ceremonies.
4. When the jury's verdict was, the lawyers, reporters, and spectators hastily returned to the courtroom.
5. I swore that nothing would keep me from getting to Gloria's wedding on time, but I was(e)d by a traffic jam.
6. One aim of the modern women's liberation movement is to women from job and wage discrimination.
7. Since the bank robbery had involved crossing state lines, the federal government had in the case.
8. Burt has a(n) for everything that isn't "100 percent American." He thinks it makes him a patriot, but I think a dislike of foreigners or foreign ways shows ignorance.
9. When the little boy said there was a frog in his glass of milk, everyone laughed at his idea—until he showed us the frog.
10. Tamiko always takes off her shoes before entering the house. Ralph thought this was just a(n) of hers, but he later learned that it's a Japanese custom.
NOTE: Now check your answers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help you prepare for the next two practices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2
Jsing the answer lines provided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word once.
1-2. One member of the school boards a more high school curriculum, with courses in subjects such as parenting and preserving the environment as well as the more traditional academic subjects.
3-4. Chet refuses to use a telephone. For most people, this would certainly their attempts to have a social life, but Chet isn't very gregarious° anyway.

-	
•	٠,
	•

		Chapter 13	79
	_ 5-6. -	Being outdoors in an electrical storm is a(n) situation. We storm is, the optimum strategy is to go indoors and stay there	hen a
	_ 7-8. 	During the Civil War, President Lincoln's administration coul actually the slaves because his government had no is South.	d not in the
	9–10 	Ellen's toward Jack is based on her but tenacious° belief in a former life, Jack robbed her family of its life's savings.	of that
Final Check: Ann	's Loy	ve of Animals	
Here is a final opportunit	y for yo	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the folloach blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous e out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	lowing page.
Perhaps more tha	ın anyor	e else I know, Ann cares about animals. Her affection for them is a	ıll-
		, extending even to animals others find less appealing, such as ra	
		ause she loves animals, Ann hates to see them caged. She objects	
		s any creature's movements. This explains a	
•		of hers: she lets her pet white rats run freely throughout	
•		•	
apartment.	nae hae	also led to a strong (4) toward zo	os.
		over all the zoos in the world, she would ma	
		all the animals from their captivity. Ma	
		pos protect animals, but Ann scoffs° at this idea, saying	
		because animals often die when they are being trapped for z	
		eves that the most (8) life in the wil	u is
preferable to the saf			
		s that her utopia -a society with no cages or zoos is far f	
(9)			she
continues to (10)		freeing the animals in the hope that someday	the
zoos will close their		•	

Sentence Check 2_

Scores

Final Check



austere esoteric facsimile grotesque mesmerize metamorphosis notorlous perfunctory provocative travesty

c. a scientific theory.

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 austere (ô-stîr') -adjective	• Ms. Stone's appearance was austere. She wore plain, quiet clothing with no jewelry, and she never used makeup.
	 The walls in Alan's den are white and nearly bare, and his white furniture has simple lines. This austere decor gives the room a pleasantly calm mood.
Austere means	a. very ugly. b. very plain. c. very youthful.
2 esoteric (ĕs'ə-tĕr'ĭk)	• The instruction manuals that come with computer software often use such esoteric terms that they seem to be written in a foreign language.
-adjective	 The poetry of Ezra Pound, filled with references to ancient Greek culture, is too esoteric for most readers.
Esoteric means	a. difficult to understand. b. shallow. c. unfavorable.
3 facsimile (făk-sĭm'ə-lē) -noun	 When a facsimile of an old Sears-Roebuck catalog was published recently, it became a bestseller. People enjoyed seeing what was for sale a century ago.
	• The word fax is short for facsimile. With a fax machine, you can send a precise image of a document across the country electronically in seconds.
Facsimile means	a. an original. b. a distorted version. c. an accurate copy.
4 grotesque (grō-tĕsk') -adjective	 Most people found the movie character E.T. adorable, but I thought the little alien was grotesque, with its weird combination of babyish features and old, wrinkled skin.
	 The clown made grotesque faces, squinting his eyes, pulling down the corners of his mouth, and sticking out his tongue.
Grotesque means	a. strange-looking. b. hard to understand. c. charming.
5 mesmerize (měz'mə-rīz') -verb	• The intense eyes of the woman in the photograph mesmerized me. I couldn't take my eyes off the picture.
	 When driving at night, you can become mesmerized by the lines on the road or by other cars' headlights or taillights. To avoid a hypnotic state, keep your eyes moving from front to side to rearview mirror.
<i>Mesmerize</i> means	a. to amuse. b. to fascinate. c. to distort.
6 metamorphosis (mět'ə-môr'fĕ-sĭs) -noun	• A caterpillar's transformation into a butterfly is a well-known example of metamorphosis.
	• In Franz Kafka's famous story "The Metamorphosis," a man wakes up on his thirtieth birthday to discover that he has turned into an enormous insect.

b. a disaster.

a. a change in form.

Metamorphosis means

7 notorious (nō-tôr'ē-əs) -adjective	 Batman and Robin matched wits with the Joker and the Penguin, who were notorious for their evil deeds.
	• The local diner is notorious for bitter coffee, soggy vegetables, limp salads, and mystery meat.
Notorious means	a. regarded negatively. b. regarded with curiosity. c. ignored.
8 perfunctory (pər-fǔnk 'tə-rē) -adjective	 The doctor's examination was perfunctory. He seemed to be just going through the motions without taking any interest in the patient.
	 Most of the candidates were passionate on the subject of nuclear weapons, bu one spoke in a very perfunctory way, apparently bored with the topic.
Perfunctory means	a. uninterested. b. enthusiastic. c. exaggerated.
9 provocative (prö-vŏk * ə-tĭv) -adjective	 "A good essay is provocative," said our English instructor. "It gets the reade interested and attentive starting with the very first paragraph."
	 To arouse the viewers' curiosity, the television ad began with a provocative image: a spaceship landing on a baseball field, at home plate.
Provocative means	a. predictable. b. difficult to understand. c. attention-getting.
10 travesty (trăv řís-tē) -noun	 The fraternity skit, a travesty of college life, exaggerated and ridiculed many campus activities.
	 The musical-comedy version of Hamlet was a travesty. The critics and audience agreed that it made a mockery of Shakespeare's profound tragedy.
Travesty means	a. a joking, disrespectful imitation. b. an exact copy. c. a simple version

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To hypnotize or fascinate; hold spellbound
2	A great or complete change; transformation
3	A crude, exaggerated, or ridiculous representation; mockery
4	Done only as a routine, with little care or interest; performed with no interest or enthusiasm
5	Known widely but unfavorably; having a bad reputation
6	Tending to arouse interest or curiosity
7	An exact copy or reproduction
8	Intended for or understood by only a certain group; beyond the understanding of most people
9	Without decoration or luxury; severely simple
.0.	Distorted or strikingly inconsistent in shape, appearance, or manner

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

	a. austere f. metamorphosis	b. esoteric c. facsimile d. grotesque e. mesmerize g. notorious h. perfunctory i. provocative j. travesty
		_ 1. The trial was a of justice because several of the jurors had been bribed.
		2. King Henry VIII of England was not only for getting married six times, but also for ordering two of his wives executed.
		3. To capture readers' attention, an author sometimes begins an article with a(n) question, such as, "Which do you think is more dangerous, climbing stairs or parachuting out of an airplane?"
		4. In some modern paintings, human figures are distorted into such shapes that it's hard to recognize facial features and body parts.
		5. Lining the music school's hallway are frameds of handwritten pages of music by great composers.
		6. Legal documents are usually worded in such language that most people need a lawyer to translate the "legalese" into plain English.
		7. As I stood looking at the grandfather clock, I became(e)d by the shiny pendulum that swung back and forth, back and forth, back and forth.
		8. Usually the therapist showed great interest in her patients, but today she was too worried about her own family to give more than responses.
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9. My sister's dormitory room is rather, with cement-block walls and bare floors, but she's made it less stark by hanging colorful posters and adding bright bedspreads and cushions.
		10. The magician David Copperfield does a trick called "" One person is chained and locked in a box. When the box is opened, that person is gone, and someone else is chained there instead.
		nswers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
lon	tence Check 2	-

3-4. The cat burglar in the film, ____ for stealing expensive jewelry, committed all his robberies wearing a(n) ____ outfit: a black T-shirt,

plain black pants, black shoes, and black gloves.

3	
-	
_	

		Chapter 14	83
5-6.	The novel has a(n) opening scene, in wh her parrot sneak out of a house on a ladder. T the reader with one spellbinding episode after a	he novel goes on to	and
7–8.	Former principals had made only efforts to but the new principal attacked the problem h school has undergone a from "hooked" to be a constant.	lead-on. As a result,	ugs, the
9–10	. At the jewelers' convention,s of several display. I enjoyed seeing them, but I didn't unde explanation of the technical methods used	erstand the accompany	ying
Final Check: A Costum			
selection carefully. Then fill in	u to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words each blank with a word from the box at the to be out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	op of the previous p	ving age.
much time on this, I wanted rather (2)eyeholes cut out. Since all my	a friend's New Year's Eve costume party, effort to put a costume together. Unenthus to do something as simple as possible, even it Justine and the second of a frog	iastic about spending f the effect would be ast a plain sheet with	3 : 3
	with a rather (3)orts, clutching her Best Actress Oscar—or a		
(4)	of it. Then, when I went inside, the first	men I saw were two)
(5)	pirates, Blackbeard and Captain Hook.	I listened in on their	r
	e (6) (e)d by fascinat		F
	nly the (7)language		
	inderstanding their remarks, I looked around for		
	from ordinary people to famous o		
complete that I couldn't reco	ognize anyone. Most of the costumes were in go	od taste. One, though	1,
struck me as a (9)	: a person dressed as	Abraham Lincoln—	a
President I venerate° for I	nis character and leadership—was wearing a	bull's-eye target, in	n
crude mockery of Preside	ent Lincoln's assassination. Another person	looked frighteningly	у
	, with a mouth twisted to one side a		
different sizes.	,		
In the course of the ever	ning, I also met Cleopatra, Shakespeare, and Sn	oopy, among others.	I
may never again spend time	at a gathering replete° with so many celebrities.		
		gy stage	

Sentence Check 2

Scores

Final Check



connolsseur conspiracy contrite distraught germane lucid plight superficially symmetrical verbose

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 connoisseur (kŏn'ə-sûr')	 My sister is a connection she knows all about 	oisseur of Southern novels. So the authors and their differen	he's read dozens of them, and t styles.	
-noun	 Curtis has broad k they are at their best 	nowledge of French wines— t, and exactly how each one ta	where they are made, when stes. He's a true connoisseur.	
Connoisseur means	a. a doubter.	b. an authority.	c. a leader.	
2 conspiracy (kən-spĭr*ə-sē)	• The conspiracy to premier's own advis	o overthrow the government sors.	was started by two of the	
-noun	 Although only Lee President Kennedy, 	e Harvey Oswald was arres many believe there was a con	ted for the assassination of spiracy to kill the President.	
Conspiracy means	a. a plot.	b. an idea.	c. an announcement.	
3 contrite (kən-trīt')	 Dolores was especial borrowed it without 	ally contrite about tearing he permission.	er sister's dress because she'd	
-adjective	 Judges are often mo criminal who seems 	ore lenient with offenders wh genuinely contrite may get a	o truly regret their crimes. A shorter sentence.	
Contrite means	a. angry.	b. confused.	c. sorry.	
4 distraught (dĭ-strôt')	• The parents of the distraught until she	little girl who wandered of was found.	f in the crowded mall were	
-adjective		ot worse and worse and his wome increasingly distraught.	wife still hadn't arrived home	
Distraught means	a. anxious.	b. busy.	c. forgetful.	
5 germane (jər-mān')	• Stacy went to the lander client's case.	w library to look up informati	ion that might be germane to	
-adjective		e when her new boss asked y wasn't germane to her work	if she had a boyfriend. That	
Germane means	a. damaging.	b. related.	c. foreign.	
6 lucid	• I usually find compu	iter manuals horribly unclear,	but this one is lucid.	
(lõõ ' sĭd) -adjective	• The scientist's explanation of the greenhouse effect was so lucid that the entire audience was able to grasp it.			
Lucid means	a. easy to understan	d. b. repetitious.	c. fair to both sides.	

7 plight	 The plight of the hor 	neless can be somewhat rel	ieved by decent shelters.
(plīt') -noun	• There were reports of about the plight of the		it was too soon to know much
Plight means	a. a delayed situation	n. b. an unlikely situation	. c. an unfortunate situation.
8 superficially (soo'par-fish'al-le) -adverb	superficially, flippinThis morning, the m	g through the pages of her t echanic was short of time	am. Joyce, however, reviewed extbook an hour before the test. and and inspected my car only ter and then give me an estimate.
Superficially means	a. thoroughly.	b. slightly.	c. daily.
9 symmetrical (sĭ-mĕ'trĭ-kəl) -adjective	tower and flag at each. • No one's face is not at the second of the sec	ch end. erfectly symmetrical . For	with a wall on each side and a rexample, one eye is usually ght sides of the mouth differ.
Symmetrical means	a. unique.	b. beautiful.	c. balanced.
10 verbose (vər-bōs') -adjective	important need for r and combat this evi said we urgently nee	nore monetary funds to dec I and harmful situacion." T ed more money to fight drug	
	 Gabe is the most ve would do. 	rbose person I know. He a	lways uses ten words when one
Verbose means	a. loud.	b. wordy.	c. self-important.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Very troubled; distressed
2	Using or containing too many words
3	In an on-the-surface manner; not thoroughly
4	Having to do with the issue at hand; relevant
5	Clearly expressed; easily understood
6	Truly sorry for having done wrong; repentant
7.	Well proportioned; balanced; the same on both sides
8.	An expert in fine art or in matters of taste
9	A situation marked by difficulty, hardship, or misfortune
10.	1

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

a .	A1 1	-
Sentence	Check	1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

	conspiracy c contrite d distraught e germane plight is h superficially i symmetrical j verbose
	1. Claire was truly sorry for having started the argument with Sal. To show how she felt, she sent him a special note of apology.
······································	2. Everyone is greatly concerned about the of the hostages. We're not even certain they're still alive.
·	3. The garden is, with the same flowers and shrubs, arranged in the same pattern, on each side of a central path.
	4. A of Asian art told me that my Chinese vase is very old, quite rare, and valuable.
	5. In writing, it is actually easier to be than to make the effort to cut out the unnecessary words.
	6. During the Revolutionary War, Benedict Arnold, an American officer, was involved in a to help the British win.
	7. The teacher and the other students became irritated when Susan kept asking questions that weren' to the class discussion.
	8. My parents had expected my sister home by ten o'clock. By the time she finally walked in at two in the morning, they were very
	9. Ved's teacler was so pleased with his clear explanation of a difficult theory that she wrote on his paper, "Wonderfully!"
······	10. Whenever Kim tries to buy a new dress, her husband is only interested. If she shows him one and assist his opinion, all he ays is, "It's fine. Let's buy it and get out of here."
	wers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help bractices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	
Using the answer lines provonce.	ided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. In the novel Rosemary's Baby, Rosemary becomes more and more as she realizes that her husband and friends are involved in a against her.
	3-4. Ms. Lewis is a of Native American crafts. She can identify the tribe of the artist after examining a necklace or piece of pottery only

		Chapter 15	87
5	 The drunk driver is about causing the acceptive Marsha solace^o or ease her She is p 	cident, but his regret we ermanently disabled.	on't
. 7-	8. The professor said, "It seems to our Reason to mention that architecture valued—both in art and in the individual."	discussion of the Age was typical. Balance	e of was
9-1	 Using too many superfluous° words can mak to understand. Thus if the essay had not be been more 	e something more difficen so, it would be	icult nave
Final Check: The Mis			
selection carefully. Then fill in	ou to strengthen your knowledge of the ten wor each blank with a word from the box at the are out which word goes in which blank.) Use ea	top of the previous p	wing page.
It wasn't until noon t	nat Daniel Cobb noticed the painting was mi	ssing. He immediately	<i>i</i> •
hecame (1)	As a (2) of	art, he was well award	3
of the enormous value of th	e painting—and this was a grievous° loss. He wa	s so upset that when he	9
phoned the police, he could	not think or talk clearly enough to give a (3)		-
description of his unfortuna	ite (4) Instead, he fou	nd himself rambling so) .
much that he was afraid the	police would think he was just a (5)	old fool.	
Nevertheless the notic	e soon arrived at Cobb's home, which was n	nagnificent—a fine old	d
I 1C Y CI I I C I C OO I I I I C O C I	atula with a row of colu		
mansion in a (6)	Style, with a low of colds	nns on each side of the	е
mansion in a (6)	ice to the room from which the painting had bee	nns on each side of the on taken, Cobb began to	e o
mansion in a (6) front door. Leading the pol	ice to the room from which the painting had bee	en taken, Cobb began te	0
mansion in a (6)front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sa	ice to the room from which the painting had bee id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art ex	n taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then	o n
front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spec	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least,	o n – a
front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to loo	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spectation at it more than just (7)	on taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assum	o n a e
front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to loot that we are the victims of	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spect at it more than just (7) Our guests mutanger in the painting spectage is a (8)	on taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assum	o n a e
mansion in a (6) front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to loot that we are the victims of into the house during the next the seemed to look that we are the victims of the house during the next the seemed to look that we are the victims of the house during the next the seemed to look that we are the victims of the house during the next that the seemed to look that we are the victims of the house during the next that the seemed to look that we are the victims of the look that	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spect at it more than just (7) Our guests mutight and take the painting."	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assum st have plotted to snea	o n a e k
front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to loot that we are the victims of into the house during the nase Cobb finished specification.	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spect at it more than just (7)	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assumest have plotted to snear eturned from town. Showed the shown is the shown is the shown is the shown in the shown in the shown is the shown in the shown is the shown in th	n a e k
front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to loot that we are the victims of into the house during the nast Cobb finished spewas clearly alarmed by the started to laugh, "Today's	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spectati it more than just (7). A (8)	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assumest have plotted to snear eturned from town. Shexplained, however, shear	o n a e k
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front door. Leading the polexplain. "Last night," he sate our entire collection. I remfew of them seemed to look that we are the victims of into the house during the nation As Cobb finished spewas clearly alarmed by the started to laugh. "Today's "I hardly see how that"	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spector at it more than just (7)	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assume thave plotted to snear eturned from town. She explained, however, she her husband responded	o n a e k k
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front door. Leading the pole explain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I rem few of them seemed to look that we are the victims of into the house during the mass clearly alarmed by the started to laugh. "Today's "I hardly see how that" "Remember, we told the annual show. That's where	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spectation at it more than just (7)	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assume that plotted to snear the planned from town. She explained, however, she her husband responded to painting today, for its morning."	on a e k
front door. Leading the polexplain. "Last night," he sat our entire collection. I remfew of them seemed to look that we are the victims of into the house during the national As Cobb finished spewas clearly alarmed by the started to laugh. "Today's "I hardly see how that" "Remember, we told the annual show. That's where Cobb looked embarrases."	ice to the room from which the painting had been id, "my wife and I gave a dinner party for art extember that they gave the missing painting spectation at the missing painting spectation at the missing painting spectation at the missing painting spectation. Our guests must gight and take the painting." The presence of the police. After Cobb quickly the presence of the police. After Cobb quickly the missing painting said. The presence of the police is a finally said. The presence of the police is a finally said. The presence of the police is a finally said. The presence is a finally said.	en taken, Cobb began to perts. We showed then ial attention. At least, I can only assumst have plotted to snea eturned from town. Shexplained, however, sher husband responded the painting today, for its morning."	on a e k



encompass entrepreneur eradicate homogeneous

sordid standardize stint stringent

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 adept (ə-dĕpt) -adjective	welcome and at home	2.	dept at making guests feel cent and sincere that everyone
Adept means	a. skillful.	b. profitable.	c. awkward.
2 encompass (ĕn-kŭm¹pəs)	 Our history teacher's life in ancient Egypt, 		abject encompasses details of
	 Tomorrow's test will covered this semester 		ncompasses all the material
Encompass means	a. to suggest.	b. to omit.	c. to include.
3 entrepreneur (ŏn'trə-prə-nûr*)	• Glenville has no shop entrepreneurs are su	oping center, but the city is re to start up new businesses	growing so quickly that smart sthere soon.
-noun	My ten-year-old neig stand last summer and	hbor is already an entrepr I sold homemade cookies at	eneur. He set up a lemonade Halloween.
Entrepreneur means	a. a business investor.	b. an overconfident pe	erson. c. a conformist.
4 eradicate (ĭ-răd'ĭ-kāt') -verb	humans have been ab		the first time in history that oday many fear the virus may are.
•		people feel they must erad rid of our wrinkles and gray	icate all signs of aging? Why y hair?
Eradicate means	a. to reveal.	b. to regulate strictly.	c. to erase.
5 homogeneous (hō'mō-jē'nē-əs)		Eastman College appears q and economic differences ar	uite homogeneous, but there nong the students.
-adjective			us. This means that it's treated ving the cream rise to the top.
Homogeneous means	a. strictly controlled.	b. the same throughou	it. c. of high quality.
6 presumptuous (prē-zŭmp rchoo-əs)	• It was presumptuou she had actually agree		engagement to Phyllis before
-adjective		estions at a job interview, you t ask the interviewer, "What	a'll be thought presumptuous. are they paying you?"
Presumptuous means	a. too forward.	b. skilled.	c. cautious.

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7 sordid (sôr'dĭd)	 Supermarket tabloids details of celebrities' 	sell well because many peopl addictions and messy divorces	e want to know the sordid
-adjective	 The reformed crimin mistakes that led him 	nal now lectures at high scho into a sordid life as a drug dea	ools on how to avoid the aler.
Sordid means	a. proud.	b. ugly.	c. natural.
8 standardize (stăn'dĕr-dīz')	• When the company s became identical thro	tandardized its pay scale, the ughout all the departments.	salary for each type of job
-verb	If Jessica begins sell	ing her homemade soup, she'e just puts in whatever she ha	Il have to standardize the as on hand, so the soup is
Standardize means	a. to do away with.	b. to make consistent.	c. to vary.
9 stint (stĭnt)	that I needed to get a		
-noun	 After traveling durin her continue to see th 	g her stint in the Navy, Alise are world.	wanted a job that would let
Stint means	a. an assigned job.	b. a risky undertaking.	c. future work.
10 stringent (strĭn jənt)	 Ms. Jasper has the course is difficult; get 	most stringent standards in tetting an A is next to impossible	he department. Passing her e.
-adjective	• Elected officials show	uld be held to a stringent code rance of wrongdoing.	
Stringent means	a. different.	b. flexible.	c. demanding.
	e Personal		
Matching Words	with Definitions		.•
Following are definition	ons of the ten words. Cle	early write or print each word	I next to its definition. The feach word.
1	A person w	ho organizes, manages, and tal	kes the risk of a business
2	Highly skil	led; expert	
3.		f work or service	
4.		overly confident	•
5		of altogether, wipe out	
6		ntrolled or enforced; strict; seve	ere
7.		niform; cause to conform to a r	model
8.		; contain	
9		f similar or identical parts; uni	form throughout

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Indecent; morally low; corrupt

10.

- 1	a. adept . presumptuous	b encompass g. sordid	c. entrepreneur h. standardize	d. eradicate i. stint	e. homogeneous j. stringent	
	<u> </u>	1. It's of a interviewed.	Amy to assume she	e's got the job	when others are still being	
		2. It takes years	s of study and practi	ce to become _	at acupuncture,	
	 	3. In the novel gang of pick	Oliver Twist, innoc	ent young Oliv	er falls into the hands of a ade.	
		4. My grandfat circus perfor	her held many jobs mer.	during his life.	He even did a(n) as a	
			teven's adopted sor		an earlier home. They're of that experience.	
		6. The town is			ers feel out of place. Many	
		7. The articles national or in	in our small newspaternational events.	aper local a	nd statewide news, but not	
		8. My sister ap standards for	oplied to several c	olleges, some	with very high admission requirements.	
· · · · · ·		9. Doug has jus join the Natio	st opened an auto re onal Association for	pair shop. Now the Self-Emplo	that he's a(n), he can yed.	.:
		10. Should the l should each s	nigh school curricuschool district be fre	lum be(e)d e to design its o	throughout the state? Or wn courses?	-
<i>NO</i> 2 you	TE: Now check your prepare for the next to	answers to these question vo practices, for which a	ns by turning to page 1' nswers are not given.	78. Going over the	answers carefully will help	: : : :
nte	ence Check	2		i e		
g t	he answer lines pr	ovided, complete ea	ach item below with	two words from	n the box. Use each word	
		addition, t			tion and management. In all with the ups and downs	
			ate's as a teach impeded° his easygo		academy, he felt that the proach.	
		5_6 After serv	ing a prison term fo	or theft. Charlie	is contrite°. He's decided	

> Sentence Check 1

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		Chapter 16	91
	I've been working at the daycare center on suggestion may be, but I think the center activities geared to shy children as well as ones f	's program shoule	d
	After running the English as a Second Language every term for a few years, the instructors have approach. On the first night, all students me regardless of their English ability. By the second divided them into smaller, more classes.	ve finally(e)d eet as one large	l their class,

Final Check: An Ohio Girl in New York

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selec (Con

ction carefully ntext clues wil	y. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous pag Il help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
Soon after	r Gina moved from her small Ohio town to New York City, she became so discouraged
	ly returned home. It was easy to see why she was despondento: New York had the
	excitement that she had expected, but not the high-paying jobs. However, Gina decided
-	big city and put in a(n) (1) as a waitress in a coffee shop
	for something better to turn up. She had been offered only one higher-paying job, as
	called elderly people and tried to scare them into buying an expensive, unproven
	oill," but she felt that this kind of work was too (2)
	she enjoyed the coffee shop. For someone used to a small, (3)
	stomers seemed to come in an enormous variety. Also, the low salary forced her to
stick to a(n)	(4) budget. As a result of this financial situation, she was
becoming (5)	at making one dollar go as far as two did before.
	Gina met a customer who had recently opened a video rental store. This
•	was about to open a second store, and he sometimes discussed his
	Sina. Although she worried that he might think it (7) of a
-	ffer a suggestion about the video business, Gina told him a thought she had about how
	his rental system. He could ask all his customers to fill out
· -	m. Then a single computer file could (9) all the information.
	yould be signed up automatically for both stores at once. To Gina's relief, the customer
	at her idea; in fact, he thanked her for the advice.
	ne later, he stopped in at the coffee shop to say he needed a capable person to manage
	e. He offered Gina the job. Within a year, she was the manager of three video stores
	an excellent salary. She was euphorico, but her happiness would never fully
	her memories of those difficult first months in New York.
(**)	
	Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check%



flamboyant foible Innocuous magnanimous:

meticulous rancor recrimination repugnant

hurting others.

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 exhort (ĕg-zôrt') -verb	exhorted them to	make every effort to keep the	ech to the parents, in which she ir children off drugs. d the troops to fight bravely for
Exhort means	a. to accuse.	b. to praise.	c. to urge.
2 flamboyant (flăm-boi'ent)	 Lily can't resist fl satin trim to a fune 	lamboyant clothes. She'd w	ear a hot-pink dress with gold
-adjective	 With his sequined probably the world 	l suits, glittering jewelry, a l's most flamboyant pianist.	nd silver piano, Liberace was
Flamboyant means	a. flashy.	b. self-centered.	c. concerned with details.
3 foible (foi'bəl) -noun	foibles—such as di	rinking soup through a straw-	s—are hard to overlook, but —can often be easily tolerated.
-noun	 "I accept my husba "because it lets me 	and's foible of leaving clothes be messy without feeling gui	lying around," Barb remarked, lty."
Foible means	a. a serious proble		
4 innocuous (ĭn-nŏk'yoō-əs)	 Although most chi out of hand and do 	ldren engage in innocuous p serious damage.	ranks on Halloween, some get
-adjective	• Experts at the Poise is harmful or innoc	on Information Center can tel	Il you if a household substance
Innocuous means	a. without bad effe	cts. b. expensive.	c. satisfying.
5 magnanimous (măg-năn'ə-məs) -adjective	hugs his baby sister	even when she hits him on th	agnanimous. He forgives and he head with a wooden block.
-uajective	enormous turkey. V	someone at work drew a function when the boss saw it, he was and even hung it up over his continued.	unny picture of our boss as an s magnanimous—he laughed, lesk.
Magnanimous means	a. big-hearted.	b. consistent.	c. resentful.
6 masochist (măs'ə-kĭst)	 Psychologists are from suffering. 	trying to understand why n	nasochists obtain satisfaction
-noun	• "A masochist's ide truck on the way ho	a of a good time," said the ome from having all his teeth	comedian, "is getting hit by a
Masochist means	a. someone filled	b. someone who enjoys	c. someone who enjoys

being hurt.

with hatred.

