

Lessons questions

Write the right answer:

I. What is the nature of the physical quantity X if $[X] = ML^2 T^2$

a. Work b. Force c. Power

II. If **f** is a scalar function and \vec{A} , \vec{B} and \vec{C} are arbitrary vectors **S** surface between 2 vectors, **V** volume between 3 vectors

| 1. | $\overrightarrow{grad}f =$ | a. | $\vec{\nabla} f$ | b. | $\vec{\nabla} X f$ | c. | $\overrightarrow{\nabla} \cdot f$ |
|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| 2. | $divec{A}$ | a. | $ec{ abla}\cdotec{A}$ | b. | $\vec{\nabla} X \vec{A}$ | c. | $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{\nabla}$ |
| 3. | S = | a. | $\vec{A}X\vec{B}$ | b. | $\left \vec{A} X \vec{B} \right $ | c. | $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$ |
| 4 | V= | a. | $\vec{A}.(\vec{B}X\vec{C})$ | b. | <i>ĂXBXĈ</i> | c. | $\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} \cdot \vec{C}$ |

III. The work is:

| $w = \Delta K$ | w=- ΔK | w=-∆Ep |
|----------------|----------------|--------|
| | | |

Exercise 1

The kinetic energy of an object of mass, \mathbf{m} moving with a velocity of 5 ms⁻¹ is 25 J.

- What will be its kinetic energy when its velocity is doubled?
- Calculate the work for $V_i\!=\!5$ (m. s) and $V_f\!=\!\!2V_i$

Exercise 2

The rectilinear motion of a material point is defined by the following equation

$$S = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t + 1$$

- Calculate the velocity and the acceleration.
- Study the motion of the point as t∈[0,+∞-] [, by indicating the direction of motion and whether it is accelerating or decelerating