English romanticism

Prominent English Romantics:

First phase of Romantics: Second Phase of Romantics:

William Wordsworth Sir Walter Scott
Samuel Taylor Coleridge John Keats
William Blake Lord Byron

Percy Bysshe Shelley and Mary shelley

Time span:

1790s to 1830s

kick-off point:

The joint publication of LYRICAL BALLADS in 1798 by William Wordsworth and Samuel Taylor Coleridge

Tenets/principles

NATURE: innocence and the picturesque, the use of the elements of nature in literary innovation.

SUBJECTIVITY: human feeling and emaotions are primary

THE PRIMACY OF THE INDIVIDUAL: as opposed to conventional submisson to the group and its traditions

FREEDOM OR LIBERTY: the sanctity of human dignity and freedom from tyranny and convention.

IMAGINATION: the instrument of literary creation as opposed to reason

Historical background:

A reactionary intellecual attitude against the Enlightenement and 18th cen. rationalism.

Germany and France were the birth places of Romanticism.

Influencer thinkers of this movement at its start were: Jean Jacques Rousseau and Johann Von Goethe.