7 meticulous	When you proofres	ad your own writing, be metic	culous—check every detail.
(mə-tĭk' yōō-ləs) -adjective	• Ken is meticulous or a hair out of place		er has a wrinkle in his clothing
Meticulous means	a. precise.	b. bold.	c. unconcerned.
8 rancor (răn'kər)		en my uncles has lasted for two woman to whom Uncle Serge	twenty years, ever since Uncle ei had proposed.
-noun		g-lasting rancor between dare this bitterness.	ivorced parents, their children
Rancor means	a. a minor fault.	b. deep hostility.	c. secrecy.
9 recrimination (rĭ-krĭm'ə-nā'shən) -noun	with the husband	_	elor failed miserably; it began as at each other, and it never
			cuss Lainie's poor grades, they her of not helping her do better.
Recrimination means	a. an urgent plea.	b. a detailed suggestion.	c. an accusation in reply.
10 repugnant (rĭ-pŭg/nənt) -adjective	offensive about mi • A snake is repug	xing peas and ketchup into mant to many people—"Sli	my!" they say, shivering with
Repugnant means	a. disgusting.	snakes are not at all slimy, an b. amusing.	c. remarkable.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Intense hatred or ill will; long-lasting resentment
2.	Harmless; inoffensive
3	Offensive; distasteful; repulsive
4.	A person who gains satisfaction from suffering physical or psychological pain
5	Very showy; strikingly bold
6	A minor weakness or character flaw; a minor fault in behavior
7.	An accusation made in response to an accuser; countercharge
8	To urge with argument or strong advice; plead earnestly
9	Noble in mind and spirit; especially generous in forgiving
10	Extremely careful and exact; showing great attention to details

CAUTION. Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

 Why is it that bats seem s distasteful, or do we asso It was of the Greens Battered women who stay they don't enjoy being hu Although nail-biting is companion who observes Before the football game players to fight for the ho To an allergic person, for can cause discomfort and 	ciate bats with vampire to forgive the driver we with their abusive part art, but often they can't only a, it can it day after day. c, the coach gave a fie nor of the team and the ods that are normally	ho ran over their dog. the ran over their dog. there aren't necessarilys see any way to escape. become maddening to a ery pep talk. He(e)d the e school.
3. Battered women who stay they don't enjoy being hu4. Although nail-biting is companion who observes5. Before the football game players to fight for the ho6. To an allergic person, foo can cause discomfort and	with their abusive part only a, it can it day after day. the coach gave a field of the coach gave a field of the team and the coach that are normally	ners aren't necessarilys see any way to escape. become maddening to a ery pep talk. He(e)d the eschool.
 4. Although nail-biting is companion who observes 5. Before the football game players to fight for the ho 6. To an allergic person, foo can cause discomfort and 	only a, it can it day after day. the coach gave a field of the team and the coach that are normally	see any way to escape. become maddening to a ery pep talk. He(e)d the e school.
5. Before the football game players to fight for the ho6. To an allergic person, for can cause discomfort and	it day after day. c, the coach gave a fie nor of the team and the coach that are normally	ery pep talk. He(e)d the e school.
players to fight for the ho 6. To an allergic person, for can cause discomfort and	nor of the team and the	e school.
can cause discomfort and		, such as milk or wheat,
	even actions inness.	
7. The long-standing b when one of them fell and		en finally came to an end to help her.
9. Some jobs needn't be don speck of dust off a floor the	ne in a(n) way. For nat's only going to get	instance, why sweep every dirty again in an hour?
vers to these questions by turning to actices, for which answers are not g	o page 178. Going over the tiven.	answers carefully will help
	· .	
ded, complete each item belo	ow with two words fro	m the box. Use each word
(e)d us to be	about our handwriting	ndards. For one thing, she would i ," she would
	 8. The angry neighbors trace flower bed!" "Well, your 9. Some jobs needn't be done speck of dust off a floor the floor of the floor the floor of the floor the floor of t	 8. The angry neighbors tradeds: "Your wild flower bed!" "Well, your crazy dog dug up my l 9. Some jobs needn't be done in a(n) way. For speck of dust off a floor that's only going to get 10. On New Year's Day in Philadelphia, string ban their stuff in costumes designed to outshine a wers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the ractices, for which answers are not given. 1-2. My second-grade teacher had stringent sta (e)d us to be about our handwriting say, "and cross every t." 3-4. In a small business, it's important never to in develop. People must learn to be and for

5-6. Many find the thought of a ____ seeking out and enjoying suffering to be as ____ as the idea of causing someone else to suffer.

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		Chapter 17	95
_	7-8. Walter is certainly odd. Still, most of hiss slippers to work and leaving bags of pretzels al that nobody really minds them.	•	
	9-10. When Martha put on a bright red beaded dre earrings,s flew back and forth between l look preposterous° in that outfit," her sister sa Martha replied, "Well, your clothes are the most	ner and her sister. id. "It's much too	"You "
Fi	inal Check: How Neat Is Neat Enough?		
sel	ere is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words, lection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the to context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	p of the previous word once.	page.
	Experts say that the most ordinary matters sometimes create the biggest pro		
	If one spouse is a slob and the other is (1), there is	bound to be troubl	le.
	At first, newlyweds tend to be (2), readily for	orgiving each other	r's
	s. The wife says it's "sweet" that her husband ma	de the bed while si	he
	was still in it and "cute" that he grabbed her plate to wash it when she picked	up her sandwich	to
	take a bite. "You're so helpful," she coos. And he manages a smile when	she dumps her to	0-
	expensive, too-(4) gold sequined dress in the mid-	idle of the bedroo	m ·
	floor. "We've sure got a high-priced, flashy rug," he jokes.	,	
	But the honeymoon ends, and the idiosyncrasies° that once seemed (5)		
	start to be seriously annoying. He begins to think, "Since my housekeeping is	so impeccable°, wl	hy
	isn't she picking up my good habits? Why must I wade through dirty pantyhose	to reach the close	et?
	Why is there spaghetti sauce on the kitchen ceiling fan again?" He (6)	s her	to
	have some self-respect and stop living like a pig.		
	And she begins to wonder about him: Why does he insist on dusting t	he tops of the do	or
	frames when no one can see them? So what if she squeezes the toothpaste from	om the middle of t	he
	tube—why should he find that harmless habit so (7)	? Maybe he's	s a
	(8)why else would he be so happy down on his		
	bathroom floor with a toothbrush (one of the "old" ones that he replaced after Soon the accusations and (9)	-	
	for neatness—that's all you care about. You spend more time holding that	acuum cleaner th	an
	you spend holding me!" He responds, "If you weren't so sloppy, I'd hold you	more often. As it	is,
	I have to climb over a mountain of junk just to get near you!"		
	Eventually, as the two of them continue arguing with each other and berati	ing ^o each other, the	eir
	feelings of (10) become so strong that a breal	cup is imminent.°	It
	won't be long before another relationship, so to speak, bites the dust.		
		· · ·	
	Scores Sentence Check 2% Final Check	%	

Scores

Sentence Check 2



arch, -archy ben-, bene--ee -log, -logue

mort polytempo, tempor ten

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 anima	• During the work knew she was re animated way.	st part of her illness, Trina is ecovering when she sat up a	lay quietly in bed. We nd began to talk in an
	 I never understood objects, and who 	od why pet rocks were popular o wants a "pet" that doesn't m	r. They were inanimate nove or even breame:
The word part anima means	a. good.	b. experience.	c, life.
2 arch, -archy	 Many fictional l Holmes's main g 	neroes have an archenemy. I	For instance, Sherlock riarty.
The word part <i>arch</i> or - <i>archy</i>	• Among Amichir the housemond, as	eopie, the family is atpatriand the women and children a	re expected to obey.
means	a. chief.	b. sender.	c. receiver.
3 ben-, bene-		nia has a\ benign climate—su care has B e En beneficia . She	
The word part ben- or bene-			÷
means	a. experience.	b. deadly.	c. good.
4 -ee	The mayor had to became unavailal	o appoint a new chief of police in was serving a two-ye	ce. The first appointee ear sentence in prison.
		es expect to receive benefits	-
The word part -ee means	a. a ruler.	omeone who receives.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5 -log, -logue	 It's almost impose all the talking. 	sible to have a dialog with A	Aaron because he does
_ The word part -log or -logue		with apprologue: before the me onstage and made a speed	
means	a speaking.	b. time.	c. send.
6 miss, mit	• The United National around the world	ons sends peacekeeping mis, although not all of these eff	sions to trouble spots
The word part <i>miss</i> or <i>mit</i>	 I use a telephone idea how it trans 	every day, but to tell you the mits sound across a distance	truth, I really have no
means	a, send.	b. well,	c. hold.

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7 mort	• Ms. Patterson took her class to visit a mortician who explained how he prepares a body for burial.					
		ks are said to have achieved by will be read and performed				
The word part mort means	ε · leath.	b. breath.	c. name.			
8 poly-	• A polytechnic school is one which teaches many different sciences and industrial arts.					
	• Polygamy is a for of spouses at the s	m of marriage in which a per ame time.	rson can have a number			
The word part <i>poly-</i> means	a, difficult.	b. time.	c many.,			
9 tempo, tempor	• The chorus sang the difficult piece slowly at first. When they seemed sure of all the notes, the director speeded up the tempo .					
The word part tempo or tempor	The trailer in the repairs to their hor	Langs' yard is there only use are finished and they can	temporarily, until the move back in.			
means	a. holding.	lų ime.	c. number.			
10 ten	• (Detention is a common punishment in elementary and high school. Students who misbehave are kept for an hour or so at the end of the day.					
	• Tenant tarmers hold the right to work someone else's land; they pay rent in cash or with a portion of the produce.					
The word part ten means	a. spirit	b keep.	c. divide.			
	a suit	÷	. •			
Matching Word Parts w			·			
Following are definitions of the The sentences above and on the p	ten word parts. Clearl revious page will help	y write or print each word p you decide on the meaning of	art next to its definition. f each word part.			
1	_ Many	.*				
2	_ Time	•				
3	Hold; keep					
4	_ Death	:				
5	A specific way of speaking or writing					
6	_ Chief, ruler	,	:			
7	Life, breath; spir	it	!			
8	Good, well	•				
9	_ Send	:				
10,	One who receive	es or experiences something;	one who is in a			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

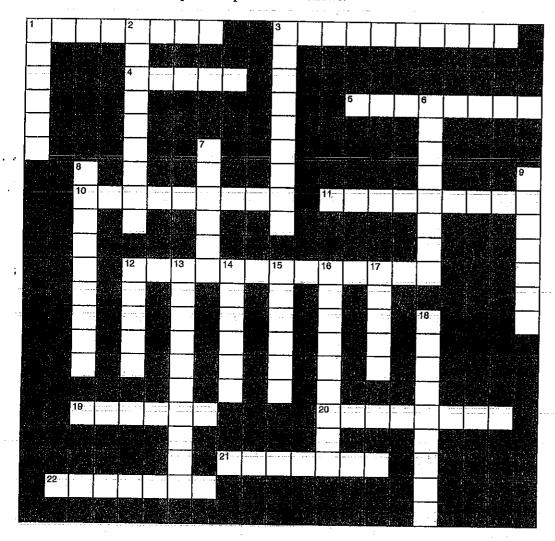
1	nima	arch, afchy	Dben, bene-	(O)-4	@fodloane
<u></u>	miss, mit	The state of the s	Opoly-	tempo tempor	
	•	1. A high-ra	nking angel is call	/ ed a(n) (angel)	
			factor) has the homeless.	been good enough to	give the cit. Hankets
	2.5	1 3 The (in a group	ality) rate is to who die in a give	he death rate—that is, n time or from a partic	the percentage of peopular cause.
<u></u>		. A. I enjoy (their trave		n TV. It's interesting t	o hear people talk abo
		· % Certain (held by m	ets), sucl	h as the belief in the	sanctity of marriage, a
1		was enou	bell rang and the gh to send the ch from amopper.	teacher said "Class is sildren hurtling into the	s (dis ed)," the hallway like popco
,		Anere wa (post	s suspicion that em) examination	the evil dictator had on showed that he had	been murdered, but died of natural causes.
			rson hooked up to		veral physical response ate, breathing rate, ar
_		9 Many cart that the cl naturally.	oons today are not naracters don't see	made very well. The omega to be alive—they do	(tion) is so poon't move smoothly an
	236	the club's	current president.	indidates for president "Remember," she said exceptionally honest."	of the Liars' Club," sail with a smile, "that th
NOT you p	E: Now check y prepare for the ne	our answers to these que xt two practices, for whic	estions by turning to path answers are not give	nge 178. Going over the ans	wers carefully will help
	nce Chec	.L 9			,

3-4. Our parish priest was aspecially (wolen; __ and wise. I wasn't surprised to hear that he eventually became a(' and on) __.

			Chapter 18	police district told use island docto could to a wormant goe d to by a light don't have abers es in ary light fully recut; incle.
	5-6.	The owner of the safe-deposit box had The (con ts) are now being held attorney, until the trial.	totreling to the l (suy) by the	police. <u>district</u>
	7-8.	Our visitor from (nesta), a constant the plight of (refug s) very after it was suuck o, Thurricane.	ountry of many islands, who had to flee from one	of many islands, told used to flee from one islands to the story of a doctor ere (al) could ess body. word parts. First read the heses below with a word out which word part goes out which word part goes out which word part goes a Uncle was a (ign) oned, but he wouldn't gard him as infallible religion." These strict was a(n) (gamist) is wives, and he drove a little cult members, speeches in brief, (ary) Uncle to be (im al) omeday, but they fully ery soon thereafter of the ct; to follow Uncle. 1. It is to she wished she wished she could wished she wished she could be she could be she wished she could be she could be she wished she could be she
 	9-10	. Mary Shelley's classic novel Frankens who had the presumptuous belief the achieve godlike power and (te)	t a mere (al)	doctor _ could
				*
~~.	101 1 10 10	• ,		
	nal Check: A Cult Co			
fol fro	lowing selection carefully. The	you to strengthen your knowledge of the en complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the vious page. (Context clues will help you eart once.	parentheses below with	a word
	My friend Lucy recently	visited her brother Ben in British Col	ımbia. She was shocked	1 to
	•	ng in a cult—a community of about fo		
		whom they all called U	,	
		leader as long as his authority wasn't	questioned, but he would	dn't
	****	sidents°. Uncle's followers were expected		
		_		* '
	and to uphold the stringent	, , ,		
	rules included sticking to a n	nonogamous lifestyle. Uncle himself, hov		
	(4)	_ wno chose the prettiest cult member		
	·	ar, a gold Rolls-Royce. Several times ear		
	would be gathe _ 10 man (
	which he exhortedo then	n to think of eternal, life, not of	the brief, (<u>агу)</u>
	(6)	existence on ear any of them bel	ieved Uncle to be (im	. al)
	(7)	Others admitted that he might indeed	I die someday, but they i	fully
	expected that his body would	d be (re 6. 1ea) (8) f	_very soon thereafter	٠.
	Lucy's brother was a par	rticularly strong (devot) (9)	of the	uuit;
	he believed that God had ser	nt him on a (<i>ion</i>) (10)a	_ to follow U	ncle.
	To Lucy, however, it seemed	I that Ben had been meamerized by a	tano, and she wished	l she
	knew how to break the spell	that this dishonest leader	V	
		,	-	

UNIT THREE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Three. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



adept antipathy austere contrite eradicate esoteric exhort foible germane grotesque imminent impede inclusive lucid masochist meticulous notorious precarious rancor sordid stint stringent superficially travesty verbose

ACROSS

- 1. Beyond the understanding of most people
- 3. Extremely careful and exact; showing great attention to details
- 4: Highly skilled; expert
- 5. Truly sorry for having done wrong; repentant
- 10. Known widely but unfavorably
- 11. Distorted or strikingly inconsistent in shape, appearance, or manner

- 12. Not thoroughly
- 19. Indecent; morally low
- 20. About to happen
- 21. Without decoration or luxury; severely simple
- 22. Using too many words

DOWN

- 1. To urge with argument or strong advice; plead earnestly
- ~2. To get rid of; wipe out
- 3. A person who enjoys suffering or physical pain
- 6. A crude, exaggerated, or ridiculous representation

- 7. A minor weakness or character flaw
- 8. A strong dislike or distaste
- 9. Having to do with the issue at hand; relevant
- 12. A period of work or service
- 13. Dangerous; risky
- 14. Intense hatred or ill will
- 15. To delay or slow up; get in the way of
- 16. Including much or everything
- 17. Clearly expressed
- 18. Strictly controlled or enforced; strict; severe

UNIT THREE: Test 1

PART A Choose the word that best of	completes each item and write it in the space provided.
	1. Working-class housing in nineteenth-century England was by today's standards: crowded, dark, badly ventilated, and unsanitary.
	a. meticulous b. distraught c. sordid d. innocuous
	2. Even when textbooks are throughout a school system, methods of teaching may vary greatly.
•	a. standardized b. mesmerized c. contrite d. symmetrical
	3. The existence of nuclear weapons puts everyone in a(n) situation. a. austere b. precarious c. magnanimous d. flamboyant
	4. As long as the thief was in Europe, American courts had no over him, a. metamorphosis b. connoisseur c. jurisdiction d. travesty
	5. Having lived in Italy and studied cooking there, the newspaper's food critic is a of Italian cuisine.
<i>"</i>	a. masochist b. rancor c. plight d. connoisseur
:	6. New York City drivers are for failing to pay their parking fines. Currently they owe about half a billion dollars.
	a. stringent b. symmetrical c. notorious d. magnanimous
	7. Some people feel that a circus act in which costumed elephants dance or stand on their heads is a of these intelligent animals' true nature.
•	a. foible b. recrimination c. conspiracy d. travesty
	8. My as a worker in the hotel laundry lasted only a day. It turned out that I was allergic to the soap.
	a. facsimile b. idiosyncrasy . c. foible d. stint
	9. The Englishman John Merrick had an illness that gave him a(n) appearance, which is why he was called "The Elephant Man." Despite people's reactions to his misshapen head and body, Merrick remained affectionate and gentle.
	a. germane b. imminent c. contrite d. grotesque
· · · · ·	_ 10. A founder of the U.S. Steel Company was wealthy enough to have an expensive It was his habit to bet a thousand dollars on which of two raindrops falling down a windowpane would reach the bottom first.
	a. masochist b. recrimination c. facsimile d. idiosyncrasy

On the a	mswer line, write the letter of the choice that best of	completes each item.
[1	Since the President's speech was imminent, thea. left to write their stories.c. planned to come back in an hour.	reporters b. got ready to take notes on it. d. had difficulty understanding it.
12	The austere officea. had bare walls, a small desk, and one chair.c. contained fake flowers and cheap posters.	b. was filled with desks and file cabinets.d. had fine art, live plants, and plush carpets.
13	Rita wears flamboyant hairstyles. Today, her haa. chin-length.c. easily cared for.	ir is b. in a ponytail. d. in green braids.
14	 When Annabelle broke off their engagement, Ar a. "How weird. I was just about to dump you." c. "I'm the unhappiest man in the world." 	thur showed he was magnanimous by saying, b. "You don't deserve me, and that's that." d. "Please keep the three-carat diamond ring."
15.	 When told he needed to have an operation, the man a. panicked, saying, "I just can't face that." c. assumed that he would die. 	asochistb. wanted a second opinion.d. secretly hoped it would hurt quite a lot.
16.	"Let me tell you of my plight," the stranger said. a. I've left my wallet in a taxi and I have no more b. I was born in Kansas and my parents were far c. I collect rare stamps and coins." d. I'd like to offer you a tremendous opportunity	ney to get home." mers."
17.	It was presumptuous of my brother to a. volunteer his free time to work at a homeless b. refuse to lend money to his spendthrift pal Le c. call elderly, dignified Mr. Jackson "Larry" as d. start giggling in the middle of a quiet church s	shelter. on. soon as he met him.
18.	The police officer was superficially wounded, so a. rushed him to the hospital for immediate surge b. suggested that he call his family and clergype c. put on a bandage and told him he could return d. asked to consult with a specialist.	ery. rson.
19.	I hadn't realized how much antipathy Jack felt for a. staring at her like a lovesick puppy. b. stick out his tongue at her as she turned away c. secretly send her small amounts of cash just to d. cover up for some mistakes she made at work.	from him. help her make ends meet.
	"You cheated!" one child yelled. The other child a. "Well, you're the biggest, most rotten cheater b. "Let's start the game over again, and this time c. "No, I didn't." d. "I'm going home."	of them all."

PART B

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

(Number correct) _

Score

UNIT THREE: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

a advocate f, exhort	b. conspiracy c. contrite d. emancipate e. eradicate g. facsimile h. folble l. inclusive, j. lucid
k. metamorphosis	I. preposterous m. repugnant
	1. The furry white and green mold growing on the old tomato sauce was a(n) sight.
	2. Correct punctuation makes prose more
	3. One of mys is biting into many chocolates in a box until I find one I like.
	4. The dictator arrested everyone involved in the to overthrow him, including his wife.
	5. A(n) of a transcript isn't official unless it has been stamped with the seal of the school registrar.
	6. The boys were when they realized that their teasing had made Mary afraid to go to school the next day.
	7. If the common cold were ever(e)d, it would be economically unhealthy for the makers of cold remedies.
	8. The TV preacher(e)d viewers to support his ministry with whatever funds they could manage to send.
	9. "It's an all tour," the travel agent said. "Hotel, meals, flights both ways—everything is covered in one package."
	10. Environmentalists stricter controls on American industry, which releases billions of pounds of pollution into the air each year.
	11. After Cristina learned to read at age 30, she underwent a(n) She changed from being shy to being confident, got an interesting new job, and started taking college classes at night.
	12. When I told my son to mow the lawn after he'd cleaned his room, he groaned and said, "I thought Lincoln(e)d all the slaves, but it looks like he forgot one."
	13. The man made the claim that he had been taken aboard a Martian spaceship by someone who looked like Woody Allen, except that his skir was green.

Write (of the italicized word is used	correctly. Write I if	the word is used incor	rrectly.
1	4. I was distraught when I got	t the raise I had asked	for.	
1	5. Only female black widow s	piders are dangerous	to humans. The bite of	of a male is innocuous.
1	6. Ricardo writes thoughtful filled with spelling and typi	essays and then spoing errors.	ils them by handing	in a <i>meticulous</i> final draft
1	7. Marsha, as <i>verbose</i> as alway	ys, signed her letter o	nly "Best," instead of	"Best wishes."
18	8. Rose's "How are you?" alw interest.	ays seems perfunctor	ry, just a matter of rou	itine courtesy, not genuine
	9. As kids, my brother and I l they let us stay up as late as	oved staying with ou we liked and eat can	ır grandparents becau dy for breakfast.	se of their stringent rules;
PART C	nswer line, write the letter of t	he word that is the sy	nonym of the boldfac	ced word.
	Example: _c_ antipathy	a. illness	b. admiration	c. hatred
20). rancor	a. noise	b. good will	c. bitterness
21	. encompass	a. include	b. turn	c. omit
22	. provocative	a. boring	b. foreign	c. fascinating
PART D On the ar	nswer line, write the letter of the			ed word.
	Example: <u>b</u> antipathy	a. illness	b. admiration	c. hatred
23.	. impede	a. discover	b. aid	c. block
24.	germane	a. unrelated	b. relevant	c. healthy
25.	adept	a. clumsy	b. experienced	c. skilled

Score (Number correct) x 4 = %

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT THREE: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

		·
1.	ADVOCATE: OPPOSE:: a. rush: hurry c. debate: win	b. predict: know d. contradict: agree with
2.	ANTIPATHY: ENEMIES:: a. romance: siblings c. affection: friends	b. love: hate d. intimacy: strangers
3.	EMANCIPATE : ENSLAVE :: a. say : speak c. convict : jurors	b. elect : vote d. arrest : release
4.	IMMINENT: THE YEAR 4000:: a. high: Mount Everest c. dry: Sahara Desert	b. hot: North Pole d. wet: Pacific Ocean
5.	AUSTERE: PLAIN:: a. remote: control c. strict: easygoing	b. nearby: close d. selfish: tantrum
6.	ESOTERIC : BRAIN SURGERY :: a. logical : infancy b. daring : jogging	c. noisy: sleeping d. challenging: mountain climbing
7.	FACSIMILE: ORIGINAL:: a. parent: adult c. brother: man	b. reproduction: painting d. piano: pianist
8.	MESMERIZE: HYPNOTIST:: a. operate: surgeon c. disappear: announcer	b. listen : lecturer d. repair : undertaker
9	a. computer programmer: height c. comedian: wit	b. proofreader : courage d. acrobat : clumsiness
10	a. football field : athletes c. railroad : conductors	b. blueprint : architectd. television : viewers

11. SUPERFICIALLY: UNDERSTAND::	
a. thoroughly : examinec. briefly : visit	b. slowly : read d. race : run
12. SYMMETRICAL : SQUARE ::	
a. boxy : circlec. triangular : hoop	b. circular : rectangle d. egg-shaped : oval
13. ADEPT: PICKPOCKET::	
a. thin: chess playerc. graceful: dancer	b. scholarly : shortstopd. cheerful : worrier
14. ENCOMPASS : EXCLUDE ::	
a. explain : clarify c. erase : remove	b. insert : write d. omit : include
15. ENTREPRENEUR : BUSINESS ::	
a. dentist : patientc. cook : fry	b. producer : movie d. company : employee
16. HOMOGENEOUS : MILK ::	
a. juicy : cornflakes c. grainy : sugar	b. fattening: celery d. greasy: water
17. FLAMBOYANT : GRAY SUIT ::	
a. economical: ten-course banquetc. luxurious: palace	b. generous : thirty-percent tip d. competitive : Olympics
18. FOIBLE: NAIL-BITING::	•
a. weakness: self-controlc. strength: compulsive gambling	b. phobia: fear of heights d. skill: blue eyes
19. MAGNANIMOUS : GENEROUS ::	
a. angelic : heavenc. delicate : flower	b. softhearted: brutald. affectionate: loving
20. REPUGNANT : COCKRÓACHES ::	
a. cheerful : antsc. welcome : songbirds	b. sturdy: butterflies d. ruthless: doves

UNIT THREE: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

ord Parts	Examples	Definitions	
1. anima	animated, inanimate	a. Hold; keep	
2. arch, -archy	archenemy, patriarchy	b. Send	
3. ben- bene-	benign, beneficial	c. A specific way of speaking	or writing
4ee	appointee, employee	d. Many	
5log, -logue	dialog, prologue		
6. miss, mit	mission, transmit	f. Good, well	
7. mort	mortician, immortality	g. Chief, ruler	
	10. ten	detention, tenant	j. Death
sing the answer line provide art from the box. Not every a. anima b.	word part will be used. arch c. bene-	්. −ee	elogue
	11. One (<i>mon</i>) in Pe	ersia was king for seventy years—	his entire life
			on) beca

14. Shakespeare sometimes wrote an (epi . . .) ___ to a play, a final speech

15. Stick insects are so named because when they don't move, they resemble

spoken by a character directly to the audience.

