

**Mohamed Khider Biskra University**  
**Faculty of Exact Sciences and SNV**  
**Biology department**

**Module: Biostat**  
**university year:2023/2024**  
**Level: 1<sup>ère</sup> Licence**

## Serie N01

**Exercise 01:** Determine the domain for each of the following functions (le domaine de définition):

$$1. f_1(x) = \sqrt{x - x^3}; 2. f_2(x) = \sqrt[3]{x + 1}; 3. f_3(x) = \frac{1}{4-x^2}.$$

$$4. f_4(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}; 5. f_5(x) = \ln\left(\frac{2+x}{2-x}\right); 6. f_6(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2-2}{(x-1)(x+1)}}$$

**Exercise 02:** Find the limit of the following functions:

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{3-\sqrt{x+5}}{1-\sqrt{5-x}}; 2. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 4x + 3} - (x + 2)); 3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right).$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (3x^2 - x^2 \sin(x)); 5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\exp(x)}{1-x}; 6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\exp(x)-1}{\ln(x+1)}.$$

**Exercise 03:**

I- Discuss (Etudier) the continuity of the following functions:

$$1. f_1(x) = \frac{x^2}{x-2};$$

$$2. f_2(x) = \ln\left(\frac{2+x}{2-x}\right)$$

II- Can we extend by continuity at the point  $x_0 = 0$  the following functions. (Peut-on

prolonger par continuité au point  $x_0 = 0$  les fonctions suivantes):

$$1. g(x) = \frac{1-\cos(x)}{x^2};$$

$$2. \ h(x) = \frac{\exp(x) - \exp(-x)}{x}$$

**Exercise 04:** Let  $f$  a function defined by:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{2x}{1+x^2} & \text{if } x \in [-1, 0[ \\ \sqrt{x} & \text{if } x \in [0, 3] \end{cases}$$

1. Determine if the function  $f$  is continuous and differentiable at the points:  $x_0 = -1, x_0 = 0$  and  $x_0 = 3$ .
2. Discuss the continuity and differentiability of  $f$  in its domain of definition.
3. Determine  $f'(x)$  at the points where it is differentiable.