
Linked Lists

Consider the following data structure (linked list) :

Type

```
linked_list = Record
    el : element_type;
    Next :↑ linked_list;
End;
List =↑ linked_list;
```

Write the following procedures :

1. **Procedure** insert_begin(v : element_type; **var** l : List); which insert an element v at the beginning of the list l .
2. **Procedure** insert_end(v : element_type; **var** l : List); which insert an element v at the end of the list l .
3. **Procedure** delete_begin(**var** v : element_type; **var** l : List); which delete the first of a list l . v will contains the value of the deleted element.
4. **Procedure** delete_end(**var** v : element_type; **var** l : List); which delete the last element of the list l . v will contains the value of the deleted element.
5. Use the previous operations to accomplish :
 - (a) a procedure to transfer the elements of an array T of N real numbers into a linked list L .
Procedure array2list(T : array [N] of real; **var** L : list);
 - (b) a procedure of a reverse transfer (list to array).
Procedure list2array(**var** L : list; **var** T : array [N] of real);
 - (c) a sub-program to sort a list L .
 - (d) a sub-program to merge two ordered lists L_1 and L_2 in a third list L which will be also sorted.
6. Let L be a sorted linked list. Write :
 - (a) **Procedure** insert(v : element_type; **var** L : list); which insert the value v in the list L so that the list remains sorted.
 - (b) **Procedure** delete(v : element_type; **var** L : list); which deletes v from the list L .

Stacks and Queues

Exercise 1 Write an algorithm that displays the elements of a linear linked list in reverse order using a stack.

Exercise 2 A post-fixed arithmetic expression is an expression where the operands are placed before the operators.

Example : the expression $((a + b + c) * (a * b/c))/c$ is expressed as follows : $ab + c + ab * c / * c /$

1. Represent the following expressions in post-fixed form :

- $a + b, (a + b)/d$
- $((c + d) + (d - e)) + 5$
- $-(a + b) + (5 + b)c$
- $((a + b) + (c - d))/5$

2. Give the algorithm that evaluates a post-fixed arithmetic expression. We assume that the latter is in an array whose elements are of type : (Value, Type (operator or operand)).

Exercise 3 A queue with priority is one where elements are characterized by a service priority : an element of higher priority is served even if it is not arrived first.

- a. Describe the structures necessary to implement this model using lists.
- b. Write the Enqueue and Dequeue procedures for this model.
- c. Explain how can we implement a stack using a queue with priority.
- d. Explain how can we implement an ordinary queue using a queue with priority.