(in . . . te) ____ twigs more than living insects.

(Continues on next page)

PART Use yo write th		etermine the meaning of the boldfa	ced words. On the answer line,
1	6. Instead of using the perfectly words negative and affirmativ	y good words <i>no</i> and yes, Evan in e.	sists on using the polysyllabic
	a. having long syllables	b. having many syllables	c. hard to pronounce
1	7. My brother has a retentive me	emory.	
	a. tending to forget	b. highly selective	c. tending to hold
18	Giving the emissary a hollow nickel to army headquarters.	v nickel containing key informatio	n, the spy told him to get the
	a. a king	b. a recipient c. a	a messenger sent on an errand
19	O. My mother and I donated bloo	d today. The donee is a neighbor.	
	a. a person receiving blood	b. a doctor	c. a chief of a blood bank
20	 After recovering from breakin Leech was mortally injured in 	g many bones while going over Ni 1911 when he slipped on a banana	agara Falls in a barrel, Bobby peel.
	a. painfully	b. fatally	c. strangely
·	•		

Unit Four



Chapter 19

dilapidated chide coalition integral commensurate noxious connotation scenario diabolic yen

Chapter 20

atrophy mitigate deplore objective panacea deprivation unprecedented exacerbate utilitarian **Imperative**

Chapter 21

facilitate decorum orthodox espouse rejuvenate exhilaration exorbitant synchronize extricate tenuous

Chapter 22

assimilate indolent **Inherent** belligerent demeanor nonchalant cenunclation unassuming dissipate unilateral

Chapter 23

analogy placebo annihilate proficient criterion staunch subversive emanate holistic vindicate

Chapter 24

-cian, -lan oct-, octodec--ous duc, duct phil, -phile sur--en vol homo-



coalition commensurate connotation diabolic integral noxious scenario yen

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 chide · My parents chided me for getting sunburned, but my blistered skin hurt a lot (chīd) more than their scolding. -verb · Elise was right to chide me when I lazily threw the newspapers into the trash instead of stacking and tying them for recycling. Chide means a. to command. b. to criticize. c. to be cruel to. 2 coalition Four colleges formed a coalition to operate a shared Center of Higher (kō'a-lĭsh'an) Education. -noun · A coalition of one sheriff, two horse thieves, three stagecoach robbers, and a couple of crooked gamblers once made up the government of Virginia City. a. one part of a whole. Coalition means b. a neighborhood. c. a partnership. 3 commensurate Most students who work hard will eventually see results commensurate with (ka-měn shoor-it) their efforts. -adjective The expression "make the punishment fit the crime" means that a penalty should be commensurate with the degree of wrongdoing. Commensurate with means a essential to. b. delayed by. c. consistent with. 4 connotation • For many of us, the word sea has a connotation of salty air and vast openness. (kŏn'ə-tā'shən) • Sayonara, the Japanese word for "goodbye," actually means "if it must be so" -noun and thus has connotations of sadness at parting Connotation means a. a suggested meaning. b. a handicap. c. alwarning. 5 diabolic • In the musical Sweeney Todd: The Demon Barber of Fleet Street, the barber is (dī'a-bŏl'ĭk) indeed diabolic: he kills his clients by cutting their throats so that his friend -adjective Mrs. Lovett can make the victims into meat pies. • The horror story featured open graves, walking corpses, and a diabolic villain who turned an entire townful of people into zombies. Diabolic means a. lazy. b. frightened. 6 dilapidated · The dilapidated house must have once been handsome. Some of its broken (da-lăp'a-dat'id) windows are stained glass, and the loose door hinges are fine metalwork. -adjective · His teddy bear is dilapidated, with its ears hanging by threads and the stuffing coming out, but the little boy won't let go of it long enough for anyone to repair it.

__ *Dilapidated* means

- a. out of proportion.
- b. strongly desired.
- c. run-down.

7 integral (in to-gral)		be an integral part of Laura hey'd have nothing to say to e	and Nate's relationship. If they ach other.
-adjective	 Voting is integral cannot continue to 		elections, a democratic system
Integral means	a. essential	b. very small.	c. predicted.
8 noxious (nŏk'shəs)	 When you are clear produce could land 	aning, never mix ammonia an d you in the hospital.	d bleach. The noxious gas they
-adjective		building had to be evacuated air vents and dozens of worker	d when noxious fumes started ers got sick.
Noxious means	a. potential.	b. unhealthy.	c. impossible.
9 scenario (sĭ-nâr'ē-ō)		an overall scenario for the moverall scenario for the moveral fo	vie," the screenwriter said, "but
-noun	 To help governm develop scenarios 	ents and industries plan for describing what might happe	the future, experts sometimes in the next year or decade.
Scenario means	a. an outline of po	ossible events. B. a budge	et. c. an actual occurrence.
10 yen	• Whenever I have a	yen for a cigarette, I chew or	a pencil instead.
(yĕn) -noun	 My yen for garlic bagful. 	bagel chips doesn't go away	even after I've eaten a whole
Yen means	a. a longing.	b. a feeling of disapproval	. , c. a memory.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Harmful(to life or health; poisonous
2.	A sequence of events that is imagined, assumed, or suggested
3	Very cruel; wicked; demonic
4	To scold mildly or express disapproval
5	A strong desire; craving
6	Necessary to the whole; belonging to the whole
7.	A union of individuals, groups, or nations for some specific purpose
8.	Corresponding in degree, number, or size; in proportion
9.	A secondary meaning suggested by a word, in addition to the word's dictionary definition
10.	Fallen into a state in which repairs are badly needed; broken down

a. chide f. dilapidated	b. coalition c. commensurate d. connotation e. diabolic g. integral h. noxious i. scenario j. yen	
	1. The doctor(e)d Rick for not following her advice about switching to a low-fat diet.	
	2. One Chinese emperor was so quick to have people executed that his officials always said their last goodbyes when they were summoned to the presence of their ruler.	
	3. We may argue about whether character or plot is more important, but they are both to any novel.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4. The New York telephone directory lists hundreds of differents, including action groups for "Korean-American Voters," "Fairness to Africa," and "A Smoke-Free City."	
	5. Often, to satisfy a, I eat something sweet, only to find that the sweetness has produced an equally strong craving for something salty.	
	6. "I wish I could give you a grade with the excellence of your paper," the teacher said. "Unfortunately, there is no such grade as A plus-plus."	
	7. Dictionaries usually don't give thes of words. These associated meanings become familiar to us only through experience.	
	8. My parents always know when my friend Theo has been here because his old car, which has a leaky radiator, leaves a puddle of water in the driveway.	
	9. Cigarettes aren't bad only for smokers. "Secondhand smoke" is also and can be rmful to everyone nearby.	عدمتنسوسالموري
	10. I had thought up severals of how my widowed mother might marry again, but I never would have predicted what actually happened: she married my widowed father-in-law.	
NOTE: Now check you prepare for the n	your answers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help ext two practices, for which answers are not given.	
entence Che	ab 9	

			Chapter 19 113
<u> </u>		3-4.	The developers who endangered the local water supply by dumping wastes in the landfill did not get a punishment that was with their reprehensible act: they had to pay only a small fine.
		5-6. -	A dark, old house in our neighborhood scares local children, who feel that the quiet, unfriendly owner is some sort of villain.
		7–8.	The TV writer was distraughto: "The producer told me to shorten the script by cutting the deathbed scene out of my But how can I? It's a(n) part of the story."
	1 1		While the word "" can refer to a strong desire for anything, to many people it has the specific of a sharp longing for a particular food.
Final Ch	eck: Hallo	weer	a Troubles
selection car	efully. Then f	ill in ea	to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following ach blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
Disc	omfort was s	ich a(n)) (1) part of my childhood Halloweens
			ed the holiday without it. In retrospect, I think I must have been a
-			limped from door to door in crippling wooden shoes. As a vampire
with sha	rp fangs, I cu	it my lo	ower lip every time I said "Trick or treat." Even today the word
Hallowed	en carries for i	ne (2)_	() s of physical misery.
Му	(3)	<u>;</u> ; .	for the perfect Halloween encompassed not only scaring
others, b	ut also frighte	ening m	nyself. So I was willing to approach even the most scary-looking
houses, o	ones sure to be	e haunte	ed or to belong to (4) witches waiting to
boil child	dren for dinner	. Gener	ally, such houses were (5), with cracked
windows	, creaking ste	os, and	loose shutters banging in the wind. Even scarier than those places,
however,	, were the (6)_	·	s of high-school students. At any moment, these
gangs m	ight corner n	ne and	demand, "Your candy or your life." I might die if I refused to
relinguis	h° my, Baby, R	uths, He	ershey's Kisses, and Three Musketeers.
Мy	càndy, hau ¹ , wa	s alway	s disappointing, never ₁ (7) with what I had
suffered	on my rounds	s. In add	dition, as soon as I returned home, my parents would order me to
throw ou	ıt all unwrapp	ed can	dy, since it might contain some (8)
			then, of course, I had built up a powerful and indiscriminate°
			for candy—any candy at all. So I would stuff myself with the 100t
that rema	ained—and the	en be (1	0) (e)d for getting sick.
	[

Final Check

Scores Sentence Check 2



deplore deprivation exacerbate imperative objective panacea unprecedented utilitarian

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 atrophy (ă'trə-fē)	 Since unused musc time becomes thinn 	les atrophy, an arm or a leger.	that remains in a cast for some
-verb	• "If you watch any n "your brain will atr	nore of those mindless televis	sion programs," my father said
Atrophy means	a. to grow.	b. to waste away.	c. to cause pain.
2 deplore (dĭ-plôr')	pens, and stationery	from the office, a practice he	
=verb	 Many people deplo tolerate it, because t 	ore some of the content on the content on the content of the conte	he Internet but feel they must ly of censorship.)
Deplore means	(a., to condemn.	b. to ignore.	c. to make worse.
(dep'rə-va'shən)	Children who spend may suffer through	I their early years in institution the life from the effects of this	ons where they receive no love s deprivation.
-noun 	 Weight-loss program of deprivation. "Yo 	ns typically claim that their u'll never be hungry!" they p	members experience no sense promise.
Deprivation means	a. a deficiency.	b. a feeling of disapprov	al. c. a strong desire.
4 exacerbate (ĕg-zăs'ər-bāt)	• Scratching a mosquitching and may eve	ito bite only makes it worse:	the scraping exacerbates the
-verb	Instead of soothing exacerbate his crying	the baby, the sound of the	e music box seemed only to
Exacerbate means	a. to find the cause	of. b. to relieve,	c. to make worse.
5 imperative	• It is imperative that	I renew my driver's license t	today—it expires at midnight.
(ĭm-pĕr ^r ə-tĭv) -adjective	• "It is imperative fo "so please send it by	r this letter to reach Mr. Riv Express Mail."	vera tomorrow," the boss said,
Imperative means	a. impossible.	b. difficult.	c. essential.
6 mitigate (mit/a-gāt)	• The disabilities resu therapy, but he still h	lting from Mr. Dobbs's strok as difficulty using his right a	e were mitigated by physical arm.
-verb	• Time usually mitiga their engagement, he	tes the pain of a lost love. We was miserable, but now the	hen Richard's girlfriend broke hurt is much less.
Mitigate means	a. to relieve.	b. to worsen.	c. to reveal.

-	-	
		•

7	objective (əb-jěk'tĭv)	• Scientists must strive to be totally objective in their observations and experiments, putting aside their personal wishes and expectations.			
-6	-adjective		ging others.	Ode	t us from being objective in
	Objective means		personal.	b. open-minded.	c. persuasive.
8	panacea √ (păn'ə-sē'ə)		aunt considers vitam rything from chapped li		believes that they can cure
	-noun		vi thinks his troubles w ney isn't a panacea; it v		st had plenty of money. But oblems.
- 1	Panacea means	a. a	a belief.	b. a basic necessity.	c, a universal remedy.
9	unprecedented (ŭn-pres'ə-den'tid) -adjective	appThe	ointment was unpreced	lented—all the previoustanding room only." T	o the Supreme Court, her is justices had been men. This was unprecedented, the
	Unprecedented means			b. unprejudiced.	c. controversial.
10	utilitarian (yoō-tĭl'ə-târ'ē-ən)		e difference between ' litarian. They are gener		that crafts tend to be more specific use.
ý,	-adjective		refer utilitarian gifts, s cornamental or beautifu		to gifts that are meant to be
	Utilitarian means	а. ч	unique.	b. practical.	c. inexpensive.
				•	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

	*	
1.	, 1	To aggravate (a situation or condition); make more severe
2.		To make less severe or less intense; relieve
3.	C C	Being the first instance of something; never having occurred before
4.		Something supposed to cure all diseases, evils, or difficulties; cure-all
5.	:	To wear down, lose strength, or become weak, as from disuse, disease, or injury (said of a body part); to wither away
6.	The second second	Lack or shortage of one or more basic necessities
7.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Necessary; urgent
8.	:	Not influenced by emotion or personal prejudice; based only on what can be observed
9.	- Chilin José	Made or intended for practical use; stressing usefulness over beauty or other considerations
0.	dodoc	To feel or express disapproval of

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices: Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

d once.	$\chi_{ij} = \chi_{ij} + \chi$
The second of th	deplore c. deprivation d. exacerbate e. imperative objective h. panacea i unprecedented j. utilitarian
·	1. When families go camping and decide to spend a whole weekend without pizza and TV, some kids think they are experiencing a great
<u> </u>	2. The last time I had a migraine headache, I tried draping a cold, wet cloth over my eyes to the pain and nausea, but they only got worse.
<u> </u>	3. First-aid instructions usually advise against moving an accident victim, because movement can an injury.
<u></u>	4. The election of John F. Kennedy, a Catholic, to the presidency was in American history—he was the first Catholic president.
	5. No one could drinking and driving more than Elena; her son was killed by a drunk driver.
	6. Although an Academy Award is not meant to be, one winner uses his as a paperweight.
10°20 11 3	7. If you find it difficult to be about your own writing, try asking a classmate to read it and give you an unbiased opinion.
_/	8. Our city has many different crime-related problems, but the mayor has only one solution to offer: more police officers on the streets. She believes an enlarged police force is a
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	9. When told that Ms. Thomas was in conference and could not be disturbed, the caller said urgently, "It's that I speak to her. Her house is on fire."
· Side and Arthur	10. In Burma, some women lengthen their necks by stretching them with copper coils. This practice damages the muscles, causing them to: they become thin and weak.
	answers to these questions by turning to page 178. Going over the answers carefully will help to practices, for which answers are not given.
tence Check	$oldsymbol{2}$
g the answer lines pr	ovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
M. M. Mariana	1-2. "Hands Across America" was a fund-raising effort to help hunger in regions where was widespread.
<u>alkini, i</u>	3-4. Many people are so opposed to change that they as potentially harmful just about anything that is new and
	

> Sentence Check 1

		5-6.	It's hard to know what treatment is optimum ^o for a sprained ankle. Walking on the ankle can the injury, but if you don't walk on it for a long time, the muscles will start to	
1(1)	1.	·	7–8.	If you want to be, it is that you put aside your emotions and prejudices.
7.10	ì			In deciding which over-the-counter medicine to take, it's important to use a(n) approach. Choose a drug for the specific purpose it serves, and don't rely on any one drug as a

➤ Final Check: Thomas Dooley

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.

In the 1950s, a young American doctor named Thomas Dooley arrived in Laos, in southeast
Asia. He was shocked by the ubiquitous° sickness and poverty he found there. The people lived
without plumbing or electricity, and they had no knowledge of health care or even of basic
hygiene. For example, one boy with an infected leg had been told not to walk at all, which caused
both of his legs to (1) A The people's lack of knowledge was
(2) (e)d by superstitions and by a reliance on well-meaning
traditional healers, who sometimes inadvertently gave useless or harmful advice. They might, for
example, advocate ^o pig grease for a burn or treat a fracture by chanting. Dooley
(3) (e)d the terrible (4) he saw. He felt that it
(3) (e)d the terrible (4) he saw. He felt that it was (5) to help these communities learn about modern medicine—to
help them apply (6) spile scientific knowledge—and equally essential for
them to relinquisho their harmful superstitions. Dooley did not believe that modern medicine
would be a (7) for every problem in Laos, but he firmly believed that
he could at least (8) the people's suffering.
Dooley's (9) (1) approach to health care, based specifically on practical
instruction, was (10) (10) : no one before him had tried to teach the
communities how to care for themselves. Dooley believed that teaching was an integralo part of
medical care, that it was useless to treat symptoms and allow the causes to continue. So,
subsidized° by local governments, he set up hospitals and taught the rudimentary° principles of
hygiene, nursing, and medical treatment.
Tom Dooley died at a tragically young age, but his work and the tenetse that guided it

Tom Dooley died at a tragically young age, but his work and the tenets° that guided it benefited countless people.

[17] 그는 그는 그는 아이들은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 보고 있다고 불빛들은 그 사람이 되었다. 그는 것은 그는 그는 그는 그는	
N2	
Canyon Contange Check 2 % Final Check	0/
Scores Sellence Check 2 70 Final Check	70
[1] 14 - 12 [1] 17 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 -	1 AME

espouse exhilaration exorbitant extricate orthodox rejuvenate synchronize tenuous

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 decorum (dĭ-kô'rəm)	Decorum demands that those you don't like or	t you send a thank-you not will never use.	te for all birthday gifts, even
· -noun	kinds of situations. For	mns, Miss Manners gives example, she says that at bug crawling in your salad	advice on decorum in all a dinner party, you must be
Decorum means	a. a difficult situation.	b. beauty.	c. proper conduct.
2 espouse	• Some politicians espou	se whatever ideas they thinl	k will win them votes.
(ĕ-spouz') -verb	 People who espouse a scientists who argue for 	nimals' rights often find the use of animals in medi	themselves in conflict with cal experiments.
Espouse means	a. to speak for.	b. to argue against.	c. to study.
3 exhilaration (ĕg-zĭl'ə-rā'shən)	 After the last exam of the we skipped all the way to 	he year, Jan and I were so to the car.	filled with exhilaration that
-noun	 A marching band give music makes them feel 	s most people a feeling of excited.	of exhilaration. The lively
Exhilaration means	a. appropriateness.	b. liveliness.	c. commitment.
4 exorbitant (ĕg-zôr'bĭ-tənt)	• Even if I were rich, I That's an exorbitant pri	wouldn't pay three hundr	ed dollars for those shoes.
-adjective	• The armed forces often an eight-hundred-dollar	spend exorbitant amounts ashtray and a toilet seat tha	s on minor items, including t cost thousands of dollars.
Exorbitant means	a. estimated.	b. inconvenient.	c. extremely high.
5 extricate (ĕks'trĭ-kāt')	• The fly struggled and s spider's web.	struggled but was unable t	to extricate itself from the
	• The young couple ran up help them extricate then	p so many debts that they finselves from their financial	inally needed a counselor to mess.
Extricate means	a. to untangle.	b. to distinguish.	c. to excuse.
6 facilitate (fə-sĭl'ə-tāt')	Automatic doors in sup with bags or shopping ca	ermarkets facilitate the earts.	ntry and exit of customers
-verb		ight, large print facilitates	reading.

b. to cause.

c. to assist.

Facilitate means

a. to decrease.

7 orthodox (ôr'tha-dŏks')	• When Father McKenzie brought drums and electric guitars into church, he shocked the more orthodox members of his congregation.			
-adjective		ar for a sprint or distance r Ethiopian runner competed	ace is some kind of running in the Olympics barefoot.	
Orthodox means	a. revolutionary.	b. traditional.	c. important.	
8 rejuvenate (rĭ-joo'və-nāt')	 The Fountain of Youth people. 	h was a legendary spring wl	hose water could rejuvenate	
-verb	 The grass had become it, perking it up and tu 		arm spring rain rejuvenated	
Rejuvenate means	a. to set free.	b. to excite.	c. to give new life to.	
9 synchronize (sĭng'krə-nīz')	• The secret agents symborder at exactly the s		so that they could cross the	
-verb	•	nize the clocks in our houne alarm clock in the bedroom	se: the kitchen clock is ten m.	
Synchronize means	a. to coordinate.	b. to repair.	c. to find.	
10 tenuous (těn'yoō-əs)			is relationship. Something as able relationship to collapse.	
-adjective		the Equal Rights Amendme support it with any facts, and	ent, but his position seemed dhis logic was weak.	
Tenuous means	a. shaky.	b. easy.	c. established.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Cheerfulness; high spirits
2.	To free from a tangled situation or a difficulty
3	Having little substance or basis; weak; poorly supported
4	Correctness in behavior and manners; standards or conventions of socially acceptable behavior
5	To make (someone) feel or seem young again; to make (something seem fresh or new again
6	To support, argue for, or adopt (an idea or cause)
7.	To cause to occur at exactly the same time; to cause (clocks and watches) to agree in time
8	To make easier to do or to get
9	Following established, traditional rules or beliefs, especially in religion; following what is customary or commonly accepted
10.	Excessive, especially in amount, cost, or price; beyond what is reasonable or appropriate

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

>	Sentence	Chook	1
	semence	Uneck	1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

a. decorum f. facilitate	b espouse c exhilaration d exorbitant e extricate g orthodox h rejuvenate l synchronize l tenuous
	1. Ignoring all standards of cafeteria, students sat on the tables and threw french fries at each other.
	2. Some premature babies are so tiny and weak that their hold on life is very
	3. The ads for the anti-wrinkle cream claim that it will aging skin.
	4. The new restaurant went out of business because of its prices.
	5. The children's at the amusement park was contagious—their parents soon felt excited too.
	6. If you're giving a dinner party, preparing some food platters ahead of time will your work when the guests arrive.
	7. At age two, Patrick got his head stuck between the bars of an iron railing. His parents had to call the fire department to come and him.
P-10-AA.	8. During the 1960s and 1970s, there were bitter clashes between those who(e)d the United States' involvement in Vietnam and those who were opposed to it.
	9. New members of the water ballet club have trouble coordinating their swimming, but with practice, the group is able to its movements.
	10. "The treatment in this kind of case," the doctor said, "is surgery followed by chemotherapy. But some specialists are exploring the possibility of using surgery alone."
NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next tw	answers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help to practices, for which answers are not given.
entence Check 2	2
sing the answer lines prace.	ovided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. It filled the audience with to see the dancers in the chorus line their turns and kicks so perfectly.
	_ 3-4. In any religion, practices are slow to change. New ones are always
	in a(n) position at first and require time to become widely accepted.

4	04
	_

	Chapter 21 121
	7-8. Foreign Service officers must observe strict rules of conduct. If their behavior violates, their government may have to itself from a diplomatic mess.
	9-10. My grandmother(e)d garlic as a treatment for chest colds, in the belief that it(e)d breathing. Sometimes she made us eat it, and sometimes she rubbed it on our chests. As a result, we were often ostracized by our friends, who found the smell of garlic repugnant.
Fi	nal Check: Twelve Grown Men in a Bug
sel	re is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following action carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. Ontext clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.
	My college reunions are very traditional occasions, but there is usually very little that's
	(1) about my husband's.
	Take, for example, one of the final events of his reunion last year. It all began when a big,
	bearded man stood up to address the raucous° crowd. Over the noise, the man yelled, "You are
٠	about to see an amazing sight. The twelve large, robusto hunks of manhood you see up here, none
72.5	with a waistline smaller than forty-two inches, are about to squeeze into this Volkswagen Beetle.
	We're not here to (2) the use of economy cars, and we're not masochists°
	trying to torture ourselves. It's just that we all fit into the Beetle twenty years ago, and we aim to
	do it again today. Unless we occasionally (3) ourselves by letting go of
	our serious side and doing something inane°, how can we stay young?
	"Now, I know that some of you have (4) bets in the amount of
	two whole bucks riding on this," he joked. "We won't fail those who believe in us. And those of
	you who consider our claim (5), just watch."
	Then the bear of a man turned to the eleven others. "Okay, heroes," he exhorted them, "this is
	no time for (6) Forget your manners, and do anything you can to
	(7) this mighty task. Now, let's (8) our
	start—all together: ready, set, go!"
	Shoving, yelling, and cursing, the twelve men tried to squeeze into the car. "If they do get in,"
	I said to my husband, "how will they ever (9) themselves?"
	Moments later, however, everyone was cheering vociferously°. All twelve men were inside the
	car. After a few seconds, they exploded out of it, wild with (10)
	Sweaty but triumphant, they jumped up and down and hugged one another.
	\cdot



belligerent demeanor denunciation dissipate

inherent nonchalant unassuming unilateral

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 assimilate · To assimilate into the culture of a new country, it's essential to learn the (ə-sim'ə-lat') language. -verb • The United States has often been called a "melting pot"-meaning that people of many cultures have assimilated, or blended together, within it. Assimilate means a. to be absorbed. b. to spread thin. c. to remain. 2 belligerent When anyone contradicts Bruce, he becomes belligerent. He has often started (bə-lĭj'ə-rənt) fights with people who disagreed with him. -adjective · Angie was suspended for her belligerent behavior during an argument with one of her teachers. She actually shook her fist at him and threatened to hit him. Belligerent means a. overly casual. b. quarrelsome. c. confused. 3 demeanor Troy's demeanor was quiet and controlled, but inside he was boiling with anger. (dĭ-mēn'ər) · Proper demeanor during a religious service or lecture is obviously quite -noun different from acceptable conduct at a ball game or rock concert. Demeanor means a. behavior. b. feelings. c. expectation. 4 denunciation · In an unusual denunciation of parents, the community leader said, "Parents (dĭ-nŭn'sē-ā'shən) have not been taking enough responsibility for their children." -noun The mayor's public denunciation of the police chief angered many officers; local citizens, however, applauded the mayor's public statement of disapproval. Denunciation means a appreciation. b. ignoring. ¢. criticism. 5 dissipate · After twenty minutes of meditation, I find that the stresses of my day have (dĭs'ə-pāt') dissipated, and I'm relaxed enough to enjoy the evening. -verb · Teddy hates catching a cold. When anyone is sneezing and coughing in his presence, he opens a window and fans the air to dissipate the cold germs. Dissipate means a. to blend. b. to scatter. c. to assemble. 6 indolent · My indolent sister says that the most work she ever wants to do is clicking the (ĭn'də-lənt) remote control to switch TV channels. -adjective · My uncle has been fired from three jobs for being indolent. He shows up on

- a. destructive.
- b. shy.

time, but he does little work and leaves early.

c. unwilling to work.

		-	
7 inherent		ife in San Francisco is the po	
(ĭn-hîr ' ənt) - <i>adjective</i>	 Marco believes that kind are born selfish. Maybe 	dness is inherent in human we're both right.	nature, but I think people
Inherent means	a. shrinking.	b. humble.	c. natural.
8 nonchalant (nŏn'shə-lŏnt') -adjective	nonchalant about trave	is so commonplace today, a cling by car. In the early two exciting and risky adventure	ventieth century, however,
		chalant about giving her or	
Nonchalant means	a. coolly unconcerned.	b. anxious.	c. angry.
9 unassuming (ŭn'ə-soo'ming) -adjective	 In the business world, modest about your skill promotion you deserve. 	you shouldn't be too unasts and achievements, for exa	ssuming. If you're overly mple, you might not get a
r	 As unassuming as ever 	, Alice accepted the award in	a quiet, modest way.
Unassuming means	a. argumentative.	b. lazy.	c. humble.
10 unilateral (yoon'ə-lăt'ər-əl)	Many people believe in nation should give up a	i unilateral disarmament; th Il weapons of war even if no	nat is, they think their own other country will do so.
-adjective	 Lonette's unilateral d recently bought nonrefu 	ecisions are hurting her m ndable tickets to Florida with	arriage. For instance, she out consulting her husband.
Unilateral means	a. gradual.	b. one-sided.	c. group.
			7
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	Conduct; outward behavior; manner
2	Lazy; avoiding or disliking work
3.	Modest; not boastful or arrogant
4	To thin out or scatter and gradually vanish; drive away
5	Calm, carefree, and casually unconcerned
6.	To become more similar to a larger whole; especially, to blend into or adjust to a main culture
7	Involving or done by only one side
8.	Existing as a natural or essential quality of a person or thing; built-in
9	Quick or eager to argue or fight; hostile; aggressive
10.	A strong expression of disapproval; an act of condemning, especially publicly

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

>	Sentence Check 1								
	Using the answer line provided, word once.	complete 6	each item b	oelow w	ith the	correct	word from	the box.	Use each
		•							

	belligerent c. demeanor d. denunciation e. dissipate Inherent h. nonchalant i. unassuming j. unilateral
	1. The eye is not necessarily a(n) part of the reading process. Blir people can read Braille—a system of raised dots—with their fingertips.
	2. Anger builds up if you hold it in. But expressing anger can help it to leaving you much calmer.
	3. Jerry is a(n) child who frequently pushes and hits other children.
	4. In a of the union, the company president said that its members wer "selfish and narrow-minded,"
	5. It's amazing how kids can be about computers; they'll work at th keyboard as casually as if it were a coloring book.
	6. Because she herself is a workaholic, my boss thinks that anyone wh works less than ten hours a day is
	7. Airport security guards are trained to observe people's so that they can notice and respond to any suspicious behavior.
	8. Even though Marsha was the star of the team, she was always and quick to give credit to the whole team for its successes.
	9. Many Americans who live and work abroad make no attempt to to foreign countries; they continue to eat only American food, speak only English, and see things only from an American perspective.
	 Governments are usually reluctant to take action in international disputes. They want other countries to join them in their efforts.
NOTE: Now check your and you prepare for the next two	wers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
• • •	
entence Check 2	
ing the answer lines prov ce.	ided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. Esteban's is consistently gentle and peaceful. By contrast, his brother Luis usually behaves in a rough and way.
	3-4. Tension was building between two gangs in the park when suddenly the leader of one gang made a brave gesture: he held out his hand to the other leader. As they shook hands, the strain between the groups began to, and a fight was avoided.
	U man a commercial at other

>

		,	Chapter 22	125
5-6	Cara's calm, casual stremains in tense	tyle seems to be a(n) _ situations that would r	part of her personality make most people distrau	. She ght°.
7–8	My mother, a zealot "Must you be so set time like a lump of r	dentary°?" she says. '	in her of my v "Don't just sit around a	ways.
9–10	. Because Wes is so company in which pe	quiet and, he fo	und it difficult to issive and competitive.	nto a
Final Check: Adjusting	g to a Group Ho	ome		
Here is a final opportunity for yo selection carefully. Then fill in (Context clues will help you figure	u to strengthen your k	nowledge of the ten vord from the box at	the top of the previous	owing page.
As Ken went up the pat	h to the children's hor	me, he dragged his fe	et, clenched his fists, ar	ıd
glared. His whole (1)				
you can't make me like it."				
because there seemed to be				
abandoned him.				
Ken reacted angrily. His	attitude toward the oth	ner children was (2)	; 1	he
started fights over the small				
asked, "How are you getting				
"This place stinks." And				
			bilities that he was often	
scolded for being (5)				
One day, though, some	thing happened that b	olstered° Ken's spirit	s. A small, quiet boy w	'as
being teased by some older	kids while others sto	od by watching, doin	g nothing to help. Riski	ng
a(n) (6)				
thanked him, Ken was (7)_		, saying, "It's o	okay. It was nothing." Af	ter
that incident, Ken started t	o (8)	more and	d more into the life of	the
home. As his anger (9)	(e	e)d, his (10)	friendline	ess
began to appear, and he bec				
			still fought now and the	en.
But he had changed enough				

Scores Sentence Check 2

______Final Check



analogy annihilate criterion emanate holistic

placebo proficient staunch subversive vindicate

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 analogy (ə-năl'ə-jē) -noun

• To help students understand vision, teachers often draw an analogy between the eye and a camera.

· The commencement address, titled "You Are the Captain of Your Ship," used the analogy of life as an ocean-going vessel that the captain must steer between rocks.

Analogy means

a. a picture.

b. a comparison.

c. a standard.

2 annihilate (ə-nī'ə-lāt') -verb

• The movie was about a plot to annihilate whole cities by poisoning their water

· "Universal Destroyer" is a warlike video game in which the aim is to

Annihilate means

annihilate the opponents. a. to escape from.

b. to seize.

c. to wipe out.

3 criterion (krī-tēr'ē-ən) • One criterion by which writing teachers judge a paper is clear organization.

-noun

· Some advertisers aren't concerned about telling the truth. Their only criterion for a good commercial is selling the product.

Criterion means

 a. a standard. b, a beginning.

c. an answer.

4 emanate (ĕm'ə-nāt') -verb

 As the cinnamon bread baked, a wonderful smell emanated from the kitchen. · The screeching and scraping emanating from Keisha's bedroom tell me that

Emanate means

she is practicing her violin. a. to disappear. b. to come out.

c. to expand.

5 holistic (hō-lĭs'tĭk) -adjective

· A good drug center takes a holistic approach to treatment, seeing each client not just as "an addict" but as a whole person. Along with medical aid, it provides emotional support, individual and family counseling, and follow-up services.

Eastern cultures tend to take a more holistic view of learning than Western societies, focusing on the whole rather than analyzing parts.

Holistic means

a. easygoing.

b. concerned with the whole.

c. nonfinancial.

6 placebo (plă-sē'bō) -noun

When the little boy had a headache and there was no aspirin in the house, his mother gave him a placebo: a small candy that she told him was a "pain pill." It seemed to work—his headache went away.

 The doctor lost his license when it was found that the "nerve pills" he had been giving to many of his patients were actually a placebo-just sugar pills.

Placebo means

a. a fake medication.

b. a natural remedy.

c. an expensive cure.

7 proficient (pra-fĭsh'ant)	 It's not all that hard to be develop the necessary ski 	come proficient on a computer II.	: Be patient, and you'll
-adjective ·	 Wayne is a proficient w desks, bookshelves, and of 	voodworker. He is able to ma cabinets.	ke professional-quality
Proficient means	a. highly competent.	b. hard-working.	c. enthusiastic.
8 staunch (stônch)	staunch supporters.	d been accused of taking bri	
-adjective	 The newspaper's astrologremains a staunch believ 	gical predictions are often way er in astrology and checks her	off the mark, yet Tala horoscope every day.
Staunch means	a. busy.	b. unsteady.	c. faithful.
9 subversive (səb-vûr'sĭv)	 To some Americans, crundermining his power. T 	iticizing the President is a su to others, it is simply an exampl	bversive act, aimed at e of freedom of speech.
-adjective	 The so-called "consultir was actually a ring of an 	g company" was a cover for tigovernment agents.	subversive activities; it
Subversive means	a. having faith.	b. intended to destroy.	c. blameless.
10 vindicate (vĭn'də-kāt')	by reciting several theore	of cheating on a geometry test ems from memory, proving tha	t he knew the material.
-verb	 In our society, people fa of money on legal fees in 	dsely accused of crimes often n order to vindicate themselves	must spend a great deal s.
Vindicate means	a. to prove innocent.	b. to make a commitment.	c. to weaken.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To clear from blame or suspicion; justify or prove right
2.	A substance which contains no medicine, but which the receiver believes is a medicine
3.	To flow or come out from a source; come forth
4	and the clouder of demonstrate a pain
5.	To destroy completely; reduce to nothingness
6.	A standard by which something is or can be judged
7	the state of the s
8.	Firm; loyal; strong in support
9.	Emphasizing the whole and the interdependence of its parts, rather than the parts separately
.0	Skilled; expert

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

a. analogy b. annihilate c. criterion d. emanate f. placebo J. During the Vietnam War, some protesters poured bloo Supporters of the war considered this a act. 2. Passenger pigeons no longer exist. They were (e)d to 3. I'm a fan of Whitney Houston. I have all her record 4. One used to judge the children's artwork was their 5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at be to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the companies of the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Internet The search engine is a guide showing you the best place of the items. She was (e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was (e)d when she pulled the receipt of while a second group got a(n) , identical in apper	d over draft records. by hunters. lings. use of vivid colors. aking. My pies tend
Supporters of the war considered this a act. 2. Passenger pigeons no longer exist. They were (e)d let 3. I'm a fan of Whitney Houston. I have all her record 4. One used to judge the children's artwork was their 5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at be to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the companies to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Internet. The search engine is a guide showing you the best place. 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was (e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was (e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was (e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was (e)d when she pulled in appear while a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	by hunters. lings. use of vivid colors. aking. My pies tend
3. I'm a fan of Whitney Houston. I have all her record 4. One used to judge the children's artwork was their 5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at b to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items are painkiller, researchers gave it to one given in the property of the property of the property of the pulled in appear while a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	ings. use of vivid colors. aking. My pies tend
3. I'm a fan of Whitney Houston. I have all her record 4. One used to judge the children's artwork was their 5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at b to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items are painkiller, researchers gave it to one given it is a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	ings. use of vivid colors. aking. My pies tend
5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at b to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she had items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of while a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	aking. My pies tend
5. Although I'm quite a good cook, I'm not very at b to be runny, and my bread won't rise. 6. A view of business would take into account not such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she had items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of while a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	aking. My pies tend
such things as the work environment and employees' jo 7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. The search gave it to one gave the place a second group got a(n), identical in appearance.	•
7. As the garbage-collectors' strike went into its third we began to from all the garbage bags piled up in the c 8. Explaining the importance of using a search engine to the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. The search gave it to one growhile a second group got a(n), identical in appear.	ust profits but also satisfaction.
the Internet, the instructor used a(n) "The Intern The search engine is a guide showing you the best place 9. Accused of shoplifting, the customer insisted that she is the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of 10. To test a new painkiller, researchers gave it to one go while a second group got a(n), identical in appe	ek, a dreadful odor ty streets.
the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she pulled the receipt of the items. She was(e)d when she w	et is a huge ocean.
while a second group got a(n), identical in appe	ad already paid for out of her purse.
medicine but with no built-in power to relieve pain.	oup of volunteers, arance to the new
NOTE: Now check your answers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers of you prepare for the next two practices, for which answers are not given.	arefully will help
Sentence Check 2	
Ising the answer lines provided, complete each item below with two words from the bace.	ox. Use each word
1-2. From the nasty smell that(e)d from the kitchen, I was using a new kind of bug spray to try to the ar	guessed that Mom

5-6. The agent was accused of selling government secrets, but he was able to ___ himself by proving that it was his boss who was the ___ one.

		· •	Chapter 23	129
Sh	o explain why she supported ne said that taking a narrow viving tree's leaves but ignoring	iew of a health p	problem is like trea	ating a
da	nton is a(n) believer in ughter started having nighter om with water and told her it	mares about me	onsters, he spray	small ed the
Final Check: A Different	Kind of Doctor			
Here is a final opportunity for you to selection carefully. Then fill in each (Context clues will help you figure or	h blank with a word from th	ne box at the to	op of the previous	lowing page.
Dr Wilson considers (1)	1	medicine the or	timum° approach	to
health care. He believes that to	facilitate° healing and well-t	being, it is impe	rative° to conside	ra
patient's entire lifestyle, not just				
he uses the (2)				
sun, or fertilizer, it won't do wel				
same way, the body needs proper				•
	nts without giving them drugs			ı to
feel healthier since they started t				
vegetables and taking a brisk wa				
of pleasure and exhilaration° se				
feel rejuvenated°.	, ,	•	.* .*	
•	ses, many orthodox° physicia	iņs do not sancti	on° his methods,	and
some even deplore° them. They	see him as dangerously (4)_		, a threa	t to
the medical establishment, and t	they scoff° at his drug-free "p	orescriptions," ca	alling them powerl	ess
(5)s. Tl				
	wish to destroy medical prog			
his methods represent such pr		•		
improved health of his patients.	There are other doctors worl	dwide who agre	e and who believe	e he
is so (8)				
conferences.		è	•	
	pelieve he is highly skilled, ar	nd they are the c	nes who are his n	nost
(9)sup				
from those who think medical p				
him by the extent to which he h		à a		
		. P		

Scores

Sentence Check 2

Final Check



decduc, duct -en homo-

-ous phil, -phile survol

Ten Word Parts in Context

Figure out the meanings of the following ten word parts by looking *closely* and *carefully* at the context in which they appear. Then, in the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each word part.

1 -clan, -ian	• A politician n	nust be a specialist both in	getting elected and in
The word part -cian or -ian means	 To become a li library science a. a similarity. 	brarian, Liana had to comp and also be an intern in a libr b. a person with experti	cary during the summer.
2 dec-	• Another name f	for the Ten Commandments i	s the Decalogue.
nan manan an um er er gengemen, en se	 Around 800 A. a number system 	D., the Hindus invented the non-	nodern decimal system,
The word part dec- means	a. eight.	o. having a certain knowledge	e. c. ten.
3 duc, duct	• The ducal pala- subjects.	ce was the residence of the	duke—the leader of his
The word part duc or duct	 When my father swings his arms 	er listens to classical music as if he's conducting the ord	on the radio, he often chestra.
means	a. to lead.	b. to be marked by.	c. to be above.
4 -en	 Hong can't wea wool drives him 	ar a woolen sweater over b crazy.	are skin. The scratchy
	• When the archa king, they found	eologists opened the tomb of dozens of golden bowls, near	of the ancient Egyptian cklaces, and bracelets.
The word part -en means		b. attracted to.	c. made of.
5 homo-	• The people wor They're all in t college, and they	king at the store are a fairly heir-early 20s; they've all-	had a year or two of
The word part <i>homo-</i> means	 Nowadays many They don't mind a. different. 	homosexuals are more ope if people know they prefer s b. alike.	n about their lifestyles. same-sex relationships. c. loving.
6 oct-, octo-	• An octagon is a	geometrical figure with eight	
_ The word part <i>oct-</i> or <i>octo-</i>	-	eight arms; that may seem lik	
means	a. eight.	b. ten.	c. above.

Chapter 24

7 -ous	 Marla dreams of havi 	ng great fame, but she has	no idea what she	
, 045	wants to be famous for. Rashid is very serious lately. He seems to be full of deep thoughts.			
The word part -ous means	a. characterized by.	b. loving.	c. beyond.	
8 phil, -phile	• Philadelphia is often called the "city of brotherly love."			
The word next while or while	 Martin is a complete Anglophile. He adores English accents, clothes, music, manners, and cars, saying they're superior to anything on this side of the ocean. 			
The word part <i>phil</i> or <i>-phile</i> means	a. above.	b. love.	c. before.	
9 sur-		ce of the table until it shone l		
	 Once our chickens started laying eggs, we had such a surplus that we were giving away dozens of extra eggs to our neighbors. 			
The word part sur- means	a. choose.	b. support.	c. over.	
10 vol	 Many retirees offer their talents as volunteers in their communities, nationwide, and even throughout the world. 			
・ マー・楽 ・	 According to the defense attorney, the defendant's confession was made under force, but the police and the prosecutor said that it had been voluntary. 			
The word part vol means	a. by choice.	b. without payment.	c. with skill.	
Matching Word Parts Following are definitions of the sentences above and on the	he ten word parts. Clearly w	rite or print each word part i decide on the meaning of eac	next to its definition.	
1	Ten			
2.	Having; full of; characterized by			
3.	Over; above; additional			
4				
5				
6	Made of			
7	Eight			
8	To will; choose			
9		tain ability or a certain kind o	f	
10	Same; similar			

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the word parts well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

Using the answer line pr part from the box. Use ea	ovided, complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the sentences below with the correct wach word part once.
aclan, -lan f. oct-, octo-	b. dec- c. duc, duct den e. homo- g -ous h. phil, -phile l. sur- l. vol
	1. Doing something on one's own (ition) means doing it by choof one's own free will.
	2. Ralph sprayed a protective coating over the (wood) fence so the wouldn't be eaten by termites.
	3. If Ana's pain isn't better by tomorrow, she really should see a (physic.
	4. The (athlon) is an athletic competition made up of ten events.
	5. Since there were only eight people in my high-school choral class, we have a(n) (et) instead of a choir.
	6. A(n) (phone) is a word that's pronounced the same as anot word. Examples are the words hear and here.
	7. An (aque) is a channel for bringing water from one place another. The water is usually drawn along by gravity.
	8. The wealthy woman was a true (anthropist); out of love for I fellow humans, she made generous donations to many causes.
	9. If the theater department wants this semester's play to (pass) l semester's in attendance, it will have to run an extra night, since be nights were sold out last semester.
	10. The disappearance of twenty dollars from my wallet is (mysteri)
NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next tw	inswers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help o practices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	?
Ising the answer lines pro art from the box. Use each	vided, complete each italicized word in the sentences below with the correct wo
	1-2. The (magic) called for someone from the audience to come on the stage and be sawed in half. My impetuous° sister was the first (unteer)
	_ 3-4. If peanut butter is not (genized), making it the san throughout, the oil separates and rises to the (face)

		Chapter 24	133
5-6	French is (marvel) If he ever move it easy to assimilate there.	that he thinks ever es to France, he should	ything ld find
7-8	B. My neighbor is a(n) (genarian) never guess he's lived eight (ades)	, but he's so robust° just by looking at him	you'd 1.
9–10	O. Superman has x-ray vision but still can't criminal decided to (con) his illic (lead) walls.	see through lead—seit° business in a room	so one m with
·	•		
** ***			
Final Check: Grandpa			
following selection carefully. T	you to strengthen your knowledge of the tenen complete each <i>italicized</i> word in the parevious page. (Context clues will help you figure part once.	entheses below with	a word
My grandfather had a b	eautiful singing voice as a younger man, and l	he loved to talk about	his
three (ades) (1)	(from age 20 until 50)	as a member of a gre	oup
called the $(Gold)(2)$ "_	Voices."		
When the original sever	members of the group heard him sing solos i	n his church, they invi	ited
	ing that he couldn't read music. He was deter		
liability° and he worked h	ard to (e ate) (3)	himself about m	usic
and become a proficient (nusic) (4) He	wanted to join the gr	oup
	nging, and he had a crush on its lively young p		/
A fter Grandfather hees	me a member, the (et's) (5)	succ	cess
began to (pass) (6)	all expectations. Th	eir voices, he used to	say,
began to (pass) (o)	and so cohe	sive° that they someti	mes
were so (geneous) (7)	e singing all eight parts. Eventually, the grou	n became so popular	that
	ay, rather than just (unteering) (8)		
	eir musical careers, said Grandpa, came wher		
	rmonic) (9) S		,y 10
	us orchestra made all eight singers euphoric°.		
In retrospect°, though,	Grandpa would always say that his own grea	test success was marr	yıng
that (vivaci) (10)	young pianist. It's pro	bably superfluous to	add
that they made beautiful m			

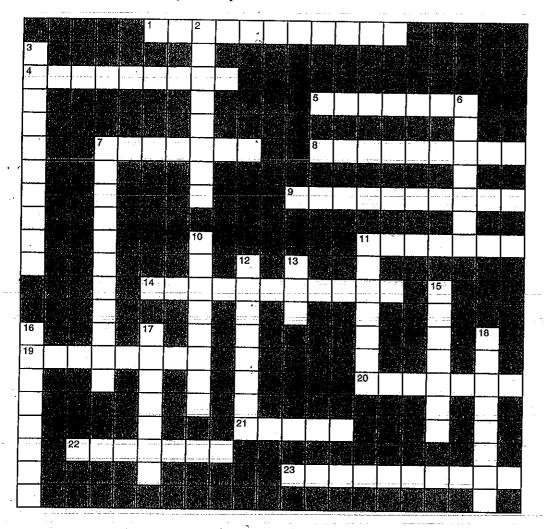
Final Check

Sentence Check 2

Scores

UNIT FOUR: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Four. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



annihilate atrophy belligerent chide decorum deprivation diabolic dissipate emanate espouse extricate holistic indolent inherent integral mitigate nonchalant noxious panacea placebo rejuvenate staunch tenuous utilitarian yen

ACROSS

- 1. Made or intended for practical use
- 4. To free from a tangled situation or a difficulty
- 5. To support, argue for, or adopt (an idea or cause)
- 7. Correctness in behavior and manners
- 8. To thin out or scatter and gradually vanish; drive away
- 9. To destroy completely; to reduce to nothingness
- A substance containing no medicine, which the receiver believes is a medicine

- 14. Quick or eager to argue or fight; hostile; aggressive
- 19. Lazy; avoiding work
- 20. To wear down, lose strength, or become weak
- 21. To scold mildly
- 22. Firm; loyal; strong in support
- 23. Calm, carefree, and casually unconcerned

DOWN

- 2. Necessary to the whole; belonging to the whole
- 3. To make (someone) feel or seem young again
- 6. To flow out; come forth

- 7. Lack or shortage of one or more basic necessities
- Emphasizing the whole and the interdependence of its parts
- 11. Something supposed to cure all diseases or evils
- 12. Very cruel; wicked; demonic
- 13. A strong desire; craving
- 15. Harmful to life or health
- 16. To make less severe; relieve
- 17. Having little substance or basis; weak; poorly supported
- 18. Existing as a natural or essential quality of a person or thing; built-in

UNIT FOUR: Test 1

	1. Fairy tales, such stepmothers a re	n as "Hansel and putation for being		derella," have given
	a. holistic	b. diabolic	c. unassuming	d. unprecedented
	2. Hang-gliding pro	oduces a feeling of	that few other	activities can match.
· · ·	a. exhilaration	b. decorum	c. connotation	d. atrophy
	3. Superstitious per "haunted" house		a cold, clammy	wind from the
	a. synchronizes	b. vindicates	c. emanates	d. mitigates
	4. To their mo		ne dancers must pra	actice doing the steps
	a. chide	b. extricate	c. mitigate	d. synchronize
	5. Rules of change a lady always we	ange over the years ears a hat to church	. For instance, my g , but few young wor	grandmother says that men do so nowadays.
ţ	a. analogy	b. decorum .	c. panacea	d. placebo
	6. When my sister no windows, my	's new boyfriend of a father offered to p	came chugging up	in a(n) van with
	a. exorbitant	b. objective	c. dilapidated	d. unprecedented
	7. In order to fir government age	nd a ring of spice	s trying to learn involved in act	military secrets, the ivities.
	a. indolent	b. unilateral	c. holistic	d. subversive
	8. After keeping l Lani finally exp	ner angry feelings a	avout her brother b	ottled up for months, ways.
	a. yen	b. criterion	c. panacea	d. denunciation
<u></u>	9. It's amazing ho	ow I can a thouser thousand appear	neand mosquitoes w	vith bug spray, and an
	a. espouse	b. annihilate	c. facilitate	d. vindicate
	10. Neighbors of t	the chemical comp	eany became suspi- several of them be	cious that fumes came mysteriously ill.
	a. utilitarian	b. unassuming		d. imperative

On the answer line, write the letter of the choice that best of	completes each item.
11. My mother considered baked custard a panaceaa. was the worst-tasting thing in the world.c. should be saved for special occasions.	According to her, itb. cured anything from flu to a broken heart.d. tasted good, but was not good for us.
12. A truly unprecedented event would bea. an eclipse of the sun.c. the landing of humans on the moon.	b. a musical as good as West Side Story.d. a TV interview with an alien life form.
13. Right after his heart attack, Alec's grip on life wasa. did not expect him to live.c. were amazed at his quick recovery.	as so tenuous that his doctors b. admired his fighting spirit. d. realized the heart attack had been mild.
 14. When my boyfriend of two years dumped me, I va. "He wasn't good enough for you, anyway." c. "Would you mind if I started dating him?" 	wasn't surprised to hear my staunch friend say, b. "I don't want to hear about it." d. "It was probably your fault."
15. "Under the word 'indolent' in the dictionary, the Ari. "All day long, Tabby a. hunts and kills mice and insects." c. eats as though she were starving."	b. lies in the sun. Then she takes a nap." d. purrs, licks my hand, and begs to be petted."
a. "No wonder the restaurant is popular—it's such b. "The prices don't make sense—why is the lob c. "A cup of soup here costs more than a full med. "Nothing is cheap, but nothing is very expension."	ch a bargain!" oster less expensive than the spaghetti?" al anywhere else!"
 17. Wanting to assimilate to life in Mexico, Brenda a. arranged to return to the United States. b. enrolled in intensive Spanish classes, ate Mexicology. c. bought lots of souvenirs to send to her friends d. rented an apartment in an American community. 	in the United States.
18. When Brett asked Rhonda for a date, this was her a. "No, Brett, I do <i>not</i> want to go out with you. I	nonchalant response: Not today, not tomorrow, not ever." eve other plans can I get back to you later?"
 19. Because Ben and Susan had asked for utilitarian a. whoopee cushions, rubber chickens, and fake b. silk bedsheets, French champagne, and Russia c. a set of dishes and silverware. d. dozens of roses to decorate their apartment. 	spiders dangling from long threads.
20. After the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, a. American flags displayed on streets, in front o b. photographs of the thousands of people who h c. promises to find and punish those who were re d. countries that agreed to join with the United St	f homes, and in the windows of businesses. ad been killed. esponsible for the attacks.
Score (Number correct)	x-5 = 0/2/2019/0

PART B

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT FOUR: Test 2

PART A
Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

k. rejuvenate	scenario m. unilateral
4	1. Danger is a(n) part of police work.
	 Judging people by their appearance makes it difficult to be about their personalities.
	3. One I use in selecting clothing is that an item be made out of a comfortable fabric.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4. After Chrissy stayed awake studying for seventy-two hours, sleep caused her to start having double vision and to hear voices that weren't there.
	5. The little boy's foot was so firmly caught in the folding chair that it took three adults to him.
	6. My mother was feeling twice her age before her trip to Arizona, but the relaxing vacation really(e)d her
	7. Although I the conditions that face children born to drug addicts, I don't know what to do to help.
	8. The day after surgery, the nurses got Alonso out of bed and walking, so that his muscles would not begin to
	9. To make his case to the jury, the lawyer went through a possible of the events leading up to the murder.
	10. Neither Jessie nor Mel would make a(n) move to end their feud, so the silence between them continued.
·	11. When I bumped the car in front of me as I was parking, the other driver emerged and stormed toward me in a most manner.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12. The dictionary definition of <i>home</i> is "a place in which one lives," but for many people the word hass of comfort and family.
	13. When little Sarah couldn't sleep, her mother gave her a and called it a "magic sleeping potion." It was a glass of milk tinted red with food coloring.

Write C	if the italicized word is used con	rectly. Write I if the	word is used incorre	ctly.
14	4. I have such a yen for meatloaf	that whenever it's se	rved, I leave the table	immediately.
15	5. A genuine affection for young	people is an integral	part of being a succes	ssful teacher.
16	 It is imperative that my moth heart attack. 	er get her cholestero	l level down, as she i	s now at high risk of a
17	. Lily's ankle injury is severe, b the sprain enough so that she c	ut the doctor told he an walk again.	r a couple of days of l	oed rest will exacerbate
18	. It was bad enough being grostopping my allowance.	ounded, but my fath	er is going to mitigo	ate my punishment by
19	. The defendant, accused of mu who looked just like him confe	order, proclaimed his ssed.	innocence and was a	vindicated when a man
PART C	nswer line, write the letter of the	word that is the syno	nym of the boldfaced	word.
	Example: _b_ utilitarian	a. useless	b. practical	c. late
20.	chide	a. avoid	b. praise	c. scold
21.	proficient	a. expert	b. unskilled .	c. famous
22.	orthodox	a. traditional	b. thoughtful	c. radical
PART D On the an	swer line, write the letter of the	word that is the anto	nym of the boldfaced	word.
	Example: <u>a</u> utilitarian	a. useless	b. practical	c. late
23.	analogy	a. solution	b. similarity	c. difference
24.	unassuming	a. humble	b. boastful	c. curious
25.	dissipate	a. scatter	b. gather	c. exclude
	4			· ·

PART B

Score	(Number correct)	·	x4 :	- -	%	

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT FOUR: Test 3

Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1. CHIDE: CARELESS STUDENT::	
a. praise : kidnapper	b. reward : money
c. respect : thief	d. promote: hardworking employee
2. COMMENSURATE: APPROPRIATE::	
a. complex : simple	b. compatible: unsuitable
c. confidential: secret	d. conscious : asleep
3. NOXIOUS : APPLE ::	
a. poisonous : arsenic	b. fattening: tea
c. sweet: watermelon	d. sour: lemon
4. SCENARIO : MOVIE ::	
a. outline: essay	b. closing : play
c. cover: book	d. grade : test
5. DEPLORE : SIN ::	·
a. praise : crime	b. foretell: predict
c. forget: forgiveness	d. seek: wisdom
6. OBJECTIVE : JUDGE ::	in the state of th
a. treacherous: jury	b. sluggish : rock group
c. knowledgeable: teacher	d. obedient : parent
7. UTILITARIAN: FRYING PAN::	
a. useless: doorway	b. electrical: water pipes
c. decorative: wallpaper	d. portable : foundation
8. UNPRECEDENTED : FAMILIAR ::	
 a. injurious : accidental 	b. horrible : pleasant
c. abundant : plentiful	d. questioning : curious
9. EXHILARATION : WALKING ON AI	
a. anxiety: being cool as a cucumber	b. weariness: being fresh as a daisy
c. ambitious : drifting along	d. depression: being down in the dumps
10. ESPOUSE : DENOUNCE ::	
a. dislike: enemies	b. study: learn
c. complain : praise	d. distrust : doubt

11. INHERENT : ACQUIRED ::	
a. instinctive : learnedc. reluctant : unwilling	b. learned: remembered d. desired: lost
12. FACILITATE : MAKE EASIER ::	
a. postpone : delayc. exaggerate : understate	b. speak : speech d. fence : post
13. BELLIGERENT : PEACEFUL ::	
a. hostile : angryc. powerful : feeble	b. frail : weakd. warlike : aggressive
14. DEMEANOR : CALM ::	
a. hair : redc. eyes : glasses	b. height : weightd. fingers : hand
15. INDOLENT: LAZYBONES::	·
a. good-natured : soreheadc. soft-spoken : loudmouth	b. boastful: showoff d. shy: backslapper
16. EXTRICATE: FREE::	
a. read : write c. pledge : promise	b. add : subtract d. ignore : celebrate
17. ANALOGY : COMPARISON ::	
a. anatomy : musicc. astronomy : medicine	b. anthology : collectiond. anonymity : fame
18. HOLISTIC: WHOLE::	
a. skeptical : positive c. fragmentary : part	b. physical : mental d. weekly : monthly
19. PLACEBO : SUGAR PILL ::	
a. health : vitaminsc. leaf : lettuce	b. prescription: subscription d. dwelling: igloo
20. PROFICIENT : INCAPABLE ::	·
a. talented : artistic	b. fake : genuine

d. perceptive: observer

c. immaculate: reputation

UNIT FOUR: Test 4 (Word Parts)

PART A

Listed in the left-hand column below are ten common word parts, followed by words in which the parts are used. In each blank, write in the letter of the correct definition on the right.

		"
ord Parts	Examples	Definitions
1cian, -ian	politician, librarian	a. Loving; lover; friend
2. dec-	decathlon, decimal	b. Eight
3. duc, duct	ducal, conduct	c. Having; full of; characterized by
4en	woolen, golden	 d. A person with a certain ability or a certain kind of knowledge
5. homo-	homogeneous, homosexual	e. To lead; guide; draw off
6. oct-, octo-	octagon, octopus	f. Over; above; additional
7ous	famous, serious	g. To will; choose
8. phil, -phile	Philadelphia, Anglophile	h. Same; similar
9. sur-	surface, surplus	i. Ten
10. vol	volunteer, voluntary	j. Made of
ART B sing the answer line pr rt from the box. Not e aclan f.: octo-	rovided, complete each <i>italicized</i> very word part will be used. b. dec- g, -ous h, -phile	word in the sentences below with the correct word den e. homo- j. vol
	11. To explain to my bro demonstration. "Look, even the <i>hole</i> for you."	ther what a (<i>nym</i>) is, I gave him a David. I just ate the <i>whole</i> doughnut. I didn't leave
	12. In the ancient Roman ca	alendar, ('ember) was the tenth month.
	13. The (con or)led	the orchestra in a lively encore.
	14. In addition to technical sympathetic and comfo	knowledge, $(mortis)$ must know how to b rting.
	15. When a new calendar	system was adopted in England in 1752, many

suddenly September 14.

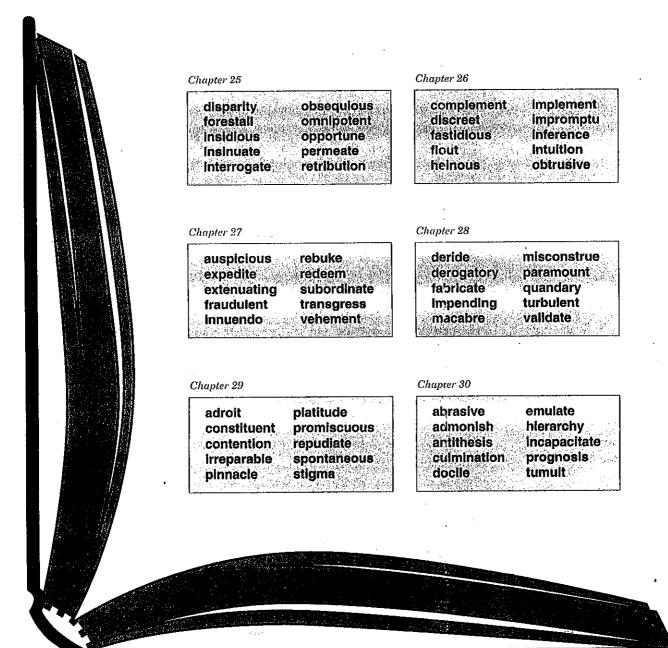
people felt it was (ridicul . . .) ___ that the day after September 2 was

(Continues on next page)

16. That brilliant two-year-old	l just played a scale, a straight octave	, on the piano.
a. an eight-note scale	b. a three-note scale	c. a ten-note scale
_ 17. We all ate a surfeit of foo	d at Thanksgiving dinner.	
a. what we chose	b. an excess	c. less than usual
18. Jose carried the water in a	old oaken bucket.	
a. made of oak	b. broken	c. large
_ 19. Ever since visiting Germa	ny, Carl has been a real Germanophi l	le.
	b. an expert on Germany	c. an admirer of Germany
_ 20. Pauline cleaned the entire	apartment yesterday. She did it of her	own volition.
a. with her own supplies	b. by choice	c. on her day off
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	tanan ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan	1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		en e
,		

Score (Number correct)

Unit Five





forestall insidious - Line insinuate interrogate

opsequious omnipotent opportune permeate retribution

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 disparity • There's an enormous disparity between the million-dollar incomes of top (dĭ-spăr'ə-tē) executives and the modest paychecks most people earn. -noun · Shirley and Jason don't let the disparity in their ages weaken their marriage, but Jason's mother isn't happy with a daughter-in-law her own age. Disparity means a. a combination. b. a gap. c. a closeness. 2 forestall · The owners of the failing store hoped that the huge sale would bring in enough (fôr-stôl') cash to forestall bankruptcy. -verb · When the environmentalists were unable to forestall the destruction of the forest by legal means, they lay down in front of the developer's bulldozers. Forestall means a. to keep from happening. b. to predict. c. to pay for. 3 insidious · Lyme disease is insidious because although it is very serious, it starts with a (ĭn-sĭd'ē-əs) nearly invisible tick bite, and its early symptoms are mild. -adjective · Many people fear that farm chemicals have insidious effects. The chemicals don't seem harmful, but cancer rates have started to increase. *Insidious* means a. badly timed. b. subtly harmful. c. all-powerful. 4 insinuate · He didn't come right out and say it, but Mr. Shriber insinuated that someone (ĭn-sĭn'yoo-āt') in the class had gotten hold of the test ahead of time. -verb · "You always find time to help Sandy with her homework," my sister said to me, as if to insinuate that I was flirting with Sandy. Insinuate means a. to hint. b. to wish. c. to state directly. 5 interrogate · Before the police interrogated the suspect, they informed him of his right not (ĭn-tĕr'ə-gāt') to answer their questions. -verb a. to ask questions. c. to abuse.

Interrogate means

- "You never just ask me if I had a nice time with my date," Leonard complained to his parents. "Instead, you sit me down at the kitchen table and interrogate me."

b. to delay.

- 6 obsequious (ŏb-sē kwē-əs) -adjective
- Obsequious means
- · Each of the queen's advisers tried to be more obsequious than the other, bowing as low as possible and uttering flowery compliments.
- · Marge constantly flatters the boss, calls him "sir," and agrees loudly with everything he says. However, her obsequious behavior only annoys him.
 - a. unequal in rank.
- b. overly eager to please.
- c. methodical.

7 omnipotent (ŏm-nĭp*ə-tənt)	 Small children think of their parents as omnipotent—able to do anything, control everything, and grant whatever a child might wish for. 			
-adjective		ernment is designed so the ss, the President, and the Supreck.		
Omnipotent means	a. totally good.	b. willing to serve.	c. all-powerful.	
8 opportune (ŏp'ər-toon')	-	ner parents' anniversary woul gagement. They could have a		
-adjective	 The job offer came at an especially opportune time. I had just decided that I might like to work for a year or so before returning to school. 			
Opportune means	a. appropriate.	b. difficult.	c. early.	
9 permeate	• The strong scent of K	Cate's perfume soon permeate	d the entire room.	
(pûr ' mē-āt') - <i>verb</i>		rainy and damp that moisture imp, towels wouldn't dry, and		
Permeate means	a. to harm.	b. to penetrate.	c. to make unclear.	
10 retribution (rĕ'trə-byoo'shən)		ave their own built-in retribu t nangover; if you overeat, you'	2	
-noun		n history, before science co any illness was a retribution t		
Retribution means	a. an inequality.	b. an obstacle.	c. a penalty.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Overly willing to serve, obey, or flatter in order to gain favor
2	To suggest slyly
3	Something given or done as repayment, reward, or (usually) punishment
4	An inequality or difference, as in ages or amounts
5	Working or spreading harmfully but in a manner hard to notice; more harmful than at first is evident
6	To flow or spread throughout (something)
7	Suitable (said of time); well-timed
8	To prevent or hinder by taking action beforehand
9	All-powerful; having unlimited power or authority
0	To question formally and systematically

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

a. disparity f. obsequious	b forestall c. c. insidious d. Insinuate e interrogate g. omnipotent h. opportune i. permeate j. retribution
	1. When our dog was sprayed by a skunk, the smell soon(e)d the house.
	2. To complaints about unrepaired potholes, the township set up "pothole hotline" and promised to fill in any reported hole within two day
	3. Because no one else's hand was raised, I considered it a(n) moment ask a question.
	4. In many countries, political prisoners who are being(e)d by the secr police are likely to be tortured in an attempt to force answers from them.
	5. When the Earl of Essex plotted against his queen, Elizabeth I of Englan was swift and harsh: she had him beheaded for treason.
	6. "There seems to be quite a," Shannon objected to the car deale "between your cost and the sticker price."
	7. The effects of certain prescription drugs, such as Valium, can be People who take them may slip into addiction without being aware of it.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8. According to legend, King Canute—an ancient ruler of England, Denmark and Norway—thought he was He actually ordered the tide to stop rising
	9. Instead of directly saying "Buy our product," many ads use slick images t that the product will give the buyer sex appeal, power, or prestige.
	10. The headwaiter's manner toward customers who looked rich was Ignoring the rest of us, he gave them the restaurant's best tables an hovered over them, all smiles.
NOTE: Now check yo	ur answers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help t two practices, for which answers are not given.

NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next two	nswers to o practice:	these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help s, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	3	•
Using the answer lines pro once.	ovided, o	complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	_ 1-2. -	The wide between men's and women's pay in the company led to a protest by the women. The management tried to squelch the protest and(e)d that the women were subversive and were trying to ruin company morale.
	_ 3-4. -	The noxious° chemical spray used to eradicate° tentworms hadeffects: after killing the worms, it gradually seeped down,(e)d the soil, and poisoned Duck Lake.

_	_	_
-	•	7
1	- 23	
	_	

			Chapter 25	147
	_ 5–6. -	The ex-convict was filled with rancor°. As he planned to attack, at the first mome sentenced him.	_ for his years in pent, the judge wh	prison 10 had
	_ 7–8. -	The remote control of my VCR makes me imminent disaster—a fire, a flood, an earthque pressing a button and stopping the movie dead.	ake, a sordid° crin	any
	_ 9–10 	In a job interview, use discretion. Don't re being(e)d by the police; but don't be interviewer were a king or queen and you were	e either, as	if th
Final Check: My I	Devili	ish Older Sister		
Here is a final opportunity selection carefully. Then	for yo	u to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words each blank with a word from the box at the to e out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	op of the previou	llowin s page
Anyone who thin	ks older	r sisters protect younger ones has never heard m	e tell about my si	ster
		in our ages—Pam is onl		
		she was always able to beat me at cards, at jack		
		wer to win made me think of her as (2)		
		Relinquish° that lollipop!") and accepted all		
grotesque°!" "You're	positive	ely repugnant ^o !") in the most timid, (3)		
manner. Privately, I lo		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
		er mind to tease or trick me, there was no	thing I could do	to
		her plans. And she never missed a(n) (5)		
		nen our old dog growled, for no reason, at the		
		at evil spirits must have (7)		
		an sense the supernatural." Once I made the mis		
•		, I was inundated with photos of crabs, drawing		
		retrospect°, though, her most diabolic° trick		
		petuously gobbled up. It turned out to be Ex-L		
		ter how innocuous° it looked, I always (8)		(e)d
		ou still have the wrapping? Will you take a bite f		sode
		effect: for years, I was afraid of		
Now that we're	rown.	Pam has greatly improved. She no longer likes to	o torment me, and	she
		the past. However, I still sometimes think up		
		_ in which I am the older sister, and at last I get		
(**/				

Sentence Check 2_



combiguett discreet fastidious flout heinous

impiement impromptu inference intuition obtrusive

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

- 1 complement • The new singer's voice complemented the other voices, rounding out the (kŏm'plə-mənt) group's sound. -verb · A red tie would complement Pedro's gray suit and white shirt, giving the outfit a needed touch of color. Complement means a. to go perfectly with. b. to reach out for. c. to overpower. 2 discreet Once the teacher realized Jared could not read well, she made discreet efforts to (dĭ-skrēt') give him extra help. She didn't want to embarrass him in front of his classmates. -adjective "Be discreet about these drawings, Wilson," the boss said. "Don't show them to just anyone. We don't want another company stealing our designs." Discreet means a. honest. b. cautious. c. obvious. 3 fastidious • Tilly was a fastidious housekeeper who vacuumed every day, dusted twice a (făs-tĭd'ē-əs) day, and never allowed so much as a pencil or safety pin to be out of place. -adjective · A fastidious dresser, Mr. Lapp never leaves his home without looking as if he has just stepped out of a fashion magazine. Fastidious means working quickly. b. having insight. c. very particular. 4 flout · My neighbors were evicted from their apartment because they flouted the (flout) building's rules. They threw trash in the hallway, had loud all-night parties, and -verb just laughed at anyone who complained. • The men in the warehouse flouted the company's regulations about sexual harassment: they covered the walls with pinups. Flout means a. to mock and defy. b. to put into effect. c. to show off. 5 heinous The decision to drop the atomic bomb on Hiroshima and Nagasaki has been debated for more than half a century: was it a heinous crime on the part of the (hā⁴nəs) -adjective United States, or was it a necessary action to win the war? · Millions of people were shocked recently by news reports of a heinous act: a woman had starved her little daughter to death. Heinous means a. wicked. b. unplanned. c. detailed.
- 6 implement (ĭm'plə-mĕnt') -verb
- Implement means
- NASA expects to implement its plan for a mission to Mars in 2015.
- Brett is full of ideas about starting his own business, but he never follows through and implements them.
- a. to recall.
- b. to put into effect.
- c. to criticize.

7 impromptu (ĭm-prŏmp'toō')	 My speech at my cousin's birthday dinner was impromptu; I hadn't expected to be called on to say anything. 			
-adjective	 When Kianna discover party, she suggested an 	red that she and Barry had limpromptu duet.	both brought guitars to the	
Impromptu means	a. not rehearsed.	b. not very good.	c. very quiet.	
8 inference (ĭn'fər-əns)	• Rita said with a wink, "Did you notice how Uncle Joe's hair has miraculously grown back?" My inference was that he was wearing a toupee.			
-noun	• "Where did you buy these pork chops?" asked Harry. "Why? What's wrong with them?" Maria asked, making the inference that he didn't like them.			
Inference means	a. a statement.	b. a conclusion.	c. a secret.	
9 intuition (ĭn'toō-ĭsh'ən)	• "I paint by intuition," I don't really think it o	the artist said. "In a flash, I s ut."	ee how a work should look.	
-noun	 "The minute I met yo we'd get married some 	ur mother," my father said, day."	"my intuition told me that	
Intuition means	a. careful study.	b. memory.	c. instinct.	
10 obtrusive (ŏb-troo'sĭv) -adjective	 The huge, sprawling new mall seemed obtrusive in the quiet little country town. My brother's stutter is often hardly noticeable, but when he is nervous or in a hurry, it can become obtrusive. 			
Obtrusive means	a. overly obvious.	b. unplanned.	c. greatly improved.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	To treat with scorn or contempt; defy insultingly
2	The ability to know something without the conscious use of reasoning
3	To carry out; put into practice
4	Undesirably noticeable
5	Wise in keeping silent about secrets and other information of a delicate nature; prudent; tactful
6	Performed or spoken without practice or preparation
7.	Extremely evil; outrageous
8	A conclusion drawn from evidence; an assumption
9	To add (to something or someone) what is lacking or needed; round out; bring to perfection
10.	Extremely attentive to details; fussy

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

>	Sentence	Check	1	
---	----------	-------	---	--

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

1000年100日 1000日 1	discreet c. fastidious d. flout e. helnous Impromptus h. inference l. intuition j., obtrusive
	. Rachel's told her not to date a man who kept tropical fish in his bathtub.
	2. After Rudy(e)d his parents' 11 o'clock curfew—breezing in at 2 a.m. with a cheerful "Hi, folks!"—they took away his car keys for a month.
3	In the American system of justice, anyone charged with a crime, no matter how the offense, is entitled to be defended by a lawyer.
4	The press conference turned out to be a bad idea. The senator should have planned his remarks beforehand.
5	. "Loose lips sink ships" was a famous World War II slogan. It warned Americans to be and not say anything that might reveal military plans.
<u>6</u>	. To their plan for a surprise attack on the girls' club, the boys needed squirt guns and a gallon of grape juice.
7	. The writer Ernest Hemingway had a "tough guy" image but was about using words; he rewrote the ending of one novel forty-four times.
	. Wendy is an excellent hair stylist, because she doesn't just cut hair. She also advises her customers about what hairstyle will their features.
9	Alicia signed her card to Mario "Warm regards." Mario's was that she meant "I feel only warm regards, not love."
10.	The new partition between the restaurant's smoking and nonsmoking sections looks Some plants or flowers might help it blend in better.
NOTE: Now check your answer you prepare for the next two prac	s to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help tices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	
Ising the answer lines provide nce.	d, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
1-	-2. Although Anne is one of my best friends, my tells me we would not be good roommates. She's so that she irons her bedsheets, while I'm notorious° for cleaning my apartment only once a year.
3-	-4. The dark, rumbling voice of the bass(e)d the high, sweet tones of the soprano as they sang a(n) but flawless duet. Having just met, they were surprised and delighted at how good they sounded together.
5-	-6. Kay said only, "It would be not to discuss the missing funds in front of Debra." But she meant us to make this: "I think she stole them."

4	E1
- 1	23 1

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	7–8. Connoisseurs° of sc invaders decide to de by constructing a "sp	cience fiction love one estroy all life on Earth. pace shield" that cuts of	The aliens this _	ıl alier plaı
	9-10. The rule was "No so vendors seem to have their tables and stan- in front of City Hall.	ve made a conspiracy ods in a spot that local o	to it. They have	set uj
-Final Check: Harric	et Tubman			
Here is a final opportunity for selection carefully. Then fil (Context clues will help you	or you to strengthen your k	ord from the box at in	is tob or me breaten	llowin is page
	man—then in her late twen	•		
heutolity che had end	ured as a slave. Aware	that a lone black	woman would be	a(n)
(2)	figure among of	ordinary travelers, she t	raveled on foot and	only
at night, over hundreds (of miles, to reach Pennsylv	ania. There, for the first	t time in her life, she	was
free but her parents, l	brothers, and sisters rema	ined behind in Maryla	and, still slaves. Ha	rriet
	hem—and, over the next te			
Upgriet had several	qualities that (3)	(e)d e	ach other and facilita	ted°
har mission. First beca	use she was knowledgeable	e and had good (4)		,
obe could always sense	when the time for an esca	ape had arrived, and w	ho could and couldn'	t be
trusted Second she wa	as (5)	about planning	g; she always worked	lout
a plan to the last det	ail before she (6)		(e)d it. Third, she	was.
flavible conchine of tak	ting (7)	action i	f an unexpected prob	olem
arosa Time and again	, when a disaster seemed	l imminent°, she was	able to forestallo it.	For
instance when she les	rned that slave-hunters ha	ad posted a description	of a runaway man,	she
disquired him as a won	nan. When the slave-hunter	rs turned up at a railroa	d station, she fooled	them
his having the ringway	s board a southbound trai	n instead of a northbor	und one. Fourth, she	was
Dy Having the funaway	about her plans	s. She knew how impor	tant it was to be retic	ent°,
(8)	e a spy. Often, her instruc	etions about where and	l when to meet were	e not
since anyone inight be	re (9)	s in the se	ongs and Bible storie	s she
actually stated, but wer	waiting to escape. Fifth, sh	ne was physically strong	g, able to endure exte	nded
used, familiar to mose	; she could go for a long ti	me without food, shelte	r. or rest.	
periods of deprivation	(0)	(e)d the uniu	st laws of an evil sy	stem,
harriet Tubilian (1	tured, and she never lost a	single runaway. She le	ed more slaves to free	edom
out sne was never cap	ual—over three hundred—a	and her name is venerat	ed° to this day.	
than any other individu				
Sco	res Sentence Check 2	% Final Check	9/6	



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expedite extenuating fraudulent innuendo rebuke redeem subordinate transgress vehement

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	o to morb you rigure out	cach word's meaning.	
1 auspicious (ô-spĭsh'əs) -adjective	arst quiz and saw	the semester was auspicious fo this as a promise of more good g	rades to come.
t v	 Jen and Robert's agree on what kin 	marriage did not get off to an aus d of ceremony they wanted or wh	spicious start. They couldn't nich guests to invite.
Auspicious means	a. deceptive.	b. indirect.	c. favorable.
2 expedite (ěks pə-dīt') -verb	buy only a few ite	upermarkets expedite the checkoms. ment on an insurance claim, I	
···	necessary informa	tion on the form before mailing i	t in.
Expedite means	a. to hasten.	b. to reduce the cost of.	c. to delay.
3 extenuating (čk-stěn'yoō-ā'tĭng)	 I know I promis circumstances: my 	sed to come to the party, bu	t there were extenuating
-adjective	 When my father extenuating circuit 	had a heart attack, I missed instances, the professor agreed to	a final exam. Due to the let me take a makeup exam.
Extenuating means	a. providing a goo		· · · · ·
4 fraudulent (frô jə-lənt)	 Leroy was jailed cheating the govern 	for filing fraudulent income nment for years	tax returns. He had been
-adjective	 The art dealer wa forgeries as valuab 	s involved in a fraudulent sch le old paintings.	eme to pass off worthless
Fraudulent means	a. inferior.	b. deceitful.	c. careless.
5 innuendo (ĭn'yoō-ĕn'dō)	• People weren't wi there were many in	lling to say directly that the ma	yor had taken a bribe, but thave gotten to him."
-noun	 When Neil said, "] 	Emily's home sick. Again," he w ne was just taking another day off	as using an innuendo He
Innuendo means	a. a sharp scolding	b. an obvious lie.	c. a suggestion.
6 rebuke (rĭ-byook')	• When the puppy cl harsh voice.	news the furniture, don't hit him	; instead, rebuke him in a
-verb	 Although my father never rebuked me 	er scolded me many times in pr in public.	ivate, I'm grateful that he
Rebuke means	a. to criticize.	b. to make excuses for.	c. to hit.

7 redeem (rĭ-dēm')	 Ricardo's parents were angry with him for neglecting his chores, but he redeemed himself by washing and waxing their car.
-verb	• Cal was suspended from the basketball team because of his low grades, but he redeemed himself the next semester by earning a B average.
Redeem means	a. to reveal. b. to make up for past errors. c. to punish.
8 subordinate (sə-bôr'də-nĭt)	• As a waiter, I take orders from the headwaiter, and he's subordinate to the manager of the restaurant.
-adjective	• The federal District Courts are lower than the United States Court of Appeals, which in turn is subordinate to the Supreme Court.
Subordinate to means	
9 transgress (trăns-grĕs') -verb	 Adam transgressed by eating an apple Eve gave him; God punished them both. Traci knew she had transgressed against family wishes when she sold the ring her grandmother had given her.
Transgress means	a. to benefit. b. to tell a lie. c. to commit an offense.
10 vehement (vē'ə-mənt) 	 I knew my parents would not be happy about my plan to take a year off from school, but I didn't expect their objections to be so vehement. When Nell's boyfriend slapped her, she responded with vehement anger.
Vehement means	Yelling "That's the last time you'll ever touch me!" she walked out on him. a. strong. b. secret. c. unjustified.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	An indirect remark or gesture, usually suggesting something belittling; an insinuation; a hint	, š. ·
2	To speed up or ease the progress of	٠.
3	To scold sharply; express blame or disapproval	
4	Intense; forceful	
5	Characterized by trickery, cheating, or lies	
6	Being a good sign; favorable; encouraging	
7	Serving to make (a fault, an offense, or guilt) less serious or seem le serious through some excuse	388
8	To sin or commit an offense; break a law or command	
9.	Under the authority or power of another; inferior or below another i rank, power, or importance	in
10	To restore (oneself) to favor by making up for offensive conduct; make amends	

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

ebuke g	expedite c. extenuating d. fraudulent e. Innuendo redeem h. subordinate l. transgress j. vehement 1. The company president is only to the board of directors. She takes orders from the board, and only the board can fire her. 2. When young children, they may lie to cover up their misdeeds. 3. If you get a letter announcing that you've won a free car or free trip in some contest you've never heard of, watch out. It's probably 4. To the registration process, fill out all the forms before you get in line. 5. After showing up late for the fund-raising dinner and then falling asleep during the speeches, the politician tried to himself with a public apology. 6. According to tradition, it's if March "comes in like a lion" with stormy weather, because it will then "go out like a lamb." 7. Edna was in her opposition to the proposed budget cuts. She let everyone in the department know just how strongly she felt.
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	Weather, because it will then "go out like a lamb." 7. Edna was in her opposition to the proposed budget cuts. She let everyone in the department know just how strongly she felt.
	everyone in the department know just how strongly she felt.
	Later Ednots sumanity () 1 1
	3. Later, Edna's supervisor(e)d her, saying "No one asked for your opinion about the budget, so just get on with your work."
9	The friendly weekly poker game grew less friendly when Travis said, "Isn't it amazing that, week after week, Bill always wins?" The, of course, was that Bill was cheating.
10	. "Yes, my client robbed the bank," the lawyer said, "but there were circumstances. She didn't have time to wait in line to make a withdrawal."
Now check your answei are for the next two prac	rs to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help tices, for which answers are not given.
ce Check 2	
nswer lines provide	d, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
1-	-2. Rudy certainly(e)d against decorum° when he showed up at his sister's wedding in jeans. Later, he tried to himself by giving the newlyweds an ostentatious° present.
	Now check your answer are for the next two praces are Check 2 nswer lines provide

5-6. The tour did not get off to a(n) ____ start—the singer missed the first concert. But there was a(n) ____ reason: he had developed bronchitis,

and trying to sing would have exacerbated the infection.

	Chapter 27	155
7-	-8. The owner of that company is in his insistence that n implement a plan to communicate better with workers in p	nanagers ositions
9-	10. The restaurant critic wrote, "Those customers who are oblivious headwaiter's outstretched hand will have an overly long was seated." Her implied that customers could getting a to by slipping the headwaiter some money.	ait to b
-Final Check: Tony's	Rehabilitation	
Here is a final opportunity for	you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous gure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once.	ollowin ous page
When he was 18, To	ony was arrested for possessing a small amount of cocaine. Inste	ad of (e)d:
panicking, he was noncha	lant°. He didn't think of himself as having (1)	n he
the cocaine was just for	fun, not some heinous° offense. On the way to the police static	were
wasn't worried about	being interrogated. The figured he could establish the stuff for a frie	end—
(2)	circumstances. He'd say he was just holding the stuff for a friend of that the "friend" was making him the victim of	some
maybe he'd even insi	nuate that the menu was making him the views	
(3)	scheme—and then he'd be released right away. ck out according to Tony's scenario. When he told his story to the	police
But things didn't wor	ponse was hardly (4) : "Tell it to the	iudge,
captain, the captain's res	fore." Then, turning to a(n) (5) office	er, the
kid. I've heard it all be	Tony still wasn't distraught. He just thought, "Well, my father."	er will
captain said, Book nin	mess. First he'll (6) me, of course, bu	t after
extricate me from this i	ne, he'll pay my bail. And he knows plenty of influential people when	no can
ne's through yennig at h	the legal process so my case will be dismissed quickl	y." So
(7)	or his father's (8) anger, or for his p	parting
Tony wash t prepared h	f into this. Now you'll take the consequences."	
Words: Tou got yourson	had to remain in jail until his hearing took place. He was te	rrified,
oppositely by the other	inmates. Some were belligerent°, trying to start fights; other	s used
(0)	s, such as calling him "the millicnaire." His inference was the	at they
were threatening retribu	ation° for his easy life. He got through his nine-day stay without	t being
attacked though and the	experience woke up his dormanto good sense. He realized that fooling	around
with drugs is insidious ^o -	his involvement would only get worse unless he turned his life around	l .
Therefore at his co	urt hearing, Tony asked to be sent to a drug treatment center, and as	a first-
time offender, he got h	is wish. Today, six years later, Tony is still "clean." And he still v	vonders
what would have becom	ne of him if he hadn't managed to (10) ' him	nself in
his family's eyes—and	in his own.	
the twitter is a second		

Sentence Check 2

Scores

Final Check



156

derogatory fabricate impending macabre paramount quandary turbulent validate

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 deride · One nightclub comedian derides members of the audience, poking fun at their (dĭ-rīd') looks, clothing, and mannerisms. He says they know it's just part of the act. -verb · Walter went on a diet after several classmates derided him by calling him "Lardo" and "Blimpy." Deride means a. to misunderstand. b. to mock. c. to argue with. 2 derogatory · Lorenzo's derogatory remark about his boss-he called her an airhead-(dĭ-rŏg'ə-tôr'ē) caused him to get fired. -adjective Charisse makes derogatory comments about Kareem behind his back, saying that he's vain, sloppy, and lazy. But she never says such things to his face. Derogatory means a. uncomplimentary. b. mistaken. c. provable. 3 fabricate Supermarket tabloids often fabricate ridiculous stories, such as "Boy Is Born (făb'rĭ-kāt') Wearing Green Sneakers." -verb When she handed in her term paper late, Diane fabricated a story that her computer had crashed. The truth is that she doesn't even use a computer. Fabricate means a. to avoid. b. to prove. c. to invent, 4 impending · Gary never studies until an exam is impending. If he'd start sooner, he (im-pend'ing) wouldn't have to cram so hard. -adjective "Because of the company's impending move," the office manager said, "I'm not ordering any supplies until next month, when we'll be in the new office." Impending means a. approaching, b. apparent. c. important. 5 macabre Edgar Allan Poe's story "The Fall of the House of Usher" is a macabre tale in (ma-kŏb'ra) which someone is buried alive. -adjective The movie opened with a macabre scene: a row of bodies lying in drawers in the city morgue. Macabre means a. confusing, b. mocking. c. gruesome. 6 misconstrue Conchita would like to date Matt, but when she told him she was busy last (mis'kən-stroo') weekend, he misconstrued her meaning, thinking she wasn't interested in him. -verb · Many readers misconstrue Robert Frost's well-known line "Good fences make good neighbors." They think it's Frost's own opinion, but the line is spoken by an unneighborly character. Misconstrue means a. to misunderstand. b. to understand. c. to ignore.

7 paramount	• When you are driving on	rain-slick, icy, or windir	g roads, good traction is of
(păr'ə-mount')	paramount importance,	so always be sure your tire	es are in top condition.
-adjective	Paramount Pictures mu were superior to all other	ist have chosen its name	to suggest that its movies
Paramount means	a. supreme.	b. growing.	c. successful.
8 quandary (kwŏn'də-rē)	Bonita was in a quanda take a job she had just be	ry—she couldn't decide en offered, or move to Al	whether to return to school, aska with her family.
-noun	• Aaron is in a quandary	over financial matters: he ng credit, and paying taxes	is baffled by the problems of s.
Quandary means	a. a state of confusion.	b. a state of anger.	c. a state of confidence.
9 turbulent (tûr'byōō-lənt)	were on a roller coaster.		that passengers felt as if they
-adjective	 The Warreners' househoupset, he yells and throw 	old tends to be turbulent . vs things.	Whenever Mr. Warrener gets
Turbulent means	a. violent.	b. distant.	c. unusual.
10 validate	 Many people believe Co is round. But in 1492, the 	olumbus sailed west to vali ne fact that the world is ro	date the theory that the world and was already well known.
-verb	• There is no real doubt a	bout the dangers of smok been validated by many	ing; the claim that smoking is
Validate means	a. to misinterpret.	b. to confirm.	c. to invent.
		•	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Full of wild disorder or wildly irregular motion; violently disturbed
2.	Suggestive of death and decay; frightful; causing horror and disgust
3.	A state of uncertainty or confusion about what to do; predicament
4	Expressing a low opinion; belittling
5	To show to be true; prove
6	To misinterpret; misunderstand the meaning or significance of
7	To make fun of; ridicule
8.	To make up (a story, information) in order to deceive; invent (a lie)
9.	About to happen; imminent;
10.	Of greatest concern or importance; foremost; chief in rank or authority

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

-a. deride f. misconstrue	b. derogatory c. fabricate d. impending e. macabre g. paramount, h. quandary i. turbulent / validate
	1. Mel has a(n) hobby—he visits places where murders were committed.
	2. We had skipped dinner in order to get to the play on time, so throughout the performance, food—not the drama—was in our thoughts.
	3. Just before I was fired, I had a sense of disaster; I could tell that something bad was about to happen.
	4. Delia(e)d Miguel's friendliness as romantic interest. She didn't realize that he already had a girlfriend.
<u> </u>	5. When my friend said her teacher was "different," I wasn't sure if she meant the description to be complimentary or
	6. Dwane didn't show up for the final exam because he hadn't studied, but he'(e)d a story about having a flat tire.
	7. In the psychology class, the students had an interesting team assignment. They had to make some statement about human nature and then it by finding supporting evidence.
	8. Ivan is in a over his car. He doesn't know whether to get his old car the major repairs it desperately needs, take out a loan and buy his dream car, or spend the money he has on another used car he doesn't like.
	9. The sun may seem to be shining calmly and steadily, but in fact, nuclear reactions inside the sun are causing a seething mass of flames.
	10. A critic once(e)d a book he disliked by saying, "This is not a novel to be tossed aside lightly. It should be thrown with great force."
NOTE: Now check your a you prepare for the next tw	answers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help o practices, for which answers are not given.

is excitement, and they get a feeling of exhilaration° from confronting a dangerous situation. 3-4. I was in a ___ over whether to study, practice the piano, or go to a movie with my friend Sal. To complicate things further, Sal wanted to see a(n) horror film, and I dislike anything gruesome.

Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. Did you hear that K-Mart sold sweaters with baby snakes inside? The story, of course, was untrue, but it was not easy to squelch. How do such rumors get started? Sometimes they are (1)		Chapter 28 159
stories by asking for a "gag" order. The lawyer argued that ifstories about his client's character were published, the trial would be a travesty° of justice.	5-6	will report this honestly. But less conscientious researchers will flout
was complimenting her, but she(e)d his comment, thinking he had(e)d her by saying she belonged in a subordinate position. Final Check: Rumors Here is a final opportunity for you to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. First read the following selection carefully. Then fill in each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page. (Context clues will help you figure out which word goes in which blank.) Use each word once. Did you hear that K-Mart sold sweaters with baby snakes inside? The story, of course, was untrue, but it was not easy to squelch. How do such rumors get started? Sometimes they are (1)	7–8	stories by asking for a "gag" order. The lawyer argued that if stories about his client's character were published, the trial would be a
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untrue, but it was not easy to squelch°. How do such rumors get started? Sometimes they are (1)	selection carefully. Then fill in	each blank with a word from the box at the top of the previous page.
untrue, but it was not easy to squelch. How do such rumors get started? Sometimes they are (1)	Did you hear that K-Ma	art sold sweaters with baby snakes inside? The story, of course, was
How do such rumors get started? Sometimes they are (1)		
case of the K-Mart rumor, the story was actually fraudulento; someone had deliberately made it up and disseminated it to discredit the store. Often, though, a rumor starts with an innocent misinter-pretation. For instance, when a magazine article drew an analogy between a worm farm turning out bait and McDonald's turning out hamburgers, some readers (2)	How do such rumors ge	et started? Sometimes they are (1)(e)d. In the
and disseminated° it to discredit the store. Often, though, a rumor starts with an innocent misinter- pretation. For instance, when a magazine article drew an analogy° between a worm farm turning out bait and McDonald's turning out hamburgers, some readers (2)	case of the K-Mart rumor, the	ne story was actually fraudulento; someone had deliberately made it up
pretation. For instance, when a magazine article drew an analogy between a worm farm turning out bait and McDonald's turning out hamburgers, some readers (2)	and disseminated it to discr	edit the store. Often, though, a rumor starts with an innocent misinter-
bait and McDonald's turning out hamburgers, some readers (2)	pretation. For instance, wher	a magazine article drew an analogy° between a worm farm turning out
Rumors about individuals can start when someone makes a(n) (3)	bait and McDonald's turning	out hamburgers, some readers (2) (e)d this to
Rumors about individuals can start when someone makes a(n) (3)	mean that McDonald's was	grinding up worms in its burgers—and the preposterous° story spread.
statement or (4)s someone else, out of rancor° or jealousy: "Josie got an A because she's dating Professor X," or "Al isn't in class today— he left town because he knew his arrest for being a Peeping Tom was (5)" Even an innuendo°—something that's merely hinted at—can start a rumor: "Josie and Professor X are really quite discreet°, aren't they?" No story is too gruesome to make the rounds, not even the (6) tale of the girl whose beehive hairdo housed a black-widow spider, which eventually burrowed into her brain and killed her. Once a rumor gets started, people who hear it are sometimes in a (7) Even if there's nothing to corroborate° the rumor, they may be afraid to ignore it. And so there is a proliferation° of rumors, spreading fear, damaging reputations, and turning calm situations into	Rumors about individua	ls can start when someone makes a(n) (3)
because she's dating Professor X," or "Al isn't in class today— he left town because he knew his arrest for being a Peeping Tom was (5)" Even an innuendo°—something that's merely hinted at—can start a rumor: "Josie and Professor X are really quite discreet°, aren't they?" No story is too gruesome to make the rounds, not even the (6) tale of the girl whose beehive hairdo housed a black-widow spider, which eventually burrowed into her brain and killed her. Once a rumor gets started, people who hear it are sometimes in a (7) Even if there's nothing to corroborate° the rumor, they may be afraid to ignore it. And so there is a proliferation° of rumors, spreading fear, damaging reputations, and turning calm situations into	statement or (4)	s someone else, out of rancoro or jealousy: "Josie got an A
arrest for being a Peeping Tom was (5)	because she's dating Profes	sor X," or "Al isn't in class today— he left town because he knew his
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Even if there's nothing to corroborate the rumor, they may be afraid to ignore it. And so there is a proliferation of rumors, spreading fear, damaging reputations, and turning calm situations into		ed, people who hear it are sometimes in a (7)
proliferation° of rumors, spreading fear, damaging reputations, and turning calm situations into	Even if there's nothing to c	orroborate° the rumor, they may be afraid to ignore it. And so there is a
ones. To stop or forestall rumors, one thing is probably of	proliferation of rumors, s	preading fear, damaging reputations, and turning calm situations into
1 1 1	(8)	ones. To stop or forestallo rumors, one thing is probably of
(9) importance: before accepting any story, be sure the facts	(9)	importance: before accepting any story, be sure the facts
(10)it.	(10)	ît.



constituent contention irreparable pinnacle promiscuous repudiate spontaneous stigma

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each boldfaced word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

	r y = m anguin out out	m word is mounting.	
1 adroit (ə-droit') -adjective	• Adroit chess players	ny kind of discussion or deba hings her way. can make it seem as if the oppo t to lose in another move or two.	onent is winning when in
Adroit means	a. impulsive.	b. expert.	c. not selective.
2 constituent (kən-střch 'oo-ənt)	 Our senator genuinel efforts to find out how 	y wants to represent the citizent wher constituents feel about imp	ns, so she makes serious portant issues.
-noun	 Many of Councilman those he represents is 	Hall's constituents live in pove by working for programs to assi	erty, so one way he helps st the poor.
Constituent means		ed. b. someone who speaks w	
3 contention (kən-tĕn shən)	a small town in Misso		
, · -noun	 John's contention w making that statement 	as that smoking hadn't hurt hi , he had a fit of coughing that la	s health, but right after sted ten minutes.
Contention means		b. a realization.	
4 irreparable (ĭr-rĕp'ə-rə-bəl)	The damage to the vacannot possibly be put	ase is irreparable . It broke into	o so many pieces that it
-adjective	 Connie apologized to friendship is irrepara 	Fred for her angry words, but I'r ble.	n afraid the harm to their
Irreparable means	a. untrue.	b. not able to be fixed.	c. unnatural.
5 pinnacle (pĭn'ə-kəl)	 The rock singer seems height of her popularit 	to have reached the pinnacle or y, and her recordings are selling	of her career: she's at the more than ever before.
-noun	 Robin felt that being 	elected class president was the ough, wish that she had though	pinnacle of her college
Pinnacle means	a. the topmost point.	01	c. the end.
6 platitude (plăt'ə-tood')	• Some conversations a "We've got to get toget	re made up entirely of platitud ther sometime." "Well, take care	les: "Good to see you."
-noun	• I made no response to tired of platitudes like	the clerk's "Have a nice day." that.	He meant well, but I'm
Platitude means	a. good advice.	b. an unoriginal comment.	c. a lie.

7 promiscuous (pro-mĭs'kyoō-əs) -adjective	choosy about sexual p	partners. Being propiiscuous c	an have deadly consequences. osites. Erik dates one woman
·	at a time and is serio	us about commitment, but Ha	rry is totally promiscuous .
Promiscuous means	a. faithful.	b. unselective.	c. rude.
8 repudiate (rĭ-pyōo'dē-āt')	consent or cooperati	on and that it was filled with	nad been written without his lies.
-verb	After the millionaire	died several people showed	up claiming to be his children mily repudiated their claims.
Repudiate means	a. to accept.	b. to discuss.	c. to reject.
9 spontaneous (spŏn-tā/nē-əs)	seem natural and sp	ontaneous, not rehearsed.	ed that all words and actions
-adjective	 When I asked She spontaneous, as if been planning it, no 	I'd just thought of it. I didr	o make the invitation sound n't want him to know that I'd
Spontaneous means	a. unplanned.	b. clever	c. irresistible.
10 stigma (stĭg'mə)	there's little or no s	tigma attached to seeking hel	person's reputation, but nov p for psychological problems.
-noun	• For a long time, the	ere was a stigma associated von that it's no longer conside	with divorce. Today, of course
Stigma means	a. dishonor.	b. insight.	c. argument.

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1.	Not able to be repaired or remedied
2.	Skillful and clever under challenging conditions
3.	A mark of shame or disgrace; blemish on character or reputation
4.	To deny the truth, validity, or authority of
5.	Occurring or done as a result of a natural feeling or impulse; not forced or planned
6.	 Lacking standards of selection; having many sexual partners
7.	A peak of achievement
8.	A member of a group represented by an elected official
9.	A remark that is commonplace or has become uninteresting through repeated use
10.	A claim that something is true; a declaration

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

word once.	ovided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	constituent c. contention d. irreparable e pinnacie promiscuous h. repudiate i. spontaneous j. stigma
	1. Some animals are in their breeding habits, mating freely with apparent effort at selection.
	2. The painting was being auctioned off as an early work of a well-know artist—until the artist(e)d it, saying that she had never painted it at all
	3. Eyeglasses have become so fashionable by now that there is no longer ar about wearing them.
	4. After the earthquake, some houses that were still standing nevertheless hat to be completely destroyed; the damage to them was
	5. Trina is a(n) sales representative; she can convince anyone on the phone, and she can get her foot in any door.
	6. Many people say that the plays of William Shakespeare represent the of English drama.
	7. Our football game was; we had no plans to play, but then we found a old football as we walked across the field.
	8. When Galileo made the that the sun, not the Earth, is the center of our planetary system, the Catholic Church forced him to deny what he knew to be true.
	9. Some elected representatives vote as the majority of theirs wish, bu others follow their own choice, even if it represents a minority opinion.
	10. When Jimmy tells me about his problems, I don't know what to say. I jus mumbles like "That's too bad" or "Oh well, I'm sure you'll work i out."
NOTE: Now check your an you prepare for the next two	swers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help practices for which answers are not given.
entence Check 2	
sing the answer lines pro- ce.	vided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	1-2. Serving time in prison leaves a that can do harm to someone's ability to find a job. Ex-convicts who try to redeem' themselves may find that any attempt to get honest work is impeded' by their record.
	3-4. "No matter how often I hear Kevin's that he loves me," Tammy said, "it always sounds perfunctory and insincere because he usess."

> Sentence Check 1

		Chapter 29	163
5-6.	Greta was so at mechanical drawing in his surprised to hear she'd reached the of successions.	gh school that I wass as an architect.	ısn't
7–8.	Senator Harper's warm welcome to any of his meant to get votes; it's a(n) expression of inherent ^o good will.	s isn't just a sha his genuine interest	am°, : and
	The teacher(e)d the idea that most anim going from mate to mate. She explained that a whales, pigeons, and swans stay with one mate	inimais such as wo	, lves,
Final Check: The End	of a Political Career		
Here is a final opportunity for you	a to strengthen your knowledge of the ten words. each blank with a word from the box at the to e out which word goes in which blank.) Use each	b of the breatens	wing page.
Our mayor was not only	a proficiento politician but also a very (1)		_
speechmaker. Warmth and ch	arm emanated° from him. Whenever he addresse	ed an audience of hi	is
(2)	s notential voters always came away thinking,	"He's one of us." H	is
apaches always sounded (3)	, never rehearsed. Wi	nen he made his wa	ıy
through a crowd even (4)	s like "Great to see you!" a	nd what a beauth	uı
haby!" sounded original and	sincere. He seemed like a model of decorum° as v	weil. When he woul	ıa
hear of the (5)	behavior of other politicians, he v	yould shake his nea	aa
sadly over their loose conduc	t. He constantly appeared in public with his wife	of thirty years, as if	to
show he was a devoted family	man. Understandably, he was reelected several time	mes.	
But at the (6)	of the mayor's career, disturbing ru	mors and innuendo	s°
hagen to circulate It was i	nsinuated° that the mayor had won his first ele	ection by fraudulen	ıt°ʻ
The manager of his	first campaign became seriously ill. Knowing	she was not likely	to
means, the manager of mo	se friends that she wanted to disclose a guilty sec	ret before dying. Sl	he
survive, she told acverar order	that, during the campaign, the mayor	r had blackmailed h	nis
made the (/)	d a teenage daughter who had been caught shop	olifting. Although t	he
opponent. The opponent ha	e girl and let her go, the mayor learned of the s	tory. He promised	he
store owner had lectured the	ion if his opponent did not deliberately lose the e	lection.	
would ruin the girl's reputat	er's claims reached the evening news. When	the mayor tried	to
The campaign manage	the story, the former opponent and his daughter	came forward to say	v it
(8)	the story, the former opponent and me daughter	s sordido scandal. I	His
was true. The mayor could	not escape the (9) of this	d the damage v	งลร
reputation as a man of	impeccable character was destroyed, an	aunch ^o friende and	he
	. He lost the support of his party and even his sta	aution irrottus, unu	
soon retired from politics.			
		at.	



admonish antithesis culmination docile emulate hierarchy Incapacitate prognosis tumult

Ten Words in Context

In the space provided, write the letter of the meaning closest to that of each **boldfaced** word. Use the context of the sentences to help you figure out each word's meaning.

1 abrasive (ə-brā'sĭv)	 Pumice stone, a rough spots on the 	naturally abrasive substance, ca e feet.	an be used for rubbing away	
-adjective	 Roz has an abras rub people the wro 	sive personality—critical and no ong way,	egative. She always seems to	
Abrasive means	a. simple.	b. harsh.	c. common.	
2 admonish (ăd-mŏn'ĭsh)	 When the guide admonished them 	found the hikers deep in for straying off the trail.	the woods but unhurt, he	
-verb	 Because the little admonished her f 	girl had spent her entire allow or wasting her money.	wance on candy, her parents	
Admonish means	a. to lead.	b. to criticize.	c. to irritate.	
3 antithesis (ăn-tĭth'ə-sĭs)	 My taste in music loud; he likes soft 	is the antithesis of my brother classical music.	's. I like heavy metal, played	
-noun	 Pauline's free-spir very timid and cau 	ited second husband is the antititious man.	thesis of her first, who was a	
Antithesis means	a. the reverse.	b. something superior.	c. an imitation.	
4 culmination (kŭl'mə-nā'shən)	For an actor or actr many years of effo	ess, receiving an Academy Awar rt, progressing from drama scho	d is often the culmination of ol to bit parts to major roles.	
-noun	• The Super Bowl is the culmination of the entire professional football season. All the rivalries, victories, and defeats lead up to this final contest.			
Culmination means	a. a series.	b. a cause.	c. a final high point.	
5 docile (dŏs'ĭl)	After only a mont down, learned to pa	h of obedience training, our u	ncontrollable puppy calmed ar more docile.	
-adjective	 Drugs and even su 	irgery have been used in ment that they could be managed mor	al hospitals to make violent	
Docile means	a. obedient.	b. strong.	c. curable.	
6 emulate (ĕm'yōō-lāt')	 Jessie has always t well as her sister— 	ried to emulate her older sister if not better—in school, at sport	; she tries hard to do just as	
-verb	• Youngsters often w	vant to emulate famous athletes o, with dreams of someday bein	s. They train almost as hard	
Emilate manage			-	

b. to imitate.

c. to submit to.

Emulate means

a. to admire.

7 hierarchy (hī 'ər-âr'kē)	 The armed forces are a clear example of a strict hierarchy. Everyone has a specific rank and must follow the orders of those whose rank is higher. 			
-noun	 Pam soon learned that all requests and suggestions had to be passed up through the levels of the company hierarchy. She could communicate directly with her own boss, but not with the boss's boss—let alone the company president. 			
Hierarchy means	a. a ranked system.	b. a training system.	c. a large system.	
8 incapacitate	 The lecture was canceled because the speaker was incapacitated by the flu. 			
(ĭn'kə-păs'ə-tāt') -verb	 My mother can't tolerate alcohol. Even half a glass of wine incapacitates her; all she can do is giggle for a while and then go to sleep. 			
Incapacitate means	a. to irritate.	b. to be concerned with.	c. to disable.	
9 prognosis (prŏg-nō'sĭs)	 Nathan's operation went well. The surgeon's prognosis is that Nathan will fully recover. 			
-noun	 Unless strict legislation is passed to reduce acid rain, the prognosis for the world's forests will remain poor. 			
Prognosis means	a. a forecast.	b. an illness.	c. an organization.	
10 tumult (too'mŭlt')	 Spectators at a hockey match are often wild and noisy, and the tumult becomes even greater during a "sudden-death" overtime. 			
-noun	 On New Year's Eve, the tumult in Times Square reached such proportions that the crowd could be heard a mile away. 			
Tumult means	a, damage.	b. uproar.	c. friction.	

Matching Words with Definitions

Following are definitions of the ten words. Clearly write or print each word next to its definition. The sentences above and on the previous page will help you decide on the meaning of each word.

1	The noisy disorder of a crowd; a commotion
2	To make unable or unfit, especially for normal activities; disable
3.	Tending to give in to the control or power of others without resisting; easy to handle or discipline; willingly led
4	Able to cause a wearing away by rubbing or scraping; rough; irritating
5.	A prediction of the course, outcome, or fate of something, especially a disease or injury
6	m14 mently but conjought
7.	The exact opposite
8.	The highest point or degree of a series of actions or events; the climax
9.	To try to equal or surpass, especially by imitation; imitate
0.	Organization of people in a series of levels, according to importance or authority

CAUTION: Do not go any further until you are sure the above answers are correct. Then you can use the definitions to help you in the following practices. Your goal is eventually to know the words well enough so that you don't need to check the definitions at all.

> Sentence Check 1

Using the answer line provided, complete each item below with the correct word from the box. Use each word once.

 In Section Attended for the entire property 	admonish c, antithesis d. culmination e, docile hierarchy h. incapacitate i. prognosis j, tumuit
	1. At the rock concert, the audience grew more and more excited and out of control. There was such that no one could hear the music.
	2. I ruined a nonstick frying pan by using a(n) cleanser on it—the surface rubbed right off.
	3. The runner was(e)d by a sprained ankle and had to miss the big race.
	4. Wendell's ideas about furniture are the of mine. He likes colonial maple, but I like ultramodern tubular steel.
	5. The of the Roman Catholic Church goes from the parish priest up through bishops, archbishops, and cardinals, to the Pope at the head.
	6. Mother(e)d us for spending too much money on her birthday gift, but we could see that she was pleased.
	7. The company is financially sick, and unless some changes are made in top management, the is poor—it could go out of business.
	8. In the prison movie, the convicts acted very while planning a riot. The guards—who weren't too bright—kept congratulating the inmates on being so well-behaved.
	9. In colonial America, many people believed in and feared witches. Hysteria over "witch-hunting" reached its in Salem, Massachusetts, where nineteen supposed witches were put to death.
	10. "If you want to Elvis Presley, fine," my mother said. "But try to match his energy and warmth onstage—not his self-destructiveness."
NOTE: Now check your ans you prepare for the next two	swers to these questions by turning to page 179. Going over the answers carefully will help practices, for which answers are not given.
Sentence Check 2	
Jsing the answer lines provonce.	ided, complete each item below with two words from the box. Use each word
	 1-2. The rebellious little girl, always demanding more and more autonomy°, was the of her obedient, sister. They were an incongruous° pair of siblings.
	3-4. The for Dale's arthritis is not encouraging. Her doctor didn't equivocate° but told her frankly that in time it may her completely.

		Chapter 30 167
56	Beth moved steadily up the compar president. This appointment, the of dedication, put her at the pinnacle° of he	f twenty years of hard work and
78	. Cory has many good qualities that I wanner is a handicap; he estranges pecthat diverge from his own.	would like to But his ople because he rejects any ideas
9–10	. Gil didn't expect the children's behavibut the in the back seat finally rea them.	or in the car to be impeccable, ched such a level that he had to
Final Check: Firing O	ır Boss	
Here is a final opportunity for yo selection carefully. Then fill in	u to strengthen your knowledge of the tereach blank with a word from the box are out which word goes in which blank.)	at the top of the previous page.
My stinto in the bookk	eeping department had lasted for three	years when Jay Keller was
	d. I don't expect supervisors to be pals w	
don't object to being (1)	(e)d when I	eve done something wrong.
Keller's criticism, however,	was constant and harsh, and the office atn	nosphere seemed permeated°
by his antinathy toward u	s. His (2)	style made everyone in the
	was the complete (3)	
our previous boss, who had	been so thoughtful that we all tried to (4	4)
her In contrast. Keller's me	re presence could (5)	us to a point where
we could hardly add two and		
Within a few weeks, ev	en the most (6)	employees were getting
	we subversive thoughts. Our frustration	
(7)	when Keller loudly belittled a new wor	ker in front of everyone else,
	ns ("Stupid! Airhead!") that he made he	
	course° was to go over Keller's hea	
	and present our denunciation° of Kelle	
Our meeting in her offi	ce began in (9)	, but then we settled down
	be as lucid° as possible so she could unde	
going on. We concluded wi	th the contention° that ours was a deeply	troubled department and that
if Keller staved, the (10)	for it was not go	od: everyone else would quit.
That was Friday afternoon.	On Monday morning, our spontaneous° a	ction proved to be successful:
114 2200 20 200 11		

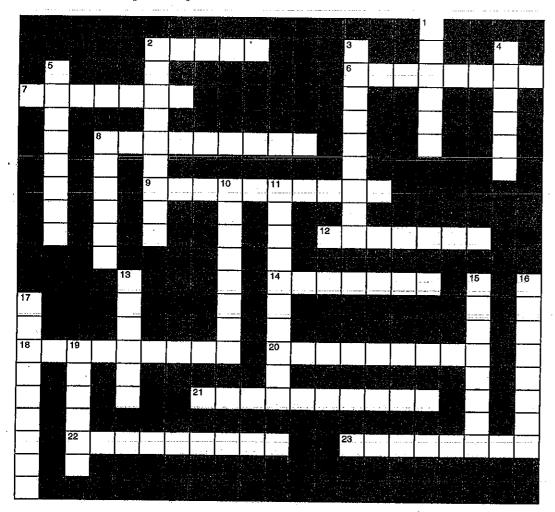
Sentence Check 2

Scores

Final Check

UNIT FIVE: Review

The box at the right lists twenty-five words from Unit Five. Using the clues at the bottom of the page, fill in these words to complete the puzzle that follows.



adroit auspicious contention deride discreet disparity docile emulate expedite flout forestall heinous impending impromptu inference macabre opportune permeate pinnacle platitude stigma transgress tumult validate vehement

ACROSS

- 2. To treat with scorn or contempt; defy insultingly
- 6. To flow or spread throughout
- 7. Suggestive of death and decay; frightful; causing horror and disgust
- 8. An inequality or difference, as in ages or amounts
- 9. Favorable; encouraging
- 12. Extremely evil; outrageous
- 14. To try to equal or surpass, especially by imitation
- A remark that is commonplace or that has become uninteresting through repeated use

- 20. A conclusion drawn from evidence; an assumption
- 21. To sin or commit an offense; break a law or command
- 22. About to happen; imminent
- 23. Intense: forceful

DOWN

- 1. The noisy disorder of a crowd; a commotion
- 2. To prevent or hinder by taking action beforehand
- 3. Suitable (said of time); well-timed
- 4. A mark of shame or disgrace; a blemish on character or reputation

- 5. To show to be true; prove
- 8. Easy to handle or discipline; willingly led
- 10. A peak of achievement
- 11. A claim that something is
- 13. To make fun of: ridicule
- 15. To speed up or ease the progress of
- 16. Wise in keeping silent about secrets and other information of a delicate nature; tactful
- 17. Performed or spoken without practice or preparation
- 19. Skillful and clever under challenging conditions

UNIT FIVE: Test 1

	1. When my foot falls asleep, it me for several minutes.
	a. interrogates b. incapacitates c. misconstrues d. insinuates
Tarket Land	2. The fear of AIDS has discouraged some people from being
	a. fastidious b. auspicious c. impending d. promiscuous
	3. Since my uncle was made vice president of his company, he's only to the president.
	a. subordinate b. adroit c. vehement d. omnipotent
	4. The mayor citizens for their lack of cooperation in keeping the parks and streets clean.
	a. emulated b. rebuked c. fabricated d. validated
8	5. Harsh rules life in Puritan New England, where people were forbidden even to celebrate Christmas.
•	a. emulated b. permeated v. c. derided d. repudiated
	6. When the public learned that the senator had accepted bribes, many of his regretted having voted for him.
	a. constituents b. pinnacles c. intuitions d. tumults
	7. Since I needed the tax forms as soon as possible, I downloaded them from the IRS website to matters.
	a. insinuate b. forestall c. expedite d. deride
	8. A novelist once commented on how wonderfully a writer feels when creating "an entire universe."
,	a. derogatory b. omnipotent c. extenuating d. irreparable
	9. Since petting an animal appears to lower a person's blood pressure, the for survival after a heart attack is probably better for people with pets
	a. prognosis b. constituent c. innuendo d. quandary
	10. Victor and Diane each other, making a perfect couple. He's rich bu doesn't care about money; she's poor and cares about it a lot.
	a. complement b. fabricate c. implement d. validate

On the a	miswer line, write the letter of the choice that best	completes each item.		
11	You would be most likely to expect a tumult ina. riot.c. living room where a family was reading.	the midst of a(n) b. church service. d. art museum.		
12	 Although the prisoner appeared at first to be doe a. laid-back, relaxed, and cooperative. c. depressed to the point of suicide. 	cile, prison officials soon learned he was actually b. highly intelligent. d. rebellious and impossible to discipline.		
13	 People generally use an innuendo when they wa a. something critical, but in an indirect way. c. something that is not true. 	ant to say b. something highly complimentary. d. something in praise of themselves.		
14	 Because Katja felt that her foreign accent was of a. take a speech class to make it less obvious. c. assume that no one would notice it. 	b. keep it because she liked the way it sounded. d. emphasize it.		
15	 Delia knew she must have transgressed someho a. she got to work half an hour early. c. a police car was following her. 	b. she found herself in a strange neighborhood. d. she got to work half an hour late.		
16	16. To forestall seeing Diana at school today, Marc a. said nasty things to her in the hallway right before classes started. b. stayed home. c. asked her to eat lunch with him. d. ignored her in math class, even though she waved at him.			
17.	 17. One group of students flouted the library's "no unnecessary noise" rule by a. complaining about other students who were talking loudly. b. making occasional, brief whispered comments to one another. c. deliberately dropping heavy books on the floor and then laughing. d. studying in absolute silence. 			
18.	When Peggy came to work late for the third time a. "Honey, are you having some sort of problem b. "Good morning, Peggy." c. "Get out of here and stay out!" d. to shake her head and look disappointed.	that week, her boss's vehement response was at home?"		
· <u> · · ·</u> · ·19.	Nathan has forgotten his girlfriend's birthday. If a. "I forgot. I'm sorry. Can I make it up to you tb. "I put the money for your gift in my wallet, a c. "Birthdays! Who can remember them? They d. "If it will make you feel better, you can forge	omorrow?" nd someone stole it." come along so often!"		
20.	My brother embarrassed me in front of my date and the whole family got food poisoning. Later, I a. telling another story about me that made me s b. telling even more embarrassing stories about c. getting into a fight with my date. d. asking my date, "Why in the world do you was	e by telling the story of the time I made dinner ne redeemed himself by seem brave, funny, and intelligent.		
	Soore & (Number correct)			

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

UNIT FIVE: Test 2

PART A Complete each item with a word from the box. Use each word once.

		adroit c. antithesis d. contention e. emulate Impromptu h. Inference i. Intuition j. pinnacle stigma m. validate
		1. The cockroach is at squeezing into cracks because it can flatten its skeleton, which is on the outside of its body.
		2. When Hal refused to kiss his wife goodbye, her was that he was still angry with her.
		3. Don't use a(n) cleanser on your car. It will rub the paint off.
		4. As if being poor isn't bad enough, there is often a social attached to poverty.
		5. Last year, the town experienced a sizzling summer that was the of its frigid winters.
		 My told me to stay away from anyone who called me "darling" after only five minutes of acquaintance.
	`	7. I tried to my sister's ability to make money, but I ended up imitating only her readiness to spend it.
	·	8. Mitch's was that he deserved a higher grade in history, but I think the teacher was generous in giving him a C.
_		9. From the mountain's snowy, the climbers looked down on a layer of clouds that hid the valley below.
_	1	10. Toshiko is in a(n) as to whether she should start college now part-time or wait until she can go full-time.
_		11. The police officer didn't consider my being late for a party a(n) circumstance, so he went ahead and wrote the ticket for speeding.
_		12. Acting students often perform scenes. Without a script, they must fully imagine how a particular character might speak and behave.
_		13. The study(e)d claims that drinking is strongly related to violence, providing evidence that alcohol is involved in about half of all murders in the United States.

Wri	te C	if the italicized word is used	correctly. Write I if	the word is used incor	rectly.
	_ 14	. The circus clown's beamin	g smile and insidious	makeup made all the	children at the party laugh.
<u></u> .	_ 15	. As obsequious as ever, Dar	niel refused to get in l	ine for the fire drill.	
	_ 16	. A baseball injury caused ir	reparable damage to	Howard's left eye, wh	ich was left sightless.
	_ 17	. Just as humans often admo intertwining their trunks.	nish each other by sh	aking hands, elephant	s often greet each other by
	_ 18.	. The scientist had the cournew evidence that contradic	age and honesty to reted it.	epudiate his earlier th	neory when he discovered
<u></u>	_ 19.	It would be fitting retribute live in some country with a	ion if my brother, wh twenty-year waiting	o stays on the phone t period for phone servi	for hours at a time, had to ce.
PAR On t	_	nswer line, write the letter of	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	ra obodora "Nandobel" "r	ced word,
	20	Example: _a_ rebuke	a. blame	b. praise	c. answer
	. 20.	disparity	a. equality	b. difference	c. sadness
 -	21.	implement	a. reject	b. prevent	c. apply
	22.	impending	a. approaching	b. remembering	c. fading
PAR'				•	
On th		swer line, write the letter of	the word that is the an	ntonym of the boldfac	ed word.
On th		swer line, write the letter of	the word that is the ar	b. praise	ed word. c. answer
	ie an				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PART B

25. derogatory

Score: (Numbercorrect)

b. reassuring

c. insulting

Enter your score above and in the vocabulary performance chart on the inside back cover of the book.

a. flattering

UNIT FIVE: Test 3

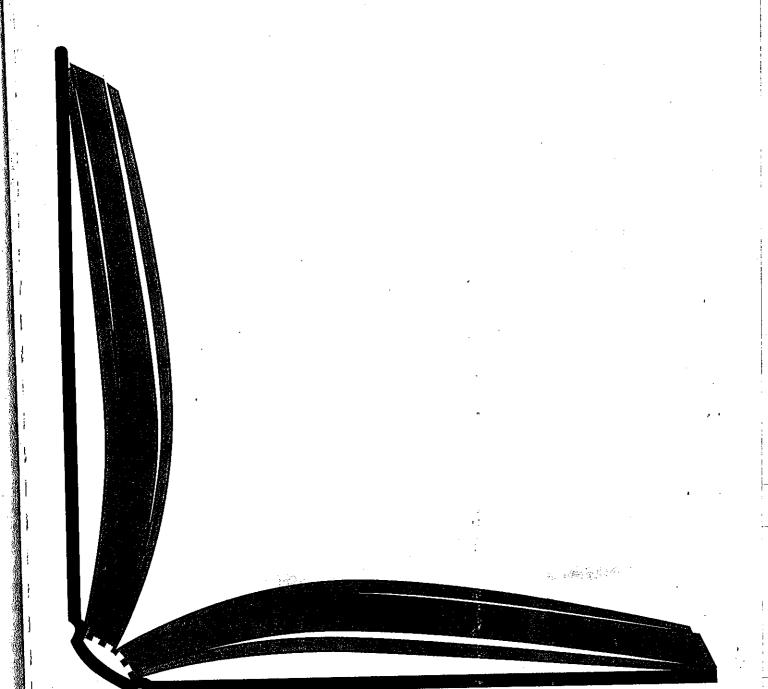
Each item below starts with a pair of words in CAPITAL LETTERS. For each item, figure out the relationship between these two words. Then decide which of the choices (a, b, c, or d) expresses a similar relationship. Write the letter of your choice on the answer line.

1. INSINUATE : HINT ::	
a. hear : see c. express : communicate	b. exercise : jump roped. read : calculate
2. INTERROGATE : QUESTION :: a. hide : see c. climb : descend	b. investigate : examine d. know : guess
a. sensible : unreasonable c. mighty : powerful	b. kind: helpful d. recent: new
4. OPPORTUNE: WELL-TIMED::a. working: brokenc. punctual: on time	b. delayed: ahead of time d. frequent: rare
5. DISCREET: DIPLOMAT:: a. hasty: tightrope walker c. shy: master of ceremonies	b. frail: piano mover d. interesting: speaker
a. cautious : reckless c. fatigued : exhausted	b. worried : problem d. friendly : neighborly
7. HEINOUS: MURDER:: a. swift: turtle c. destructive: tornado	b. minor : catastrophe d. tragic : joke
a. threatening : butterfly c. time-consuming : toast	VER :: b. ominous : broken mirro d. disastrous : first prize
9. FRAUDULENT : HONEST ::a. foolhardy : senselessc. stale : fresh	b. freakish : oddd. fruitful : productive
a. superior : boss c. humorous : librarian	b. persistent : architect d. noble : magger

11	. DERIDE : PRAISE ::		
	a. decide : ignore c. appear: show up	b. divide : united. deliver : package	
12	. MACABRE : HORROR FILM ::		
	a. old-fashioned : websitec. X-rated : sermon	b. amusing : math lecture d. useful : cookbook	2
13	. PARAMOUNT : IMPORTANT ::		
	a. early: latec. deadly: unhealthy	b. educational : recessd. parallel : intersecting	
14.	TURBULENT: WAR::		
	a. evil: pear c. tiny: atom	b. few: pounds d. desirable: illness	
15.	PLATITUDE: "HAVE A NICE DAY"::		
	a. gratitude : "Later."c. invitation: "Yes."	b. insult: "You stink!"d. adoration: "We're thro	ugh!"
16.	SPONTANEOUS : PLANNED ::	• •	
	a. early : latec. disappointing : imperfect	b. large: elephant d. expensive: costly	THE STATE OF STREET
17.	STIGMA: SHAME::		
	a. red cross: piratesc. hug: protest	b. yogurt : health food d. medal : bravery	
18.	ABRASIVE : SCRATCH ::		
	a. large: nail c. sharp: cut	b. pliers: tool d. fork: spoon	
19.	INCAPACITATE: BROKEN LEG::		
	a. energize : flu c. entertain : telephone book	b. inform : sneeze d. delay : traffic jam	
20.	HIERARCHY: LEVELS::		,
	a. closet : roomc. petals : flowers	b. school: grades d. pain: medications	

Score (Number correct)

Appendixes



A. Limited Answer Key

Important Note: Be sure to use this answer key as a learning tool only. You should not turn to this key until you have considered carefully the sentence in which a given word appears.

Used properly, the key will help you to learn words and to prepare for the activities and tests for which answers are not given. For ease of reference, the title of the "Final Check" passage in each chapter appears in parentheses.

Chapter 1 (Apartment Problems)

Sentence Check 1

- 6. ostentatious 1. discretion 7. vicarious 2. detriment
- 3. dexterous
- 8. optimum 9. sensory 4. gregarious
- 5. scrupulous
- 10. facetious

Chapter 2 (Hardly a Loser)

Sentence Check 1

- 6. scoff 1. rudimentary 7. collaborate 2. despondent 8. squelch 3. instigate 9. retrospect 4. zealot
- 5. venerate

10. resilient

10. inane

Chapter 3 (Grandfather at the Art Museum)

Sentence Check 1

6. embellish 1. lethargy 7. juxtapose 2. sporadic 8. dissident 3. subsidize 9. ambiguous 4. inadvertent

Chapter 4 (My Brother's Mental Illness)

Sentence Check 1

5. fritter

Deutettee Cureous x	
1. regress	6. infallible
2. zenith	7. berate
3. euphoric	8. ubiquitous
4. relinquish	9. maudlin
5. estrange	10. impetuous

Chapter 5 (A Get-Rich-Quick Scam)

Sentence Check 1

- 6. illicit 1. diverge 7. hoist 2. charlatan 8. disseminate 3. irrevocable 9. corroborate
- 4. dormant 10. proliferation 5. precipitate

Chapter 6 (Holiday Blues)

Sentence Check 1

6. extraordinary 1. antipasto 7. liberated 2. revived 8. Regicide 3. injection 9. vocabulary 4. defrosting 10. anachronism 5. dormitories

Chapter 7 (A Phony Friend)

Sentence Check 1

DC146C110C C11CC11 -	
1. solace	6. sham
2. impeccable	7. propensity
3. predisposed	8. fortuitous
4. solicitous	9. liaison
5. reprehensible	10. equivocate

Chapter 8 (Coco the Gorilla)

Santonco Check 1

Sentence Check 1	
1. oblivious	cohesive
2. vociferous	7. grievous
3. sanction	inundate
4. robust	attrition
5. circumvent	reticent

	ıal Garage Sale)	Chapter 15 (The Miss	ing Painting)
Sentence Check 1	!	Sentence Check I	<i>GG</i> /
1. terse	6. replete	1. contrite	6. conspiracy
2. indiscriminate		2. plight	7. germane
3. bolster	8. nebulous	3. symmetrical	8. distraught
4. depreciate		4. connoisseur	9. lucid
5. tenet	10. inquisitive	5. verbose	
	- · ·	J. Verbose	10. superficially
	e on School Uniforms)	Chapter 16 (An Ohio (Girl in New York)
Sentence Check 1	4	Sentence Check 1	
1. autonomy	6. tenacious	1. presumptuous	homogeneous
2. ostracize	7. utopią	2. adept	7. encompass
3. reiterate	bureaucratic	3. sordid	8. stringent
4. tantamount	9. mandate	4. stint	9. entrepreneur
5. raucous	10. recourse	5. eradicate	10. standardize
Chapter 11 (My Large	e Family)	Chapter 17 (How Neat	Is Neat Enough?)
Sentence Check 1		Sentence Check 1	
1. incongruous	6. exonerate	1. repugnant	6. innocuous
2. reinstate	7. prolific	2. magnanimous	
3. liability	8. clandestine		8. recrimination
4. indigenous		4. foible	
5. contingency	10. egocentric		10. flamboyant
		J. CAROIT	10. Hamooyani
Chapter 12 (Alex's Sea	arch)	Chapter 18 (A Cult Co	mmunity)
Sentence Check 1	c 4 22 22	Sentence Check 1	
I. confident	6. bibliotherapy	1. archangel	6. dismissed
2. very	7. Synonyms	benefactor	7. postmoriem
3. panorama	8. Hinduism	2	8. polygraph
	^	3. mortality	
	9. anonymous	4. travelogues	9. animation
	9. anonymous 10. renovate		9. animation
	10. renovate	4. travelogues	9. animaticn 10. nominees
5. direct	10. renovate	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween	9. animaticn 10. nominees
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lo	10. renovate ve of Animals)	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles)
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1 1. chide	9. animation10. nomineesTroubles)6. commensurate
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Los Sentence Check 1 1. precarious	10. renovateve of Animals)6. emancipate7. jurisdiction	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commensurate 7. connotat on
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commen urate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Low Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commen urate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commen urate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Low Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas December 20)	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas Desentence Check !	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commen urate 7. connotat on 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario ooley)
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Low Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede Chapter 14 (A Costum Sentence Check 1	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check 1 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas Description Sentence Check 1 1. deprivation	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario ooley) 6. utilitarian
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede Chapter 14 (A Costum Sentence Check 1 1. travesty 2. notorious	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy ne Party) 6. esoteric 7. mesmerize	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas Desirence Check I 1. deprivation 2. mitigate	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario ooley) 6. utilitarian 7. objective
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede Chapter 14 (A Costum Sentence Check 1 1. travesty 2. notorious 3. provocative	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy ne Party) 6. esoteric 7. mesmerize 8. perfunctory	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas Desirence Check ! 1. deprivation 2. mitigate 3. exacerbate	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario cooley) 6. utilitarian 7. objective 8. panacea
5. direct Chapter 13 (Ann's Lor Sentence Check 1 1. precarious 2. advocate 3. inclusive 4. imminent 5. impede Chapter 14 (A Costum Sentence Check 1 1. travesty 2. notorious	10. renovate ve of Animals) 6. emancipate 7. jurisdiction 8. antipathy 9. preposterous 10. idiosyncrasy ne Party) 6. esoteric 7. mesmerize	4. travelogues 5. tenets Chapter 19 (Halloween Sentence Check I 1. chide 2. diabolic 3. integral 4. coalition 5. yen Chapter 20 (Thomas Desirence Check I 1. deprivation 2. mitigate	9. animation 10. nominees Troubles) 6. commenturate 7. connotation 8. dilapidated 9. noxious 10. scenario ooley) 6. utilitarian 7. objective

Chapter 21 (Twelve Grown Men in a Bug)

Sentence Check I

- decorum
 tenuous
 rejuvenate
 facilitate
 extricate
 espouse
- 3. rejuvenate4. exorbitant8. espouse9. synchronize
- 5. exhilaration 10. orthodox

Chapter 22 (Adjusting to a Group Home)

Sentence Check 1

inherent
 dissipate
 demeanor
 belligerent
 denunciation
 assimilate

10. unilateral

Chapter 23 (A Different Kind of Doctor)

Sentence Check I

5. nonchalant

- subversive
 annihilate
 staunch
 criterion
 proficient
 holistic
 emanate
 analogy
 vindicate
 placebo
- Chapter 24 (Grandpa and Music)

Sentence Check 1

volition
 wooden
 aqueduct
 aphysician
 decathlon
 octet
 homophone
 aqueduct
 philanthropist
 surpass
 mysterious

Chapter 25 (My Devilish Older Sister)

Sentence Check 1

Denience Check I	
1. permeate	disparity
2. forestall	7. insidious
3. opportune	omnipotent
4. interrogate	9. insinuate
5. retribution	10. obsequious

Chapter 26 (Harriet Tubman)

Sentence Check 1

intuition
 fiout
 fiout
 fastidious
 heinous
 impromptu
 discreet
 implement
 complement
 inference
 obtrusive

Chapter 27 (Tony's Rehabilitation)

Sen ence Check I

 subordinate 	6. auspicious
2. transgress	vehement
3. fraudulent	rebuke
4. expedite	9. innuendo
5. redeem	10. extenuating

Chapter 28 (Rumors)

Sentence Check 1

1. macabre	fabricate
2. paramount	validate
3. impending	8. quandary
4. misconstrue	9. turbulent
derogatory	10. deride

Chapter 29 (The End of a Political Career)

Sentence Check 1

1. promiscuous	pinnacle
2. repudiate	7. spontaneous
3. stigma	8. contention
4. irreparable	constituent
5 adroit	10. platitude

Chapter 30 (Firing Our Boss)

Sentence Check 1

1. tumult	6. admonish
2. abrasive	7. prognosis
3. incapacitate	8. docile
4. antithesis	9. culmination
5. hierarchy	10. emulate

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B. Dictionary Use

It isn't always possible to figure out the meaning of a word from its context, and that's where a dictionary comes in. Following is some basic information to help you use a dictionary.

HOW TO FIND A WORD

A dictionary contains so many words that it can take a while to find the one you're looking for. But if you know how to use guide words, you can find a word rather quickly. *Guide words* are the two words at the top of each dictionary page. The first guide word tells what the first word is on the page. The second guide word tells what the last word is on that page. The other words on a page fall alphabetically between the two guide words. So when you look up a word, find the two guide words that alphabetically surround the word you're looking for.

Which of the following pair of guide words would be on a page with the word skirmish?
 skimp / skyscraper skyward / slave sixty / skimming

The answer to this question and the questions that follow are given on the next page.

HOW TO USE A DICTIONARY LISTING

A dictionary listing includes many pieces of information. For example, here is a typical listing. Note that it includes much more than just a definition.

driz•zle (drĭz'əl) v. -zled, -zling. To rain gently and steadily in fine drops. — n. A very light rain. —driz'zly, adj.

Key parts of a dictionary entry are listed and explained below.

Syllables. Dots separate dictionary entry words into syllables. Note that *drizzle* has one dot, which breaks the word into two syllables.

 To practice seeing the syllable breakdown in a dictionary entry, write the number of syllables in each word below.

glam•our ____ mi•cro•wave ____ in•de•scrib•a•ble ____

Pronunciation guide. The information within parentheses after the entry word shows how to pronounce the entry word. This pronunciation guide includes two types of symbols: pronunciation symbols and accent marks.

Pronunciation symbols represent the consonant sounds and vowel sounds in a word. The consonant sounds are probably very familiar to you, but you may find it helpful to review some of the sounds of the vowels—a, e, i, o, and u. Every dictionary has a key explaining the sounds of its pronunciation symbols, including the long and short sounds of vowels.

Long vowels have the sound of their own names. For example, the a in pay and the o in no both have long vowel sounds. Long vowel sounds are shown by a straight line above the vowel.

In many dictionaries, the *short vowels* are shown by a curved line above the vowel. Thus the i in the first syllable of *drizzle* is a short i. The pronunciation chart on the inside front cover of this book indicates that the short i has the sound of i in sit. It also indicates that the short a has the sound of a in hat, that the short e has the sound of e in ten, and so on.

•	dena	night	sand		
	Which of the v	vords below have a sho	rt vowel sound? Which	has a long vowel so	ound?

	rapidly spoken, unaccented vowel sounds, such as the a in above, the e in item, the i in easily, the o in gallop, and the u in circus. More generally, it has an "uh" sound, like the "uh" a speaker makes when hesitating. Here are three words that include the schwa sound:
	in•fant (ĭn fənt) bum•ble (bum bəl) de•liv•er (dĭ-lĭv ər)
	Which syllable in drizzle contains the schwa sound, the first or the second?
	Accent marks are small black marks that tell you which syllable to emphasize, or stress, as you say a word. An accent mark follows driz in the pronunciation guide for drizzle, which tells you to stress the first syllable of drizzle. Syllables with no accent mark are not stressed. Some syllables are in between, and they are marked with a lighter accent mark.
	Which syllable has the stronger accent in sentimental?
,	sen•ti•men•tal (sĕn'tə-mĕn'tl)
	Parts of speech. After the pronunciation key and before each set of definitions, the entry word's parts of speech are given. The parts of speech are abbreviated as follows:
	noun— n . pronoun— $pron$. adjective— adj . adverb— adv . verb— v .
	• The listing for drizzle shows that it can be two parts of speech. Write them below:
•	
	Definitions. Words often have more than one meaning. When they do, each meaning is usually numbered in the dictionary. You can tell which definition of a word fits a given sentence by the meaning of the sentence. For example, the word <i>charge</i> has several definitions, including these two: 1. To ask as a price. 2. To accuse or blame.
	Show with a check which definition (1 or 2) applies in each sentence below:
	The store charged me less for the blouse because it was missing a button. 1 2
	My neighbor has been charged with shoplifting. 1 2
÷	Other information. After the definitions in a listing in a hardbound dictionary, you may get information about the <i>origin</i> of a word. Such information about origins, also known as <i>etymology</i> , is usually given in brackets. And you may sometimes be given one or more synonyms or antonyms for the entry word. <i>Synonyms</i> are words that are similar in meaning to the entry word; <i>antonyms</i> are words that are opposite in meaning.
Wŀ	HICH DICTIONARIES TO OWN
	You will find it useful to own two recent dictionaries: a small paperback dictionary to carry to class and a hardbound dictionary, which contains more information than a small paperback version. Among the good dictionaries strongly recommended are both the paperback and the hardcover editions of the following:
	The American Heritage Dictionary The Random House College Dictionary Webster's New World Dictionary
	ANSWERS TO THE DICTIONARY QUESTIONS Guide words: skimp/skyscraper Accent: stronger accent on third syllable (men)

Another pronunciation symbol is the schwa (a), which looks like an upside-down e. It stands for certain

Vowels: drug, sand (short); night (long)

Schwa: second syllable of drizzle

Parts of speech: noun and verb

Definitions: 1; 2

C. Topics for Discussion and Writing

Note: The first three items for each chapter are intended for discussion; the last three, for writing. Feel free, however, to either talk or write about any of the items.

Chapter 1 (Apartment Problems)

- 1. Athletes training for the Olympics must be dexterous. What are some of the other qualities—physical, emotional, and mental—necessary for them to achieve optimum results?
- 2. Facetious remarks often communicate serious ideas. An example is this comment by Mark Twain: "One of the most striking differences between a cat and a lie is that a cat has only nine lives." What is the serious meaning behind that remark? What might be the benefit of expressing that meaning in a joking manner?
- 3. Is it possible to be too scrupulous about following rules? Describe a situation in which someone, perhaps an authority figure, was more concerned with the rules than with the welfare of the people involved. Do you agree or disagree with that person's point of view? Explain your answer.
- 4. Write about a film that gave you an enjoyable vicarious experience. Name the film and describe at least one scene that illustrates your point. Begin with a main idea such as this: The movie gave me a great vicarious experience of being a martial-arts expert.
- 5. Did you ever wish you had used more **discretion**? For example, you may have told someone you disapproved of a mutual friend's behavior and later regretted doing so. Write a paper about what you said and why you later regretted saying it. Conclude by telling what you learned from the experience.
 - 6. Who is your most **gregarious** friend or relative? Who is the most shy? In writing, contrast these two people by describing the different ways they react to at least two or three common circumstances, such as being at parties and choosing jobs. Use examples where possible.

Chapter 2 (Hardly a Loser)

- 1. Do you prefer to work alone on a project, such as a report, or to collaborate with others? What are the benefits and drawbacks of each way of working?
- 2. What are some ways parents and teachers squelch children's confidence and creativity? What can they do to encourage children to feel positive about themselves and their abilities?
- 3. Throughout the ages, zealots have instigated both good and bad events. What public person or personal acquaintance do you consider a zealot? What do you think makes this person a zealot? Has his or her attitude had good effects—or bad ones?
- 4. We venerate people in a wide variety of fields, from athletics and entertainment to military and religious organizations. Write about a public figure you greatly respect, describing and illustrating the qualities and/or abilities that make you respect this person.

- 5. Think of a time you behaved in a way that you later regretted. Write about how you acted and how, in **retrospect**, you feel you should have behaved.
- 6. Has anyone ever scoffed at a goal or plan of yours? Write a paper explaining your goal or plan, the other person's comments, and how you reacted. Did you become despondent and not follow through? Or were you resilient and able to move forward with your idea despite the disapproval?

Chapter 3 (Grandfather at the Art Museum)

- 1. Some parents and teachers feel that young people fritter away their time on video games. Do you agree? Explain what you feel are the good or bad effects of video games on young players.
- 2. What school activity do you wish a community organization would **subsidize**? Would you like a program giving students internships in various workplaces? A girls' boxing program? Explain and defend the program you name.
- 3. Tell about a historical, political or religious **dissident** you admire. What did that person oppose? What did he or she achieve? Did the person suffer for his or her views and activities?
- 4. The ways we embellish spaces influence how they make us feel. For instance, a hospital waiting room may be designed to calm and comfort. Write a paper describing the decor of a room with which you're familiar and the effects you think it has.
- 5. Write about a time you lost out on something (for example, a job) because of lethargy—you simply didn't get up enough energy to follow through. Juxtapose that story with an account of a time you pursued and achieved something you really wanted. Use this main idea: Two very different experiences showed me that if I want something, I must take action.
- 6. Have you ever made an **inadvertent** comment that was so **inane** you felt embarrassed afterward? Write a paper describing the incident and how you reacted when you realized what you had said.

Chapter 4 (My Brother's Mental Illness)

- 1. Have you ever relinquished a social activity in order to do homework? Or have you ever ignored homework in favor of a social activity? Were you later glad you made the choice you did?
- 2. Young people may feel **infallible** and behave in **impetuous** and sometimes dangerous ways. What are some examples of such behavior? How might friends help these people avoid harmful, even tragic results?
- 3. Do you know anyone who has **regressed** to an earlier behavior? For example, you may know someone who began smoking again after having quit. Why do you think this person returned to the old behavior?
- 4. You have probably seen—or may have been—someone publicly berated at school or on the job. Write a paper about such an incident and your reaction to it.
- 5. Has an argument or a misunderstanding ever **estranged** you from a relative or an old friend? In a paper, explain the situation and what you think can be done, or has been done, to repair the relationship.
- 6. For many actors, winning an Academy Award is the zenith of their career. Euphoric, they give emotional speeches thanking others and describing their feelings. Think of an important goal you have achieved. Then write a speech—perhaps one humorously imitating an Academy Award speech—that you could have given upon reaching your goal.

Chapter 5 (A Get-Rich-Quick Scam)

- 1. Gossips often disseminate a story without bothering to corroborate it with solid evidence. Has such a rumor ever been spread about you or someone you know or have heard of? Describe the rumor, and tell how it affected the person it concerned.
- 2. In what ways might advertising and peer pressure contribute to the illicit use of drugs (including alcohol and cigarettes) by children and teenagers? Do you think there's been a proliferation of such use lately—or a decline? What makes you think so?
- 3. Sometimes just one cruel word or action can cause irrevocable damage to a person. Has this ever happened to you or someone you know? Describe the incident and its effect.
- 4. When you were a child, did you dream about what you wanted to be when you grew up? Are these dreams dormant, or are they active? Or have you totally changed your mind about them? Write a paper describing your old dreams and how you feel about them now.
- 5. Have you and an old friend taken paths that diverged? In a paper, introduce your friend, and explain how your lives have gone in different directions. Here's a sample main idea for this assignment: Because of different interests and goals, my best friend in elementary school and I have grown apart.
- 6. Write a description—serious or humorous—of a way to **hoist** a piano, a person, a motorcycle or bike, a bag of groceries, or anything else from street level to a second-floor window.

Chapter 7 (A Phony Friend)

- 1. Some guests on television real-life talk shows become very emotional, even violent. Do you find such behavior **reprehensible**—or acceptable? In your opinion, are these demonstrations genuine, or are they mostly a **sham** and thus not to be taken seriously?
- 2. Politicians may equivocate when answering questions about controversial issues. Why do you think they do this? Can you think of any examples of such deliberate vagueness?
- 3. When there's a conflict between nations or between a union and a company, a liaison is generally called upon to help. Why do you think a go-between is used so often? Why don't the conflicting parties face each other without a mediator?
- 4. Sometimes when we're sad, a pet can give us solace when no one else can. Write a paper on the qualities that enable pets to offer such comfort, using examples you know of.
- 5. Do you know someone whose appearance or manners seem faultless? Do you consider a certain car or garden to be perfect? Write a paper in which you try to persuade your reader that someone or something is **impeccable**. Include colorful, convincing details in your description.
- 6. Write about someone who has a **propensity** to get into trouble. Include one or more detailed examples of his or her actions and the trouble that resulted. Also, explain why you think this person is **predisposed** to such situations. Use a main idea such as this: My brother's habit of acting without thinking often gets him in trouble.

Chapter 8 (Coco the Gorilla)

- 1. High-school and college coaches always lose players through **attrition**. What are some ways this happens? How then can a coach create a **cohesive** group of players and mold them into a winning team?
- 2. Have you ever felt **inundated** with school assignments? Describe study methods you have worked out to help you survive such difficult times. For instance, do you become superorganized? Do you read when you're on a bus?
- 3. Some students protest in a **vociferous** manner when required to dissect an animal. Do you think these students should be excused from the activity without being punished? Why or why not?
- 4. When parents divorce, the results can be **grievous** for their children. Some parents explain to their children why they've divorced, while others are **reticent** to do so, feeling they are protecting the children. Write a paper explaining the method you think is more helpful to a child and why.
- 5. We all want to be **robust**, yet we are sometimes **oblivious** to our own health practices. Think about your own diet and exercise patterns. Then write about two or three ways in which you can improve your chances for remaining healthy and strong.
- 6. Sometimes, even though we try to circumvent an unpleasant situation, we find we have no choice except to become involved. Has this ever happened to you or someone you know? In a paper, describe such a circumstance and what eventually happened.

Chapter 9 (Our Annual Garage Sale)

- 1. Television news is **replete** with images of violence and disaster. If you were in charge of news programming, would you balance negative news with reports meant to **bolster** viewers' spirits? If so, explain your reasoning and how might you achieve that balance. If not, explain why.
- 2. Some T-shirts or bumper stickers display terse statements that are serious or humorous. What are your favorites? Is there one that particularly expresses a tenet by which you live?
- 3. Do you sometimes go through long periods of being quite sedentary? How can people include exercise in their study or work routines?
- 4. Some people collect items they hope won't depreciate, such as stamps. Others collect objects with little financial value, such as matchbooks. Do (or did) you or someone you know collect anything? Write a paper about the collection. How did it start? Which are its most prized items? Is it displayed, or has it been relegated to the basement?
- 5. Write a letter to a friend who has given only **nebulous** thought to a career and could end up making an **indiscriminate** career choice. Explain a way to go about choosing a satisfying occupation. Use some real or imagined examples to make your points clearer and more persuasive.
- 6. Imagine you are preparing a guide for camp counselors. One section of the guide must tell what to do in rainy weather, when children are stuck inside a room for hours. Write about three or more activities the counselor can lead to occupy the children's **inquisitive** minds and keep them from becoming bored and cranky.

Chapter 10 (A Debate on School Uniforms)

- 1. Suppose you were studying on a weeknight and your concentration was challenged by a raucous party next door. How would you cope? Under what circumstances might you feel your best recourse was to call the police?
- 2. While large organizations need rules, some become overly bureaucratic. Do you feel some regulations at your school interfere with the school's effectiveness? For instance, do you think registration is more complicated than necessary or that requirements are too inflexible?
- 3. Sometimes an organization or social group ostracizes certain people or even prevents them from becoming members in the first place. Do you think this kind of behavior is ever justified? Why or why not?
- 4. Some people have a tenacious desire to work things out on their own. How about you? Do you like close supervision and feedback when working on a project, or do you prefer autonomy? Write about your preference, and illustrate your points with detailed examples.
- 5. Imagine that in a future election, the people's mandate is to raise the voting age from 18 to 21. Write a paper opposing or supporting this decision. Give at least two reasons for your point of view.
- 6. What elements should a perfect society have? Write either a serious or humorous paper describing your idea of **utopia**. Tell what it would include and exclude, and explain your reasoning.

Chapter 11 (My Large Family)

- 1. On holidays, does your family prepare **superfluous** amounts of food in case uninvited guests show up? Describe how you or relatives overprepare (or underprepare) for such a **contingency**.
- 2. What are some characteristics and behaviors of egocentric people? In what ways might self-centeredness be a liability or an advantage?
- 3. When a defendant in a criminal trial has been exonerated of all charges, he or she is set free. What difficulties do you think this person might face in attempting to be reinstated into normal life?
- 4. While Native Americans are **indigenous** to North America, most Americans have roots in other countries. Write a paper on your family's roots and movements from place to place. Trace your family as far back as you can.
- 5. A friendship between people who appear completely different from each other may seem incongruous. Do you know of such a friendship? Write a paper explaining the relationship and the qualities that seem contradictory. Tell what you think draws the friends to each other.
- 6. Have you ever had to behave in a clandestine manner to keep a surprise secret? Write about the surprise and what you had to do to hide it. Here's a sample main idea for this assignment: Because of a surprise party, I had to become a creative liar.

Chapter 13 (Ann's Love of Animals)

- 1. Some people advocate laws restricting smoking or drinking in public. Others have an antipathy toward rules restricting personal habits. Which group are you in, and why?
- 2. Have you ever felt emancipated when you finally finished doing something you utterly disliked? Explain what the circumstances were and how you handled them. Did you do something to celebrate your freedom?
- 3. Some governments have all-inclusive jurisdiction over the rights and behavior of their citizens. Tell what you think life must be like living under a highly restrictive government. How might you react to such a life?
- 4. Have you ever gotten lost in a forest or witnessed a violent crime? Write about the most precarious situation you've ever been in. Explain the circumstances, how you felt and reacted, and what eventually happened. Use vivid details to bring the experience to life for readers.
- 5. Some students become anxious when a new school term is **imminent**. Has this happened to you? After the term started, did you find that most of your fears were **preposterous**? Write a paper about your fears before and after school started.
- 6. Household members must learn to live with each other's idiosyncrasies. Write a paper on the peculiarities of the people you live with and how you all deal with them. You might use a main idea much like this one: My parents, my sister, and I have several idiosyncrasies we've learned to live with and even enjoy.

Chapter 14 (A Costume Party)

- 1. At the Academy Awards, some actresses always dress in a **provocative** manner. Why do you think they are so showy in their dress?
- 2. Mary Shelley's novel *Frankenstein*, the story of a scientist and his **grotesque** creation, has been made into a film several times. Why do you think this story continues to **mesmerize** people?
- 3. One company makes perfect facsimiles of famous paintings, down to the brushstrokes. The copies are sold for much less than the originals. Similarly, laboratory-produced gems are much cheaper than those found in nature. Why do you think people value the originals more than the less expensive copies?
- 4. Do you study best in a quiet, austere environment or a noisy, cluttered space—or something in between? Write a paper on the study setting you prefer. Describe the setting in detail, and tell why you feel it suits you.
- 5. Some students give only perfunctory attention to what happens in class. Write a letter to a teacher telling two or three ways class can be made more interesting for such students.
- 6. Write the first page or two of a short story, realistic or otherwise, about a **notorious** criminal who tries to undergo a **metamorphosis** in order to escape being recognized and caught by crime fighters.

Chapter 15 (The Missing Painting)

- 1. Group study can be helpful, but conversations may spring up that aren't germane to the study material. Do you prefer to study with friends or by yourself? Or does it depend on the circumstances? Discuss the pros and cons of both study methods, and give reasons for your preferences.
- 2. Even when people feel **contrite** about something they did, their apology may sound more like an excuse than regret. Think of examples. Why do you think it is difficult for some people to apologize?
- 3. To avoid being a verbose writer, watch for and eliminate unnecessary words. For practice, edit the following statements so that each is only four words: "Hattie was elected to the position of secretary." "At this point in time, I have need of a nap." "I really prefer the dark kind of chocolate." Why might connoisseurs of writing recommend this technique?
- 4. Were you ever so concerned about personal matters that you paid attention only superficially to your studies? Were you distraught when your limited studying led to low grades? Write about what prevented you from doing well in school and how things turned out.
- 5. Suppose you have a friend who refuses to recognize a problem with drugs or alcohol. Write a **lucid** letter that might get your friend to admit his or her **plight** and do something to overcome it.
- 6. Sometimes when nothing seems to go right, we may feel as though there's a **conspiracy** against us. Has this ever happened to you? Write about your experience and how it turned out.

Chapter 16 (An Ohio Girl in New York)

- 1. Tabloid writers and gossip shows are adept at appealing to people's interest in sordid events. Why do you think people are so attracted to the information these newspapers and shows offer?
- 2. Has a stint at a part-time or full-time job ever turned into a horrible experience for you? What were the circumstances? Did you quit the job or stick with it?
- 3. Some schools have a code that standardizes student dress. What reasons might they have for this requirement? How do you feel about dress codes, and why?
- 4. Some teachers have stringent standards, while others are easier to satisfy. Write a paper contrasting strict and lenient teachers. Explain, for instance, the differences in their assignments and grading methods. Also tell which type of teacher you prefer and why. You might use the following main idea: In my experience, a teacher is generally preferable to a. one.
- 5. Write a paper explaining which habit you would choose to **eradicate** if you could, and why. Go on to name two or three realistic methods you could use to get rid of, or at least weaken, that habit.
- 6. Imagine you are an **entrepreneur** opening a restaurant chain. Write a description of your business. Include the restaurant's name, theme, decor, and a general description of what the menu would **encompass**.

Chapter 17 (How Neat Is Neat Enough?)

- 1. When you were a child, did your parents **exhort** you to eat foods you found **repugnant?** What were these foods, and what did you do, if anything, to avoid eating them? How do you feel about these foods today?
- 2. People's **foibles**, though **innocuous**, can sometimes annoy others. What foibles do your roommates or family members have that sometimes irritate you? Which of your foibles annoy others?
- 3. Are you meticulous about keeping your room and belongings neat, or are you more casual with your environment? Describe what your fellow classmates would see if they were to enter your room right now.
- 4. Do you know, or know of, someone who is truly magnanimous? In a paper, describe that person and tell what he or she has done to deserve your opinion.
- 5. Sometimes people have an argument that escalates into ongoing recriminations and rancor that can last for years. Write a paper describing such a conflict and explaining what you think might be done to ease it.
- 6. Imagine a fictitious person who is very flamboyant. Write a paper describing this person's showy appearance and behavior. Also tell what this flamboyar ce might indicate about his or her nature.

Chapter 19 (Halloween Troubles)

- 1. What do you get a yen for that you know isn't good for you? Smoking? Junk food? Under what circumstances do you feel this craving? Describe any methods you use for overcoming the desire.
- 2. Advertisers often attempt to make noxious products like cigarettes and alcohol attractive to young people. What scenarios have you seen in ads that would particularly appeal to young viewers? Do you think these ads are successful? Why or why rot?
- 3. What abilities or traits do you think are integral to success in any field? Name these qualities and tell why you think they are so important. Who in private or public life do you think possesses these qualities?
- 4. Experience influences the connotations words have for us: For a pet lover, the word dog will have a positive meaning; for someone bitten by a dog, it may have negative overtones. Write a paper explaining the connotation one of the following words has for you: cat, automobile, boss, chocolate, rain, spider. Here's a sample main idea for this assignment: The word "rain" has pleasant connotations for me. Support your main idea with at least two personal experiences.
- 5. What do you feel is a big problem at your school? In a letter to a school administrator, write a proposal to create a coalition to deal with the problem. Explain who would make up the coalition, and how it might go about solving the problem.
- 6. Imagine a horror movie in which one or more diabolic creatures live in a dilapidated house into which someone has just moved. Write a review of that tilm, including colorful descriptions. Or, if you prefer, write a one- or two-page summary of the story.

Chapter 20 (Thomas Dooley)

- 1. When you were a child, did a special treat work as a panacea to cure emotional upsets? Is there a certain activity today—listening to music or talking to someone special—that you can count on to lift your blue moods?
- 2. Being objective is imperative for a judge and a jury, but it is also important in other areas of life. What are some situations when it's important for people to be objective? For instance, is objectivity important in hiring an employee? In choosing friends?
- 3. We are surrounded by utilitarian things: telephone wires, pencils, television sets, and so on. Name some objects that are *not* utilitarian and are kept solely for aesthetic reasons. Name some utilitarian things we may appreciate for their looks as well as for their usefulness.
- 4. No matter how much we like television, many of us deplore something about it. We may feel that it promotes poor values or that local news shows care more about ratings than news. Write a paper on what you most disapprove of about TV. Include detailed examples.
- 5. Did someone who tried to help you with a problem actually exacerbate the situation? Write about what happened and how you eventually handled your problem.
- 6. Have you ever worn a cast? How badly did your muscles atrophy while in the cast? Was physical therapy used to mitigate the muscle weakness? Write a paper about your experience. Tell why you needed to wear the cast and what problems or inconveniences you experienced while wearing it and after removing it.

Chapter 21 (Twelve Grown Men in a Bug)

- 1. When stressful situations leave you exhausted, do you wish you could get away for a while? If you could take an all-expenses-paid two-week vacation, where would you go and what would you do to rejuvenate yourself?
- 2. Some people feel exhilaration when running five iniles, whereas others feel it from beating a difficult computer game. What activity fills you with excitement? Explain its appeal to you.
- 3. What is the worst mess you've ever gotten yourself into? Have you ever made two appointments or dates for the same time and day, or agreed to do something and later wished you hadn't? Describe the situation, and explain how you managed to extricate yourself.
- 4. Have you ever been criticized by someone who espoused what you consider an old-fashioned sense of decorum? For instance, has a relative insisted that nose piercing is rude or that, it's wrong for females to call males for a date? Write a paper about your experience. Describe the situation, the other person's opinion, and your own point of view and reaction.
- 5. Did you ever want something so much that you paid what seemed like an **exorbitant** price for it? After the purchase, did you still feel it was worth what you paid? Do you or does someone you gave the item to still own it? Write about your experience. Be sure to describe what you bought in a way that shows your reader why you were willing to pay so much for it.
- 6. Imagine you write an advice column. A fifth grader who has moved to a new school district asks for your ideas on how to facilitate his or her adjustment to the new school. For your column, write a letter to that person.

Chapter 22 (Adjusting to a Group Home)

- 1. What are your favorite ways of **dissipating** tensions? Going for a walk? Jogging? Meditating? Why do your methods work so well for you?
- 2. Have you ever had a day when you felt completely **indolent**? Describe how you would ideally spend such a day.
- 3. Many people claim that prejudice is not **inherent** to our nature, but is taught. Do you agree? If so, who or what do you think are the primary teachers of racism? Where have you found **denunciations** of racism?
- 4. Write a paper explaining how easy or difficult it has been for you to assimilate into new situations, such as a new school or a new neighborhood. Tell if some situations are easier for you than others and if such adjustments have gotten easier over time.
- 5. Write a paper about a belligerent person you've known. Tell about one or more situations in which the person's aggressiveness was a key element. You might begin with a main idea like this: My neighbor Mr. X seems to be constantly harassing my family and other neighbors.
- 6. Was a unilateral decision that involved you but excluded your input ever made by family or friends? Write about the situation, describing what happened and how you felt about not having a say in the decision.

Chapter 23 (A Different Kind of Doctor)

- 1. Some patients who receive placebo remedies report good results, even cures. What do you think could account for these results?
- 2. Throughout history, the power of persuasion emanated from some people so strongly that they were able to influence masses of people. Name some of those people. Did any use their abilities for subversive purposes? Explain.
- 3. In focusing on the whole person, what might a holistic physician do that other doctors often do not do? For instance, what life changes might they suggest?
- 4. Are you a staunch fan of a particular sports team? Write a paper explaining what you like about that team. Give examples for all your claims.
- 5. Were you ever wrongly accused of doing something? If so, were you able to vindicate yourself? Write a paper explaining the accusation and its effects upon you. Describe in detail the way you were—or were not—cleared of blame. Feel free to use this main idea: I learned the hard way how important it is to be careful in making accusations.
- 6. Are you good at tennis? An expert baker? Write a paper on an activity in which you feel especially **proficient**. Describe the skill, and tell how you came to acquire it and what place it takes in your life now. Conclude by explaining whether you intend to use the skill in a career or as a hobby.

Chapter 25 (My Devilish Older Sister)

- 1. Do you so dislike certain activities, such as exercise or doing laundry, that you find ways to forestall doing them? Tell which activities you dislike, why you dislike them so much, and what delaying actions you take.
- 2. Did your parents ever ask you questions like "Where are you going?" and "Who else will be there?" How do young people react to being interrogated in this fashion? Are those reactions justified? Why or why not?
- 3. Do wonderful odors permeate your home at certain times of the year, such as particular holidays or seasons? Identify the aromas and the special times with which you associate them.
- 4. Has anything happened to you at a particularly opportune time? For instance, did you get a job offer just when you needed more money? Did you meet someone special right after breaking up with someone else? Write a paper describing one such time in your life, making clear just why the timing of the event was so good. Alternatively, write about an inopportune, or ill-timed, event in your life.
- 5. Are you good friends with someone despite **disparities** in your opinions, ages, and/or backgrounds? Write about your relationship, explaining the differences between you and how you both handle them so that your friendship is maintained. Has anyone **insinuated** that your friendship is inappropriate? If so, also tell how you deal, with the objection.
- 6. Have you ever wished to be **omnipotent**? Write a paper describing what you would do and why if you were all-powerful for a day. Include any **retributions** you would like to give out.

Chapter 26 (Harriet Tubman)

- 1. Imagine you are asked right now to give an **impromptu** speech defending this point: Sports help society. Give one example, fact, or personal experience you could use to support that point.
- 2. When you get dressed in the morning, are you fastidious about choosing accessories to complement your outfit? Or are you more casual about your day's attire? Picture this outfit: black shirt, black pants, and black shoes. Name one piece of clothing or jewelry for a male or a female that you feel would complement that outfit.
- 3. Do you trust your instincts? Tell about a time when you did *not* follow your **intuition** and wished that you had, or a time you *did* follow your instincts and you were, or were not, glad.
- 4. On New Year's Day, many people decide to begin a self-improvement program. The inference is that if they make a New Year's resolution, they will stick with the plan, yet it is often soon forgotten. Have you ever made a resolution (at any time of the year) and actually followed through? Write a paper explaining the resolution and how you implemented it. Or write about a resolution you might make in the future and the ways you could carry it out.
- 5. Have you ever asked a friend or family member to be **discreet** about some information and then discovered it was told to others? Write a paper about your experience and how you handled it.
- 6. Write the first page or two of a novel about an evil character who flouts society's rules. Describe the character and a heinous plan he or she is working on.

Chapter 27 (Tony's Rehabilitation)

- 1. Judges sometimes require people who have **transgressed** but are not violent to **redeem** themselves by doing community work. Do you think community work is a fair punishment? What are the advantages and disadvantages of such a penalty?
- 2. Some people believe that certain astrological signs are auspicious and plan their days accordingly. Do you believe in astrology? Give your opinion and the reasons you feel as you do.
- 3. What do you do to expedite unpleasant chores such as housecleaning or yard work? Explain your methods and why they are helpful to you.
- 4. Have extenuating circumstances ever caused you to miss an important test or appointment? Write a paper a-bout the experience. Describe the circumstances, the reaction to your missing the test or appointment, and what happened in the end.
- 5. Did you ever harshly **rebuke** someone and later regret it and try to remedy the situation? Write a paper about the experience. Or write about a time you were at the receiving end of **vehement** criticism.
- 6. What kind of boss would you want to be? Imagine that you are a boss and have asked the workers subordinate to you to evaluate your performance anonymously. Write an evaluation you would like to see.

Chapter 28 (Rumors)

- 1. What do you think are the reasons macabre movies are so popular? Give some examples. What do you think of such movies, and how do you respond to them?
- 2. Children sometimes fabricate stories, especially when they think they've done something that might get them into trouble. How do you think parents should handle this behavior?
- 3. Some people are frightened by turbulent storms, while others enjoy a lot of lightning and thunder. What is your reaction to violent weather? If you have a pet, how does it react to thunderstorms?
- 4. Have you ever been in a quandary because you wanted to do something your family disapproved of? For example, you might have wanted to buy a car, but your parents wanted you to use the money for college. Write a paper explaining the predicament and the decision you made.
- 5. Has anyone ever **derided** or criticized something that was of **paramount** importance to you, such as your choice of friends, jobs, or extracurricular activities? Write about the experience, including how you reacted to the ridicule or criticism.
- 6. Write a paper in which you validate one of the following italicized statements with at least two persuasive pieces of evidence—facts, examples, or reasons from your personal experience and common sense. About everything bad there is something good. School uniforms are a good (or a bad) idea. Music classes benefit students.

D. List of Words and Word Parts

Note: Word parts are in italics.

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